



Unit 1 Getting Away



Key Vocabulary



Ecotourism	السياحة البيئية	unique	فريد/لامثيل له
endangered	مهدد/معرض للانقراض	sustainable.	دائم/مستمر
isolated	معزول	environment	البيئة
impact	تاثير/يوثر في	materials	المواد
lean	يعتمد على / يميل(ينحني)	trek	يقوم برحلة شاقة (على الاقدام)
swell up	يتورم/ينتفخ	spicy	كثير التوابل (متبل)
conservationist	المحافظ على البيئة	ecosystem	النظام البيئي

Important vocabulary lessons 1.2

	iportant rocasa		
destination		orangutan	انسان الغاب
beach	شاطیء	spider	عنكبوت
coast	ساحل	alone	وحيدا
design	يصمم		وحيدا متطوع
damage	يدمر/يتلف	biology	علم الأحياء
Coral reefs	الشعاب المرجانية	bioloist	عالم احياء
avoid	يتجنب	Bite(bit-bitten)	يعض
dragon	التنين	disaster	كارثة
develop	يطور/ينمي		مرشد سیاحی حشرات
educate	يعلم/يثقف	inscets	حشرات
island	جزيرة		رحلة طيران داخلية
Lemurs	ليمور(من القردة)	observe	يراقب/يرصد
exist	يوجد	luggage	امتعة/حقائب
including	متضمنا	properly	بشكل مناسب
hill	تل	rainforest	الغابات المطيرة
Fortunately	لحسن الحظ	attractions	اماكن الجذب
limited	محدود	Cruise ships	سفن رحلات سياحية
natural	طبيعى	effect	تاثیر یشجع سکان /مقیمون خاص خاص سیاح مهتمین بالبیئة یحجز
path	ممر	encourage	يشجع
remote places	اماكن نائية/بعيدة	population	سكان
rebuild	يعيد بناء	residents	سكان /مقيمون
provide	يمد/يزود	Special	خاص
protect	يحمى		سياح مهتمين بالبيئة
souvenir	هدية تذكارية	Book=reserve	يعجز
wildlife	الحياة البرية	annoyed	متضايق
summarise	يلخص		شخص صعب الأرصاء في الأكل
turtle	سلحفاة	narrow	ضيق
local	محلی	solution	ضيق حل ڪرنفال/مهرجان مجلس پتاڪد
tourism	السياحة	carnival	گرنفال/مهرجان
plaza	ميدان/ساحة	council	مجلس
popular	محبوب/شعبي	make sure	يتأكد
pollution	التلوث		الغابة
the second of the second	*		





lessons 3.4

hotel	فندق	lettuce	خس
balcony	بلكونة	grow	يزرع/ينمو
brilliant	لامع/مشرق	maybe	ربما
load	يحمل		برنامج
weather	الطقس	expect	يتوقع
spend	يقضى	during	خلال
excited	مثار	order	يرتب/ترتيب
teenager	مراهق	expensive	غالى
resort	منتجع	A bit=a little	قليلا
relaxing	مريح	airport	مطار
amazing	مدهش	quiet	هادی
underwater	تحت الماء	peaceful	سلمى/هادىء
ancient	قدیم/اثری	Europe	اوروبا
temple	معبد	Portugal	البرتغال
actually	فعلا/حقا	restaurant	مطعم
fascinate	يبهر/يفتن	steal	مطعم يسرق
bored	ملان	cousin	ابن العم/الخال
awful	مخيف/مرعب	upset	منزعج/قلق
grandparents	الاجداد	exotic	غریب/غیر عادی
village	قرية	crowded	مزدحم
tiny	صغير	modern	حدیث
garden	حديقة منزل	active	نشيط
vegetables	خضروات	noisy	مزعج

Expressions & Prepositions

Environmently friendly	صديق للبيئة /	Do something differen	يفعل شيء مختلف t
Impact on	تاثیر علی	arrange to	يرتب ان
famous for	مشهور ب	Busy with	مشغول مع
Advantages of	مزایا ل	Make good use of	يستغل
care for	يهتم ب	watch a programme	يشاهد برنامج
benefit from	يستفيد من	grow vegetables	يزرع خضروات
parts of	اجزاء من	walk around	يتجول
Educateabout	يعلم عن	photograph the castle	يصور القلعة
close to	قریب من	sail along	يبحر على طول
On the second day	في اليوم الثاني	For lunch	على الغداء
blowoff	يطير (شيئا)	the sun goes down	الشمس تغرب
Take a photo	يتقط صورة	most of the time	معظم الوقت
Get away	يذهب في اجازة	Have a hobby	لديه هوايه
At least	على الاقل	هروج Be (stuck)	عالق/یر قادر علی ا
Make notes	يدون ملاحظات	Over the moon	سعيد جد



Keepsafe	يحافظ على الامان	Loads of	كميات/كثير من	
Popular with	مشهورب	Have a holiday	ياخذ اجازة	
Find out about	يكتشف	Manage to	يتمكن من	
catch a flight to	يركب يالطائرة لي	Introduce to J	يقدم	

Words.synonyms and antonyms

Word	المعنى	Synonym المرداف	antonym	الضاد		
avoid	يتجنب	Avert/evade	face/seek/confront	يواجه		
develop	يطور/ينمي	Promote/evolve	Decline/decrease	يتدهور		
exist	يوجد	Remain/survive	Vanish/pass away	يختفى		
famous	مشهور	well known	Unknown/anonymous	غير مشهور		
fortunately	لحسن الحظ	luckily	unfortunately/unluckily	لسؤء الحظ		
giant	عملاق/ضخم	colossal/gigantic	tiny/minute	ضئيل الحجم		
isolated	معزول	Remote/faraway	close/near	قريب		
limited	محدد/محدود	restricted	Unrestricted/absolute	غير محدود		
natural	طبیعی /عادی	normal/ordinary	abnormal/extraordinary	غير عادي		
sustainable	دائم/مستمر	continual/continuous	Temporary/momentary	مؤقت		
unique	مميز/فريد من	exceptional	normal/ordinary	عادي		
	نوعه					
active	نشيط	energetic	inactive/idle	كسول		
amazing	مدهش/مذهل	astonishing	Believable/credible	يمكن		
				تصديقه		
ancient	قديم	old	modern/new/recent	حديث		
beautiful	جميل	pretty	Ugly/nasty/unattractive	قبيح		
boring	ممل	dull	Exciting/interesting	مثير		
busy	مشغول	crowded	Empty/hollow	فارغ		
fascinating	خلاب	Charming/attractive	Boring/dull/tiresome	ممل		
calm	هادىء	Quiet/silent	nervous/upset	متوتر/عصبی		
exotic	غريب	Unusual /strange	Familiar/ordinary	عادي/مالوف		

Definitions

conservationist	a person who takes an active part in the protection of the environment	
ecotourism	organised holidays so that the tourists don't damage the environment	
endangered	to be put in a situation in which they could be harmed or dama	aged
environment	the natural world in which people animals and plants live	
impact	the powerful effect that something has on someone or someth	ning 🗼
isolated	far away from any others	(40)
material	a substance that things can be made of	103
lean	to bend or move from a vertical position	
sustainable	involving natural products and energy that doesn't harm the environment	<u>-</u>

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unique	very special or unusual / being the only of its kind .
trek	to make a long or difficult journey on foot

Language notes

مثل الوقوف او الجلوس مثلا) 1-position وطيفة/ مكانة /مركز في المعلب	She is in the enviable position of having three job offers. Fist, get yourself into a comfortable position		
موقع/مكان (للتصوير مثلا) Location	Most of the movie was shot on location in Africa. His apartment is in a really good location.		
موقع اثرى/بناء – الكتروني site	He managed to get himself a job on a building site. There are numerous historic sites to visit.		
مكان /وجهة سفر destination	Scotland is a popular destination for conferences.		
	<u>2-weather climate</u>		
<u>Weather</u>	الطبقس:- حالة الجومن مطرو رياح و ثلوج في فترة معينة		
What will the weather be like tomorrow?			
Climate	المنساخ على مدار العام :		
The climate of Egypt is t	fine all the year round.		
مهدد/معرض للانقراض 3-Endangered	The lizards are classed as an endangered species		
يعرض للخطر Endanger	Smoking endangers your health.		
Danger خطر	The danger of a fire in the home increases during the holidays.		
عقيم (للدة) stay for يقيم مع (شخص) stay for عقيم في (مكان) 4 – stay in/at			
② -It was cold and wet outside so we <u>stayed at</u> home ③ We're going to <u>stay with</u> my grandparents on their farm.			
5- go + V. ing	/ go for + a (noun) يذهب ل		

≥ like to go shopping with my friend. ≥ Let's go for a walk.

6- stop + (V.ing)

♦You must stop talking in the class.

I can drive	a car
g) Or مصدر inf.	هذه الافعال ياتي بعد
عندما ندرك جزء من الحدث	
عندما ندرك الحدث كله	
	g) Or مصدر inf. عندما ندرك جزء من الحدث

شاعل بالمل bored مهتم interested امثار bored

ممل boring/شيق interesting/مثير exciting

▶i'm so excited to visit Egypt.. ▶I'm bored with my job

لاحظ ان الصفات التي تنتهي ب ed تعود على من يقع عليه الحدث (غالبا الاشخاص)

➤ Messi is an <u>amazing</u> player. E.g. The match was exciting.

اما الصفات التي تنتهي ب ing تعود على من / ما يسبب الحدث او الشعور سواء (شيء او شخص)

يشجع على: مصدر + to +....شخص او مفعول ...ade :

My parents encouraged me to study medicine.

مشهور كـــ. famous.... for * famous in مشهور في ... * famous * مشهور بــــ * famous.... *

♦ He is famous for his honesty.
♦ He became famous in Egypt.

المنتص أن يفعل شيء أيذكر شخص أن يفعل شيء أيدكر شخص أن يفعل شيء أيدكر شخص أن يفعل شيء أيدكر شخص أن يفعل ألم الم ذكر بشيء أو شخص remind+ object + of #

➤Please remind me to post this letter. →This souvenir reminds me of the last trip.

يتذكرتلقاء نفسه remember –

ımber, ≻l	Remember to take your P.E. clothe	s to school
		1 188 1800
* *		
inglish.	The story is very interesti	ing
	شيء + with مفعول help –	
•	He helped me with homework	
	•	
-		
	you want anything else?	
•		
and basketball ar	e based on teamwork and cooperation	1
	•	
• 0	pollution on the environment.	
	environment.	
	an angre	
	energy.	
	ntains a number of original artwo	rks.
	_	
Ť	•	
The thief stol	e her bag .The thief stole my money	<i>'</i> .
bushes.		
yet.		
The house was	crowded with guests	
<u>la f</u> easts, streets	and parks are overcrowded	
Overcrowding is	a serious problem in cities	
Overcrowding (n) الزحام او التكدس Overcrowding is a serious problem in cities Crowd (n) جمع /حشد م الناس There's a crowd of students near the school gate.		
Thousands of pe	ople crowded to welcome the winnin	g team 🗼
He hit his head	and soon it swelled up.	(40) (1)
		C. C.
		42 000
Water in the rive	r has swollen because of the floo	ds 🤭
	erested in المحتلفة	English. The story is very interesting with + ישני with he helped me with homework lost = go missing = lose way ישני ושלעי e, help me to find it. he jungle.



2 - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -	Car SC Mark	
ورم او التهاب في Swelling (in/on)	She has a painful swelling in her hand	
Swollen (adj) متورم/ملتهب	His knee is swollen	
بلاج (الجزء الرملي عند حافة البحر) 25.Beach	By nine o'clock the beach was already crowded with people.	
شاطىء البحر او البحيرة	he boat was about a mile from the shore when the engine suddenly s	topped
ساحل Coast	Marina is located on the north coast of Egypt,	
ضفة النهر او القناة ضفة النهر او	They walked home along the river bank.	
هدية تذكارية 26.Souvenir	I bought a model of the Eiffel Tower as a souvenir of Paris,	
نعة/جائزة /يمنح (جائزة اوaward	The scientist won an award for discovering a new medicine He was awarded his PHD last week.	
كافيءِ أو مكافأة على (مقابلreward* وك او عمل جيد)	Demands offer all a their abilitions accorded for a section constant	
Present/gift هدية بدون مقابل	He gave me a present on my birthday party	
جائزة (نقدية او مائية) Prize	My friend won a prize in a poetry competition	
وحید/بمفرده (صفة/ظرف) 27.alone لاتاتی قبل اسم	-You shouldn't leave a child alone in the houseNo one lives with him. He lives alone.	
يشعر بالوحدة/ منعزل(صفة) Lonely	-After his wife's death, he felt lonely.	

من نوع خاص/ متميز (28-Special (= not ordinary

مناسبة خاصة special occasion اهتمام خاص special occasion مناسبة خاصة

♦The government gives special care to reclaiming the desert. ♦This is a special kind of cloth.

(apposite: public ملك او خاص بشخص او عائلة او مجموعة

a private school مستشفى خاص a private hospital مدرسة خاصة

Our house has a private garden. He didn't want to discuss his private life.

Reading

lesson 1

What is ecotourism

Ecotourism is about providing holidays to places which are often **endangered** and isolated. The holidays are designed to have a limited **impact** on the local **environment** and to educate tourists about conservation.

Madagascar is famous for its ecotourism and wants to protect its ecosystem (the animals and plants in its environment). 80% of the animals, and 90% of the plants that live there don't exist anywhere else in the word. Lemurs, for example, only live in Madagascar



Egypt is developing ecotourism to protect the environments along the Red Sea coast. Tourists can stay in hotels built of environmentally friendly natural materials. friendly natural materials. When tourists go diving they are taught how to avoid damaging the fish and corals.



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The Galapagos Islands in **Ecuador** are famous for the **unique** animals, such as the giant turtles which live there. Ecuador makes sure that tourism is **sustainable**. Only a limited number of people can visit islands each year, so the animals and their environment are safe



The Komodo National Park in **Indonesia** is a popular ecotourism destination. Much of Indonesia's endangered wildlife, including the Komodo dragon, can only be found here. The National Park is also famous for its beach with pink sand.



Lesson 3

This is me on our hotel balcony in Sharm El-Sheikh. It's brilliant here and there are loads of things to do. I'm so excited to visit Egypt. The weather's really hot so we spend most of the time in the water.



My sister and I are learning to dive with some other teenagers at the resort. I love diving; it's so relaxing and you can see all these amazing fish in the sea. I want to get an underwater camera so I can take photos of them.

Last week we were in Luxor and visited the ancient temples there. I'm not usually interested in history, but I actually found them fascinating and am really glad we went.

Day 10 of my summer holidays! I'm so bored – all my friends are away or busy with their family and I'm stuck here at home. The weather's awful and there's nothing to do.



Last week I went to stay with my grandparents for a few days which was nice, but they live in a tiny village with no shops. I was helping Granddad in his garden most of the time. He grows all his own vegetables – he says it's cheaper than buying them.

Maybe I'll try and grow some lettuce in our garden when it stops raining. I was watching a programme on TV this morning about gardening— maybe I'll have a new hobby!

Lara's holiday:

Last year we went to Europe to visit my cousins in Portugal. On the first day, my uncle met us at the airport and drove us to the old part of town. We walked around Lisbon and I took lots of photos. As I was photographing the castle, my little brother started crying. He was eating an ice cream and a bird stole it! He was very upset. Next, my uncle decided to take us to a restaurant for lunch. After that, we went to the shops, they are a bit expensive but my mum was

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happy. Finally, we sailed along the river to see the sun going down. It was beautiful and very relaxing. It's very quiet and peaceful.

Listening:

Luca:	Last summer I decided not to go on holiday to Greece with my friends, but do something different.
Klara:	So where did you go?
Luca :	Well, as I'm studying Biology I thought I'd go to Indonesia to find out more about the orangutans there. So, I booked a holiday with an ecotourism company and went to Borneo.
Klara:	What was it like?
Luca:	A bit of a disaster although I did love the rainforests. When we got to Jakarta, we caught an internal flight to Borneo, but my luggage never arrived so, I had to buy new clothes. The next morning, we took a boat up the river to the orangutan centre and while I was leaning out of the boat to take photos, I dropped my camera.
Klara:	Oh, no. Did you manage to get it back?
Luca :	No way, the river's really deep, so I just had to leave it, but I was very annoyed, but at least I had my phone. It took two days to get to the centre so while we were sitting on the boat, the guide told us all about the orangutans and what the conservationists are doing there. It sounded really exciting. When we arrived, the guide introduced us to the people working there and then we had dinner.
Klara:	What was the food like?
Luca:	It was mainly rice and vegetables, but they were very spicy. I don't like spicy food, so I only ate the rice. By the end of the week, I was eating the vegetables and fish though I was so hungry.
Klara :	Well. I'm glad to hear you're not such a fussy eater anymore. What did you do every day?
Luca :	We got up about six every morning as that's when the sun rises, had breakfast and then trekked into the forest to learn about the orang-utans from the people who are looking after them.
Klara:	Did you feed them?
Luca:	No, they're wild animals, not pets. We just observed them, made notes and took photos. We also learnt about other animals, birds and insects in the rainforests. Unfortunately, at the end of the first week, a spider bit me while I was sleeping and my are swelled up.
Klara:	So what happened?
Luca :	I had to go to hospital- but as the nearest hospital was 200 km away, I had to go by helicopter. I stayed there for a week all alone and then went back to the centre, but as soon as I got back I was ill. One of the tourists was making the dinner that night and he wasn't a good cook. He didn't clean the fish properly and everybody was sick. I'm staying at home this summer.

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1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

O.C.					34
1- Pollution not	onlyour he	alth but also o	ur environment.		
a- helps	•	c- aids			
2- We took	of photos dur	ing our Nile Cr	uise.	_	
a- lots	b- loads	c- plentiful	d- money	e- several	
3- This part of to	own is famous	s for being			
a- quiet				e- noisy	
4- Something do	escribed as "e	exotic" is			
a- ordinary	b- usual	c- familiar	d- unusual	e- unfamiliar	
5- Nature reserv	es help to	endangered ar	nimals.		
a- safe		c- book		e- eliminate	
6- Covid-19 has					
a- impact					
7- The weather					
a- nice			d- final	e- fine	
8. The antonyms					
a- polluted	b-populated	c- blocked	d- busy	e-clouded	
9.I always feel	relaxed with n	ny mother. The	antonyms of "r	elaxed" are	
				e-peaceful	
-	•			s. The synonyms	
of the word"gia	nt" are	•	•		
a) tiny b) minute	c) small	d) gigantic	e) colossal	
				ms of the word "ave	oid"
are					
a) seek b) deliver	c)face	d) depart	e) decrease	
12. Fingerprints	are unique to	every individu	ial The synony	ms of the word "un	ique"
are					
				e) restricted	
_	ter crashed in	a remote dese	rt area. The ant	onyms of the word"	remote"
are					
				e) near	
				f the word"active"a	
a) inactive b		c) energetion		ng e) dynami	
_				the word beautiful"	are
, ,	ug y	c)glad	d) awful	e)sad	
			es in the world.	The antonyms of	
the word fascin	•				
a) exciting b)) dull	c) charmin	g d) boring	e) astonish	ing
1- choose th	e correct an	swer from a,l	o,c or d		
			orld, which we	need to save	
a) endangered			c) insulated	d) popular	* K
100 (CA) (A) (A)	•		,	ter etc. in which pec	nle
animals and p		a ai oaila ao e.	g. 14114, 411, Wat	tor oto. III willon pet	, pro,
a) Environmer		onservation	c) Coral reef	d) Destinat	ion
Charles and the second				areas that are far a	TV7.12
		ourism			
J	~, .	- ·· · - · • •	-, 	-,	AND REAL PROPERTY.

M .			A. S. C.	h
4-Ais someo	ne who works to pr	otect animals, plants etc.	or to protect old 👫	5
buildings.	•	, •	**	
	b) physiatrist	c) conservationist	d) psychiatrist	
5-The Komodo dr	agon isto l	ndonesia [.] It doesn't live ar	ywhere else.	
		c) private		
6-The explorers s	pent the day	.through forests and over	mountains.	
		c) developing		
		started toup as he was		
player.	,	•	,	
	b) swell	c) extend	d) refresh	
8-During my first	month here. I felt te	erriblyas I lived alone.		
		c) existed		
9-The Galapagos Is	slands in Ecuador a	re famous the	unique animals	
a. about	b. to	c. in d. for		
		eting to discuss the enviro		
global warming.		_		
a) impacts	b) affections	c) results	d) destinations	
		oort, butour plane wa		
a) unfortunately	b) unlikely	c) fortunately	d) unluckily	
12-It is important	to only use local	c) fortunately	ding an eco-hotel.	
		c) elements		
		st ofas she likes wo		
a) volunteers	b) experts	c) professionals	d) veterans	
14-He was	on the bri	idge, watching the boats g	o by.	
a. training	b. leaning	c. loaning	d. hirina	
		when the wind blew my hat		
a) on	b) of	c)off	d)out	
		e you lock the door behind		
		e)take		
		port. I like it very much.	u/give	
a) environment	b) environme	ntalist c) environmental	d) environmentally	
		people can visit islands ea		
a. Lonely		c. Alone	d. Lone	
19- One of the ma	nv advantages	living in New York is	that you can eat out	
at almost any time	_		that you oun out out	
a) with	b)of	c)from	d) by	
20-Swia is in a/an	part of the co	ountry, about 750kilometre	es west of Cairo.	
a-abroad	b-aboard	c-nearby d-re	mote	
		oulation of the city. It was s		
a less	b decrease	c grow d	increase	
22-Lizards are cla	assified as an	species because there are	so few of them.	
a) impact		c) isolated		
, ,	, ,	ne rice a flavour	, .	
			spicy	
The state of the s	•	nes with a certificate sayir	7-71-576)
from forest				it.
The state of the s		c) tricky	d) fun	
	•	got to buy bread on my wa	25.77	S
	b) glad	=	d) hungry	No.
	, -	, -	,	

OCICha haa a da			an Alainana	1
	egree inas she			-
a) geology	b) blology	c) anthropolog	gy d) sociology I the environment.	24
27. Pollution ha	is a bad impact	people and	the environment.	
a. on	b. at	c. in	d. with	
	toaw			
	b-take			
29- He tried to	a flight to New \	York to attend the c	onference.	
a) catch	b) miss ercise can	c) ride	d) get off	
30- Physical exe	ercise can	you against heart	disease.	
	b-prevent			
31-At the borde	er you will be asked a	bout yourand	how long you plan to stay.	
a)location	b) destination	c) position	d)site	
32-The palm tre	esthe shore sv	wayed in the wind.		
a Hong	b) a long	c) along	d) longer	
33-He bought a	model of a red Lond	on bus as aof	his trip to London.	
a) prize b	o) present	c) reward	d) souvenir	
34-Sometimes I	enjoy my English les	ssons, but at other	times I find them really	
	b) calm			
35-We had a/an	afternoon wit	thout the children's	s noise.	
a) modem	b) crowded	c) peaceful	d) active	
			from his former boss.	
			d) accusing	
37- He was stan	nding three metres	from the bom	b when it exploded	
	b) close			
	ong the river to see tl			
a_went	h-anina	c-to ao	d-goes	
39-The afternoo	b-going on is then yours to <u>ex</u>	nlore this	city	
a-faccinating	h-fascinated	c-fascinate	d-fascination	
40 It's	to learn a	bout now places	u-lascillation	
	b. interest			
			. here at home doing it.	
			d. stuck	
42. Wuch of Ind	onesia"s endangere	a	can only be found here.	
a. long lite	b. wildlife the c	c. litetime	d. deadline	
	b. toxic			
	its go diving, they ar	e how to	o avoid damaging the fish a	and
corals.				
	b. studied	_	d. brought	
	diving on the o			
,	b) played	,		
47. On school trip	ps, the older childre	n care the	younger ones.	
a) of	b) with	c) on	d) for	
48-When wild pl	lants, they de	evelop in a natural v	vay without any man's help	1.36
	b) cultivate			
real real	•	•	a secondary school as she	(Car
was very young	•		42	100
	b) infants	c) babies	d) toddlers	1
			ok or take a hot bath.	1

a) noisy	b) relaxing	c) busy	d) interested	(CONCO
51-We	our game to only or	ne hour as we had to	o watch a movie after tha	at.
a) extended	b) cancelled	c) limited	d) merged	
52-Everyone'	s fingerprints are	You can't find two	persons who are identi	cal in
theirs.				
a) rare	b) unique	c) remote	d) scare	
53- She	all of us with her re	ckless driving.		
a) protected	b) prevented	c) endangere	d d) ignored	
54- The docto	orsthe sick ch	ild away from the o	thers in order not to mal	ke the
infection spre				
a) gathered	b) isolated	c) prevented	d) fetched	
55- It's amazi	ng how often you see	drivers using mob	ile phones. The antonym	of the
word "amazir	ng" is	_	•	
a) crowded	b) pretty	c) astonishin	g d) believable k.	
56-Hady cam	e up with a/an	idea for a new boo	k.	
a) away	b) brilliant	c) cheap	d) expensive	
57- These flow	wers will grow in a co	oldlt is suitab	le to be grown in Russia.	
a) weather	b) climate	c) atmosphere	d) day	
			ther areas nearby are le	ess
attractive.	G		•	
a) do	b) make	c) give	d) take	
			nt. He can't talk to you.	
	b) of		d) from	
60- The compa	iny to com	plete work in March	1	
a) expects	b) believes ne city had to be	c) thinks	d) excepts	
61- Much of the	he city had to be	after the 1992 ear	thquake.	
a) rebuilt	b) damaged	c) leaned	d) reflected	
62- A/An	is a large animal t	hat is similar to a m	onkey, buť has no tail wi	th long
arms and long	orange-brown hair.			J
a) dragon		c) orangutan	d) snake	
63. The suit w	/as e	expensive but he ins	isted on buying it.	
a. a bit	b. bite	c. bitty	d. pity	
	him	n, so he had to go to	the doctor.	
-	b. bit	c. met	d. wet	
65. He	lost in the ra	inforest.		
a. went		c. did	d. got	
66 He accuse	d me of not doing my	joband I was	very angery.	
	b) probable			
67-The police	searched the passen	gers'for illega	l drugs.	
a) furniture		c) identities		
68-When I we	nt to Sharm El-Sheikh	n, I found itI reco	mmended it to my friends	s.
a) boring	b) fascinated	c) fascinating	d) fascinatingly	
69-He spent t	he summer learning	with his blindne	ess.	000411
	b) to cope			一連集
70-Many peop	ole prefer to live in co	untries where thei	s fine most of the year.	100
	b) climate			
and the second	used in our furniture o	-	•	13.15 A
fromfo				
a. tiny	b. sustainable	c. tricky	d. temporary	3

72. It is a nation	al duty toar	nd support our en	vironments.	(FON
a. sustain	b. pretend	c. intend	d. proclaim	4
73. My brother of	doescharity	work. He donates	his effort and time.	
			al d. disabled	
	ts should put strict			
			jered d. angered	
			when you are sociable.	
			d. overcrowding	
	in the wild, not			
a. exist	b. expire	c. extract	d. exercise	
77. Students co	mplain about being	gin their clas	sses for a long time.	
	b. studied			
			not on his father but hi	mself.
	b. leape			
	monuments are			
	b. strange		d.common	
	her hot soup to ma			
a. grew	b. drew	c. drank	d.blew	
81. "This bird is	exotic. It is unusu	al and rarely seei	n here." The antonym of t	he word
'exotic' is				
a. familiar	b. strange	c. rare	d. foreign	
82. "Be careful!	The forest is full o	f giant snakes." 1	The synonym of the word	ʻgiant'
is				
a. tiny b	o. minute	c. small	d. gigantic	
83. "I went trekl	king along the bead	ch." The word 'tre	kking' here is a synonym	of
a. fishing	b. hiking	c. losing	d. fabricating	

Grammar



🗻 The past simple tense لافنى البسيط

تكوين 1-Form

🕮 يتكون الماضى البسيط من (التصريف الثاني للفعل) بإضافة الأو ed او ied للفعل إذا كان فعل عادى (منتظم) مثل Play – played / help – helped 🚇 أما إذا كان فعل شاذ (غير منتظم) يُحفظ مثل .see - saw / go - went / have – had لاحسظ: متى نضيف (ied / ed /d) للفعل المنتظم

(1) اذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف (e) نضع له (d) like \rightarrow liked live \rightarrow lived $arrive \rightarrow arrived$ (2)إذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف (y) مسبوقاً بحرف ساكن ، نحذف (y) ونضع ied) study → studied carry → carried $cry \rightarrow cried$ (3)إذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف (y) مسبوقاً بحرف متحرك (a – e – i – o – u) نضع(ed) play → played enjoy → enjoy<u>ed</u> stay → stayed (4)إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن مسبوقاً بحرف متحرك يُضاعَف الساكن ونضع (ed) travel → travelled stop → stop<u>ped</u> clap → clapped $ext{fix} o ext{fixed}$ / $ext{follow} o ext{follow}$ وقبلة حرف متحرك لا يتم مضاعفة هذه الحروف . $ext{x/y/w}$ وقبلة حرف متحرك $ext{tix}$





نُستخدم الماضى البسيط للتعبير عن:

1. حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي.

E.g. I <u>played</u> football yesterday. I <u>was</u> in Alexandria a month ago.

2. عادة في الماضي (غالباً مع كلمة "used to" والتي معناها "اعتاد أن").

E.g. When I was in Paris, I <u>used to play (played)</u> tennis.

لاحظ يمكن ان يستخدم مع كلمات المضارع البسيط ليدل على عادة في الماضي (.....Always- often- never-usually/every.

E.g. When he was a child, he walked to school everyday.

>I always ate breakfast before I went to school.

> Heba always got up early when she was a student

3. حكاية قصة.

E.g. Ali <u>found</u> a bag, and then he <u>went</u> to the police station.

4. حالة if الثانية:

E.g. If I had enough money, I'd buy this expensive mobile.

5ـالاحداث التي حدثت تباعا واحد تلو الاخر في الماضي ليس هناك فارق زمني.

E.g. First, he <u>paid</u> the taxi, then he <u>got</u> out of the taxi.

When he had an idea, he wrote a short story.

Yesterday, I went to the club and met my friends.

6. يستخدم الماضي البسيط مع For للتعبير عن سيرة زاتية او احداث استمرت لفترة في الماضي وانتهت

My father went to the faculty of law for four years.

My grandfather lived in england for 6 years.

7 ويستخدم الماضي البسيط مع التعبيرات الاتية حالة وجود فاعل

ماضى بسيط + فاعل + 1-1 wish

ماضى بسيط + فاعل + 2- It's (high)time

ماضى بسيط + فاعل + add + فاعل

➤I wish Hany studied hard.

➤ It's time she studied English.

▶I'd rather he left now.

> I'd rather you didn't hunt elephants

الكلمات الدالة 3-Key words

Yesterday سنة ماضية + in + الماضي مدة زمنية + last منذ (in 2009) in the past سنة ماضية | once في الماضي once day / How long ago = when / just now from 2001 to 2006 / The other day منذ بضعة إيام in the ancient times

مصدرالفعل did not(didn't) + V.(inf) + فاعل

4. النفي Negative:

في حالة النفي نستخدم (الصدر+ didn't)

→ I didn't play football yesterday. → he didn't go to school last week.

لاحظ : هناك اشكال اخرى للافعال في زمن الماضي التي لايمكن تحول الى النفي باستخدام didn't مثل :

was→ wasn't / were→ weren't / could→ couldn't

⇒Ali wasn't at the cinema last week. **⇒**They weren't at school yesterday.

⇒ When I was young , I couldn't ride a bike.

<u>5. السؤال</u> Question:

Pid +. subject + inf....?

Yes / Noنتبع الاتي :

عند تكوين السؤال ب

(Marie

Did you watch TV last night? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام

4/11/11

?مصدرالفعل....did + subject + inf + اداة الاستفهام

Mr/mohamed Fawzi



- → What time did you go to bed? Why did he buy that shirt?
- → where did you go yesterday? I went to the club

6. البني للمجهول Passive:

+ was/were + p.p

→ Football was played yesterday. → The film was watched at home by Heba

للتعبير عن العادة الماضية نستخدم احدى هذة التركيبات

- 1- فاعل + used to + inf
- 2- It was SB's habit to + inf
- 3- فاعل + (was / were) + in the habit of + (v + ing)
- 4- فاعل got into the habit of + (v + ing)
- + فاعل = مضارع بسيط + no longer + فاعل -5

any longer/more.....any longer/more

6- (Noun / v + ing) + (was / were) + SB's habit.

Amr used to study hard. .

It was Amr's habit to study hard

Amr was in the habit of studying hard.

Amr got into the habit of studying hard

Amr no longer studies hard=He doesn't

study hard any longer

Studying hard was Amr's habit.

الماضي المستمر The past continuous tense

1. التكوين Form:

لاضي المستمر من <u>was/were + verb + ing) + فاعل</u>

1 في حالة الإثبات: يتكون الماضي المستمر من

►They were watching TV yesterday evening.

(ناعل +was/were not + verb + ing

2 في حالة النفي: يتكون من

> I wasn't working when you phoned me

(Was, Were + sub...+ verb + ing....)

3 في حالة السؤال: يتكون من

or

(+was, were + sub...+ verb + ing....؟) ادة استفهام

>Was he/she (having lunch)? Yes, he/she was. No, he/she wasn't

>- What were they doing at 5 yesterday? They were playing football

3 في حالة المبنى للمجهول: يتكون من

>TV was being watched yesterday evening

2. الاستخدام Usage:

نستخدم الماضي المستمر

- 1-للتعبير عن حدث استمر لفترة في الماضي في وقت معين
- **▶**Tarek was eating dinner at noon yesterday.
- yesterday evening, they were discussing some important matters.

2للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا عندما قطعه حدث آخر في الماضي.

- >While/As I was having lunch, the phone rang
- While (As/ Just as/ when) I was going home, I met one of my best friends.
- When I returned home, mother was preparing lunch
 - 3-للتعبير عن حدثين كانا مستمرين في نفس الوقت في الماضي مع (While/As/When)
- >While my father was watching TV, my mother was cooking in the kitchen.

While / As / When I was doing my homework, my sister was helping my mother.

We were tidying our room while our little brother was watching TV.

4- حدث كان مستمرا في وقت ما بين بدايته ونهايته

From ten to twelve yesterday, Hany was studying his lessons.

3. الكلمات الدالة Key words:

(all + <u>morning, afternoon, evening, night, time</u>), while يينما, just as عندما, when عندما, when عندما, when عندما between 6 and 8, at ...o'clock yesterday, at...o'clock last, The whole/all day yesterday

Important notes

البيسط مثل: على المستمر مع أفعال الشعور والتفكير والملكية والحواس ووصف الحالة ولكن يستخدم الماضي البيسط مثل:

want - think - like - love - hate - belong - have - see - hear - taste - smell -be -seem
e.g. She seemed ill when I visited her.

- >While I was at home, a man knocked on the door and asked for help.
- ➤ My car was stolen while I was on holiday.
 - 2- اذا لم ياتي بعد while فاعل ياتي بعدها (v + ing) بشرط ان يكون فاعل الجملة واحد
- > While playing football, I fell and broke my leg (while I was playing football)
 - 3- يمكن استخدام on بدلا من when وياتي بعدها (v+ing
- ► When the thief saw the police, he ran away.= On seeing the police, the thief ran away.
 - 4- یمکن استخدام During بدلا من while ویاتی بعدها (noun)او During
 - >During my lunchtime, the phone rang.
 - >During the party, we saw most of our old friends

5 يستخدم الماضي المستمر في هذه التركيبة: ماضي مستمر + because/as/since +ماضي بسيط منفي بمعنى الحدث لم يتم

- e.g. I didn't answer the phone because I was praying.
 - → She didn't see the thief since she was watching TV.



92			
1) Jake had arrand	ged to visit Madagasc	ar before heunive	rsitv.
	b. started		d. had started
_		en sheher phone.	
	b. is dropping		d.was dropping
3) Last year we	to the beautiful city	of Venice in Italy	a.was aropping
a. were travelling		c. travelled	d.travels
	r arm yesterday?	c. davened	u.traveis
a. broke		o brooking	d broken
	b. break	c. breaking school, so in the summer	d. broken
		school, so in the summer	r decided to go on a
volunteering holid			d laams
	b. were learning		d. learnt
	_	out of the boat to touch t	
a. go			d. went
	amilylunch in thi		
	b. have	c. has	d.had
	e forest last week.		
a. trekking			d. was trekking
	t of the boat when I		
a. was dropping		•	d.dropped
		my little brothercryin	
	b. started		d-had started
	swimming in the sea		
		c. didn't enjoy	
12) My cousin	in Costa Rica as a ch	ild because my uncle wa	s a biologist.
a. lived	b. were living	c. lives	d. live
13) Salma was trav	elling around Indone	esia when sheher le	eg
a. broke	b. was breaking	c. broken	d.breaks
14) Omaracro	oss the Sahara last ye	ear.	
a. cycles	b. was cycling	c. cycled	d.cycle
15) Ithe book y	esterday.	-	
	b. never finishes	c. didn't finish	d.never finish
16- What	when I too	k photos of the crocodile	es?
a. did you do b	. were you doing	c. you were doing	d. have you done
		n he visited her yesterda	
	b had seemed		d has seemed
18-ali alwavs	to work when he was	vouna.	
a-walked	b-walks	c-is walking because he	d-was walking
19- Hassan couldn	't answer the phone	because he	his father's car
a washed	b was washing	c had washed television.	d has washed
20-While she was s	studying, I	television.	
a-watched	b-watching	c-will watch	d-was watching
21. Yesterday evei	ning, wetor o	our English test when all	the lights went out.
a) revising	b) were revising	c) revised	d) had revised
22 .While he	a student, ne	was writing short storie	S
a. has been		c. was	d. is
	, I had a bad dream.		
a. While	b. When	c. During um, the football game wa	d. As
24	I got to the stadio	um, the football game wa	is over.
a. During	b. While	c. On	d. When
Vootordou	رام م	ov of 10 ololook	JAMES BY 1-25-24

			(35)
a. have watched	d b. was watchir	ng c. was watche	ed d. watched 🖭
	ill, I lost a lot of weight		
27- While I	for the train on the st	tation, I met one of	d) had been my old friends.
a) was waiting	b) being waited	c) waiting	d) waited
28. In the past,	people travel o	on camels.	,
a. are used to	b. used	c. used to	d. didn't us
29. He got into t	the car and dov	wn the road.	
a drive	b drove	c drives	d. driving
30. I	for five hours every	day last week.	•
	b. have worked		
	ccident		
	b. happens		
32 - Mona	at school	vesterday as she v	vas absent.
	b. doesn't see		
	ng my lessons when th		
_	b. went	_	
34- He	the letter and sent it	by post.	
a-writes	b-write	c-wrote	d-is writing
	on holiday, I always		
a take	b takes	c took	d taking
	lay tennis but heto		_
a. didn't use	b. uses	c. use	d.used
37. As the thief	b. uses to es	scape, he was arre	sted.
a. was trying	b. tried	c. had tried	d. trying
38. I	my lunch w	hen the phone rang	
a. have eaten	b. was eating	c. has eaten	d. ate
	n away on		
	b. had seen		
40- I'd rather vo	uEnglish hard.		
	b- are studying		d-studies
41-There was a	knock on the door	the lunch time.	,
a- when	b- as	c-during	d-because
	the food, my mou		
	b- tasted		d-taste
	o live in Alexandria , b		
a- isn't	b- doesn't	c-don't	d-didn't
44- Did you go d	out last night or	vou busy?	
a- did	b- were		d-have
			I offered to go with him.
a. went	b. was going	-	
	ering the hall, he four	_	<u> </u>
a) At	b) While	c) On	d) During
7AB W.	uilders were here, I	,	- W.M.
	b) am making		d) was making
T - 485 - 13	idea you were such a		100.00
the state of the s	_		d) have
	b) was having	•	
CANAL CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRA	a number of differ		
a) nad been	b) was being	c) have been	d) were

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

51. From the	sound it was c	lear that M a	rythe pia	ano. 🧐
a) had practis	sed b) was pi	ractising	c) has practised	d d) is practicing 🌃
52. Every day	⁄, Ir	ny uncle whe	en he was ill.	, ,
			c. was visited	d. visited
53	touching the h	not pan, Sam	a cried in pain.	
a. While	b. On	C.	When	d. During
54.I last met	Ahmed while he.	of	f some British frie	nds at the airport
a. saw	b. was see	ing c	. had seen	d. was seen
55.While	to schoo	l, it rained.		
a. I was going	b. going	c. I had gone	d. was going	
56-hany	.with his father	when he rea	lised that he had l	ost his wallet
a) was walking	b) walked c)	had walked	d) has walk	red
57	working hours	, I felt active),	
a After	b While	c During	d On	
58	in the office, he	e received a	call from his wife	e.
a During	b On	c While	d After	
59 He made	some new frien	ds	his stay in Cair	0.
a while	b when	c until	d durin	g
			while the plane	•
			ed d land	
	_			

Essay writing

Skills Writing

كيف تكتب مقال باللغة الإنجليزية

عليك اتباع التعليمات التالية:

1-الخطوة الاولى تتمثل في تحديد موضوع المقال هل هو موضوع ايجابي او سلبي او مميزات و عيوب او موضوع عام.

- 2ـ لابد من عمل مسودة في اخر صفحة من ورقة الاجابة وبدء كتابة كل الجمل التي تسطيع كتابة دون ترتيب او تنسيق مع العلـم اننا يمكننا الاستفادة من القطع او الترجمة او باقي الاسئلة في الامتحان في كتابة الموضوع.
 - 3- اكتب عنوان المقال في منتصف السطر وضع خطأ بالقلم الرصاص تحته.
 - 4 اترك مسافة بادئة indentation في أول سطر من موضوعك ما يعادل خمسة احرف بداية كل فقرة.
 - 5 ابدأ جملتك دائماً بـ capital letter وقم بإنهاء الجملة بـ full stop . والافضل استحدام الروابط بين الجمل.
 - 6 ابدأ موضوعك بـ topic sentence أي جملة رئيسية نعتوي في مجملها على تلخص الفكرة العامة للموضوع.
 - 7 اترك مسافة واضعة بين الكلمة والأخرى.و يفضل ترك سطر في الكتابة
 - 8- حسن خطك قدر الإمكان ولابد أن تكتب ما لا يقل عن 150 كلمة.
- 9 عندما تنتهي من جملة لا تكتب الجملة التالية في سطر جديد منفصل بل قم بوضع full stop وابدأ جملتك الجديدة في نفس السطر
 - 10. حاول الابتعاد قدر الإمكان عن أي تعبيرات أو كلمات صعبة حتى لا تقع في الخطأ. يمكنك كتابة موضوع أنيق بكلمات بسيطة حفظتها أنت جيداً.
 - 11- الشكل العام للكتابة هي الطريقة للوصول الى اعلى الدرجات في البراجراف.

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

- 12 تناسب زمن الجملة مع سياق الموضوع ومراعاة الأخطاء الهجائية (Spelling mistakes).
 - 13 حاول تجميع افكار رئيسة للموضوع و عمل Main points .
- 14ـ الالمام بقدركبير من الكلمات و المصطلحات و التعبيرات الشائعة مع حفظ الروابط التي تستخدم بين الجمل.
 - 15_مرعاة الترابط والتنسيق بين جمل و أفكار الموضوع.
- 16. تجنب الجمل الطويلة بشكل عام . وأن تختار الكلمات المناسبة للتعبير عن الفكرة وتجنب استخدام الكلمات الغريبة .

الأجزاء الرئيسية للمقال The main parts of the essay

1) Introduction لقدمة

◄ هي الفقرة الأولى في المقال وتطرح الفكرة أو الهدف من كتابة الموضوع، وكيف يتم عرض الأفكار.
 بعض الجمل الافتتاحية التي تصلح لرضوعات القالات الإيجابية

بالنسبة للطالب الذي لا يجيد الكتابة، هناك مقدمات يمكن أن تساعده مثل:

- ► We all agree that ... is one of the most important things in our life and has its vital role nowadays.
 - نتفق جميعًا أن ... واحد من أهم الأشياء في حياتنا وله دورًا حيويًا هذه الأيام.
- ► We all agree that ... is (are) very necessary and plays (play) an important part in our life.
- ► No one can deny that ... plays a very important role in our life.

لا يستطيع أحد أن ينكر أن ... يلعب دورًا هامًا في حياتنا.

■There is no doubt that this subject has affected our thought and caused a great impact on us.

لا شك أن هذا الموضوع قد أثر على فكرنا وأحدث تأثيرًا علينا.

بعض الجمل الافتتاحية التي تصلح لوضوعات المقالات السلبية

There is no doubt that ... is one of the most dangerous phenomena in our life and has its bad and negative effects nowadays.

مما لا شك فيه أن ... هي واحدة من أخطر الظواهر في حياتنا وكذلك له أثاره السيئة والسلبية في وقتنا هذا.

الموضوع (الجزء الرئيسي) Body: (1

in our life.

لابد من تقسيم الموضوع لعدد من الأفكار.و تحدث عن كل فكرة في فقرة مستقلة. استخدم جمل بسيطة وواضحة.

(3) Conclusion: الغاتبة (الغلاصة)

هذه النتيجة قد تكون نصيحة أو تعدير أو إعطاء رآي أو غيره.

بعض الجمل الختامية التي يمكن استخدامها في الفقرات الختامية للمقال

Finally, it is quite clear that is really To sum up, one can say that ... is really ...

بوضوعات ایجابیه For positive themes

We all agree that is one of the most important things in our life and has its vital	نتفق جميعاً أنواحد من الأشياء المهمة في حياتنا و لـه دوراً حيوياً هذه الأيام.
role nowadays.	
We should put into consideration that has become one of the most important things	يجب أن نضع في الاعتبار ان قد أصبح واحدا مـن أهـم الاشياء في حياة كل شخص.
in everyone's life.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
No one can deny that we owe much to	لا ينكر أحد أننا ندين بـالكثير لالـذي يلعب دوراً هامـاً
which play(s) an important role and active part	وفعالاً في حياتنا.





لوضوعات سلبية For negative themes

PCD1	
We all see thatstands as an obstacle in the	نرى جميعاً أنيقف كعقبة أمام طريق تقدمنا.
way of our progress.	
There is no doubt that is one of the most	مما لا شك فيه أنواحدة من اخطر المشاكل في حياتنا
dangerous problems in our life as it has bad	لأنها لها اثأر سيئة علينا.
effects on us.	
We all believe that is really serious and	نعتقد جميعا أن خطيراً و ضاراً هذه الأيام ولـه أثـار سـيئة
harmful nowadays and has bad effects on all	علينا جميعاً.
of us.	

لوضوعات مزدوجة For advantages and disadvantages themes

••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	مما لاشك فيه أنيعتبر سلاح ذو حدين لما له من
weapon that has both advantages and	مميزات وعيوب.
disadvantages.	
In fact that is considered a mixed	حقيقة أنيعتبر سلاح نعمة ونقمة في وقت واحد في
blessing in our life.	حياتنا.

What about the body? إلم الموضوع؟ يمكنك استخدام هذه الروابط للربط بين الجمل

on one hand		one the other hand	من ناحية أخري
in addition to that	بالاضافة إلي ذلك	moreover	علاوة علي ذلك
hence	ومن ثم	at the same time	في نفس الوقت
and as a result of this,	ونتيجة لذلك	more than that	اكثر من ذلك
over and above		consequently	نتيجة لذلك
there is no doubt that	مما لا شك فية	last but not least	وأخيرا وليس أخرا
as far as i am concerned	كما أراي	another thing is that	شئ أخر هو ان

الجملة التالية يمكن ان توضع وسط الموضوع لربط المقدمة بالموضوع الرئيسي وهي تناسب جميع الموضوعات.

- In addition to what I have written aboutbefore, I can add that......

ابدأ جملتك بالعبارات التالية للتوكيد

Everyone knows that + جملة	الجميع يعرفون أن
I reveal no secret when I say that + جملة	لا افشي سرا عندما أقول ان
It can't be denied that + جملة	لا احد يمكنه ان ينكر ان
It is crystal clear that + جملة	من الواضح تماما أن
It is known that + جملة	من المعروف ان

ماذا عن الخاتمة؟ • What about the conclusion

الخاتمة إيجابي او سلبي

From what we have mentioned above we can say that due attention must be paid to this matter and never be neglected as it is very important (serious).

€ مما ذاكرنه اعلي يمكننا القول ان يجب ان نولي اهتمامنا و نوجهه نحو هذا الموضوع و لا نتجاهلة لما له من أهمية (خطورة).

🗲 ربما تساعدك الجمل الآتية في كتابة الموضوعات المختلفة:

1) No one can deny that....

لا أحد يستطيع أن ينكر أن

2) plays a great role in

للعب دورا كبيرا فر

1	a)	
3	The progress of any nation depends on	ان تقدم أي أمة يعتمد علي
4)	We should do our best in order to	يجب أن نفعل ما بوسعنا لكي
5)	In my opinion,has a great effect on our society.	من رأي انله تاثير كبير علي المجتمع
6)	We can't ignore the great value of	ُلا نستطيع أن نتجاهل القيمة العظيمة لـ
7	The government does its best to encourage	تبذل الحكومة ما بوسعها لتشجيع
8)	The government is trying to solve this problem by	تحاول الحكومة حل هذه المشكلة عن طريق
9)	One advantage ofis that it (they)	أحد مزاياهي أنها
10	O) One disadvantage ofis that it (they)	أحد عيوبهي أنها
1	1)is considered a very serious problem.	تعتبر مشكلة خطيرة
1:	2) To solve this problem, we should all	لحل هذه الشكلة يجب علينا جميعا أن
1:	3) We all agree thatis one of the most important things	نتفق جميعنا علي أن هو أهم شيء في حياتنا
	in our life	
14	4)is very useful as it helps us to	مفيد للغاية حيث أنه يساعدنا في
1	5) With the help ofwe can lead a better life	بمساعدةيمكننا أن نحيا حياة أفضل
10	6)is a serious obstacle in the way of our progress	تمثل عقبة خطيرة في طريق تقدمنا
1	7) All members of the society should cooperate to	كل أفراد المجتمع يجب أن يتعاونوا لكي
18	B) We should exert more efforts to solve this problem	يجب أن نبذل المزيد من الجهود لحل هذه المشكلة
19	9) We have to stand firmly against	يجب أن نقف بحزم ضد
20	O) We should make the best use of	يجب أن نحقق أقصي استفادة من
2	1) will help us to achieve self sufficiency	سوف يساعدنا علي تحقيق الاكتفاء الذاتي
2	2) We should develop public awareness of	يجب أن ننمي الوعي العام بـ
2	3) All citizens should participate in solving this problem	يجب أن يشارك كل المواطنين في حل هذه المشكلة
2	4) It increases our national income.	يزيد من الدخل القومي
2	5) It achieves progress, welfare and prosperity.	يحقق التقدم والرفاهية والرخاء

Why tourism is important for Egypt.

Tourism is the second earner of foreign currency for Egypt. Millions of tourists come from all over the world to visit Egypt every year. They come to Egypt for many reasons. They want to enjoy the warmth of the weather and visit all ancient monuments.

Tourism has many advantages for our country. It is a main source to increase national income and develop national economy. Tourists add a lot of money to the income of our country. They spend money on flights, hotels, museums, restaurants and transport. This provides our country with hard currency and provides jobs for the unemployed. Tourism is also important to make visitors know more about our history, culture, customs, traditions and language.

We should increase the number of people visiting Egypt every year by fighting terrorism which is tourism's great enemy. We have to be civilized and friendly to tourists. The government should set up modern hotels and offer accommodations at reasonable prices. Last, but not least, it is a must that we do our best to benefit from tourism.

Translation

Translate into Arabic

1-All parents should have an effective role in pushing and encouraging their

children to share in their country's development	
2- There is a continuous conflict between man and nature in which mar sometimes triumphs but some other times the nature seems merciless.	
3- Man knows well that life is a mixture of success and failure. With that i it should be filled with achievements.	n mind,
4- There is no doubt that the reform of education is a must even if we speciallions of money on it.	end
5-Tourism is not only an important source of national income and hard currer also an opportunity for employing a lot of youth during vacations	ncy but
6- We should consider money a means not an end. That's why we should collect money only but invest it in useful projects	dn't
7- Our national heritage is a priceless wealth but there are people who dunaware of its importance	estroy it <u>.</u>
8. Corruption is a pest which attacks the society and hinders its progress and grow must be fought in all governmental and non-governmental establishments.	th so it
Translate into English شباب هم العمود الفقرى لاى دولة , فالاطفال هم الامل فى المستقبل	1_ اذا كان ال
ل البحر الاحمر بالشعاب المرجانية الفائقة الجمال التي تجذب السياح للاستمتاع برويتها	2 <u>. تشتهر</u> سواح
عديدة حيث يكتسب الانسان خبرات مفيدة ويتعرف على ثقافات اخرى	



4. لقد اصبحت الرياضة احد الوسائل الاكثر فاعلية في تحقيق السلام و الاستقرار عبر العالم
5ـ تواجه بعض الحيوانات خطر الانقراض بسبب قضاء الانسان على الاماكن التى يعيشون فيها
6ـبدون السلام لا تزدهر الحضارة، فالحرب تدمر ما حققه الإنسان من تقدم
7_تولى الحكومة اهتماما كبيرا للمراة وتزودها بالتعليم والوظائف والرعاية الصحية والاجتماعية
8_ يجب ان تهتم الحكومة بالمشروعات الانتاجية لزيادة الانتاج ورفع مستوى المعيشة لكل المواطنين
9_ يعتمد النجاح بشكل كبير في الحياة على الصبر والعمل الجاد والتخطيط الجيد لكل شيء قبل القيام به

Enrich your vocabulary

conflict	صراع	heritage	التراث/الميراث	individuals	الافراد
triumph	ينتصر	hinder	تعوق	effective	فعال/موثر
merciless	بلا رحمة	corruption	الفساد	extinction	الانقراض
mixture	مزيج	backbone	العمود الفقرى	civilization	الحضارة
failure	فشل	culture	ثقافة	progress	تقدم
reform	اصلاح	peace		pay attention	تولى اهتمام
priceless	لايقدربثمن	stability	الاستقرار	productive	انتاجي
Standard of living	مستوى المعيشة	depend	يعتمد	elimination	قضاء على
citizen	مواطن	patience	الصبر	benefits	فوائد





Mr/mohamed Fawzi

Mini Test

1-Choose to	ne correct answer	from a.b	c or de
	ic confect and wen		

	1-Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or as	きまれる
	.Wefor a week through the rainforest last year. It was fantastic!	学师
а	a) trekked b) relaxed c) leant d) introduced	
2	a) trekked b) relaxed c) leant d) introduced 2. We should make sure that tourism in Egypt isor our economy will be affected	
а	a) spicy b) isolated c) spoiled d) sustainaoie 3.I used to live in a small fishing village on theof the Red Sea.	
3	B.I used to live in a small fishing village on theof the Red Sea.	
а	a) coast b) cliff c) bank d) reef	
4	a) coast b) cliff c) bank d) reef I.During our holiday in Sharm El-Sheikh, wediving many times in the Red Sea.	
а	a) played b) went c)did d)had	
5	5. For 5 years, Ias a translator before resigning to start my new career.	
2	a) had worked h) work c) was worked d) worked	
6	5. My childrentogether all day yesterday as they were free.	
a	a) were playing b) play c) had played d) are playing	
	7. Daliaout a lot when she was younger.	
	a) is used to going b) was going c) always goes d) usually went	
	B. Heto prison as a result of his crimes.	
	a) was taken b)took c) was taking d) had taken	
	9. He is so bored. All his family members are away on holidays and he is here at home.	
	a) stuck b) exotic c) released d)freed	
	10. At the circus, the clownthe children with his magic tricks.	
	a) designed b) limited c) fascinated d)existed	
	11.Whileby his mother, the baby gave a loud cry.	
	h) having bathed b) he was bathing c) was bathed d)being bathed	
	12. My father used to be a heavy smoker when he was young, but now he	
	2.Read the following passage, then answer the questions,	
	You don't need to look back twenty years to realize the tremendous development in science	e
	and technology and how it changes the lifestyle of millions of people all over the world.	
	Although the T.V and video were there in those days, no one had heard then of those	
	wonderful remote control units that turn the equipment on and off helping us to choose of	our
	entertainment with the least physical effort.	
	There are many other effects of technology that made our life more comfortable.	ou no
	longer worry about washing the dishes; your dishwashing machine can take care of that	•
	want a hot meal, you just pop your favourite food into the microwave oven and it is ready	
	minutes. If you need to send an urgent message, just write it down and send it through y	our fax
	machine. This all leaves people more leisure time to enjoy themselves.	
	Leisure today is big business. Robots take over the work of people in industry,	
	communications across the world became faster, and while technology continues to cre	ate
	ways of persuading us to work less and enjoy ourselves more, so the leisure industry will	
	play a far more important role in our life.	
	Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:	
	1- Due to modem technology, the lifestyle has changed	
	a) 20 years ago b) within the last 20 years	
	c) before d) in more than 20 years	
	2- The underlined pronoun "it" refers to	
	a) hot meal b) dishwashing c) an urgent d) leisure	
	3- Contacting people all over the world has become	
	a) slower b) stronger c) quicker d) smaller	
(6)	4-The impact of technology has made our life comfortable .	24
7	a) little b) less c) many d) more	73/00
Sec.	5-The synonym for the word "persuading" in paragraph 3 is	8 Mg
12	a) compelling b) making c) forcing d) convincing	150
	6- Technology has made communications all over the world.	W.Y
3.5	a) faster b) limited c) difficult d) expensive	
	THE REPORT OF MILITIAL CONTROL OF MILITARY AND	



Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

1. Its amazing how often you see drivers using mobile phones. The antonym of the word "amazing" is........

- a) crowded b) pretty c) astonishing d) believable e)unremarkable
- 2. They're lucky that nothing was stolen. The antonyms of the word "lucky" are.......
- a) unwilling b)unsuccessful c) unfaithful d) unfortunate e) unspecific

1. Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 3.....is the protection of natural life.
- a. Conservation b. Reservation c. Admiration d. Organization
- 4. There will be an international meeting to discuss the environmental.........of global warming.
- a. impacts b. affections c. results d. destinations
- 5. We and our teacher......into a forest to learn some things about rare animals and plants.
- a. trekked b. tricked c. traced d. tracked
- 6.During epidemics, it is necessary to keep yourself and your children in
- a. isolate b. instated c. isolated d. isolation
- 7.Put some ice on your knee before it..... up
- a. treks b. swells c. leans d. isolates
- 8. The shock of her son's accident.....her of the power of speech.
- a) stole b) took c) robbed d) accused
- 9.Farmers can......good use of some land while other areas nearby are less attractive.
- a) do b) make c) give d) take
- 10the email sent before the office was closed?
- a. Are b. Had c. Was d. Does
- 11 When I was watering the plants, it.....to rain.
- a) began b) begins c) has begun d) was beginning
- 12. While weon holiday, my bag was stolen.
- a) had been b) were being c) were d) are being
- 13.Leelah's fatherher stories every evening when she was a child
- a. was telling b. had told c. told d. is telling
- 14.l....living away from my family before travelling abroad.
 - a) wasn't used to b) used to c) didn't use to d) is used to

2. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The honeybee is a very unusual kind of insect. Unlike other insects, which live alone, the honeybee lives as a member of a community. These bees live together in what is known as a bee colony.

The head of the colony is called the queen bee. She is larger than the rest of the bees. Her main task in the colony is to lay eggs. Most of the other bees are the worker bees. These bees collect nectar and pollen from flowers. The nectar that is carried by the worker bees is deposited on the hive and then converted into honey. The worker bees also help look after the young bees. As soon as the eggs are hatched, the worker bees feed the young bees with pollen and nectar. The third type of bee found in the colony is the drone or male bee. The main task of such a bee is to mate with a new queen. The queen bee has a lifespan of about three years. During this period, she would have laid more than half a million eggs. When the queen bee is dying, a new queen would be groomed. This new queen would eventually take over the 'duties' of the old queen when the latter dies.

Bees are small but they play a big role in the ecosystem. They play an important role as a pollinator for crops. It is vital for food security of human beings. Hence we must control our activities and help protect honeybees.

activities and help protect honeybees.		
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c	ord:	
	neybee from other insects is that	
a) it can't live apart from its community		
c) it can't live among trees and flowers		
2- The main mission of the queen bee i	•	
a) look after the young bees	b) collect nectar and pollen	
c) kill the worker bees	d) lay eggs	
3- The life of honeybees can teach us .		
a) co-operation	b) how to live among trees	
c) selfishness	d) laziness	
4- The word 'latter' is the antonym of the	•	
a) last b) second		
5- The synonym of the word 'look after	•	
a) care about b) turn off	c) take over d) give off	
6- What is the best title for the passage	,	
a) How honey is formed	b) Honeybees' life	
c) Bees and other insects	d) Bees and our ecosystem	
7- Bees help the crops to	a, boos and our coosystem	
a) disappear b) grow	c) decrease d) reproduce	
8- When the queen bee dies,	,	
a) the other bees will be sad and cry	b) the rest stay without a queen	
c) another one takes over	d) there aren't any more nectar	
4. Translate the following into Arabic.	d) there aren't any more nectar	
	e education has become more important. It has	
	its to complete their education after the closure o	of
schools and universities in many we		
••••••	••••••	• • •
		•
5. Translate the following into English.		
لذلك تستخدم بشكل واسع في كل الحملات السياسية	زِثر وسائل الاعلام على حياتنا كثيرا فلقد اصبحت احدى ادوات التغيير السياسي	2ـ تۈ
		•••
•••••	••••••	• •
6. Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED the importance of ecotourism.	AND FIFTY (150) words on only ONE (1) of the following:	
the importance of ecotourism.		Ac
(a)	La Caraciana de Ca	3
	***	-
<u> </u>		1
K. Alexander	- Author	-03



Unit 2 Supporting the community



Key vocabulary

admire	يعجب بــ	blood pressure	ضغط الدم
iron level	نسبة الحديد في الدم	intelligence	الذكاء
desire	رغبة – يرغب	donate	يتبرع
generous	كريم	long-term	على المدى الطويل
role model	نموذج يحتذي به	transplant	زراعة عضو
speed	سرعة	roar	زئير/يزار

Lessons I&2

support	یساند – یدعم		مجتمع	
achievements	انجازات	footballers	لاعبى كرة القدم	
famous	مشهور	ability	قدرة	
biography	سيرة ذاتية		يحرز أهداف	
interview	مقابلة شخصية	World Cup	كاس العالم	
empathy	تعاطف	finals	نهائيات	
charity	الخير/ مؤسسة خيرية	praise for	يمدح بسبب	
cancer	سرطان	donation	التبرع	
chance	فرصة	happiness maker	صانع السعادة	
nickname	اسم شهرة	blood	الدم	
around	حول	donors	متبرعين	
take part in	يشارك في	badly	بشدة – سيء جدا	
Blood Donor Day	يوم التبرع بالدم	injured	مصاب	
illness	مرض – تعب	regular	منتظم	
health problems	مشاكل صحية	transfusion	نقل دم	
benefits	فوائد	check	يفحص	
find out	يكتشف – يعرف	donation	التبرع	
save lives	ينقذ الأرواح	organ	عضو جسم	
conservation	المحافظة على		يلهم ـ يحفز	
transfusion	نقل دم	biology	علم الأحياء	
recognize	يتعرف على — يدرك	villagers	سكان القرى	
wild	بري ـ متوحش	Guardian	حارس — وصي	
earn money	يكسب مال	plays for	يلعب ئــــ	

Lesson s 3 & 4

work together	يعمل سويا	attack	يهاجم
disappear	يختفي	worry about	يقلق بشأن
hope	يتمنى	change	تفيير
amazing	مذهل	work with	يعمل مع



organization	منظمة	employ	يوظف
Lion Guardians	حراس الأسود	skills	مهارات
based in	مقره في	monitor	يراقب
nearby	قريب / مجاور	movement	حركة
aim of	هدف	parties	مجموعات حفلات
local	محلي	biologists	علماء الأحياء
livestock	ماشية	sense of	روح کذا
reduce	يقلل	responsibility	مسئولية
killing	قتل	track	يتبع أثر
cattle	ماشية	information	معلومات
go missing	يتوه / يضل الطريق	make sure	يتأكد
a success story	قصة نجاح	hunters	صيادون
useful	مفيد	as well as	بالإضافة الى

Expressions & Prepositions

be admired for	يعجب بسبب	desire to	الرغبه في
ability to	القدرة على	give a chance to	يعطى فرصة
score goals	يحرز اهداف	be a role model	نموذج او قدوة
reach (achieve) goals	يصل لهدف	give nickname	يطلق عليه اسم شهرة
send Egypt to	يرسل ₍ يؤهل)	around the world	حول العالم
be praised for	يمدح بسبب	take part in	يشارك في
donations to charity	تبرعات للخير	World Blood Donor Day	اليوم العالمي للتبرع بالدم
donated money to	يتبرع بمال لـــ	be badly injured	يصاب بشدة
a long-term illness	تعب طويل المده	blood transplant	نقل دم
giving blood	يتبرع بالدم		لديه مشاكل صحية
have health benefits	فوائد صحية	save lives	ينقذ ارواح
have pressure checked	يُفحص ضغطة	hear about lions	يسمع عن الأسود
inspire her to	يلهم	work with	يعمل مع
amazing work of	عمل رائع	sense of responsibility	احساس المسئولية
based in	مقره في	the aim of	هدف کذا
have the skills	لدية المهارات	reduce the number of	يقلل عدد
protect their livestock	يحمي الماشية	worry about	يقلق بشأن
be attacked by	يُهاجم بواسطة		يتوه – يضل الطريق

Definitions

admire	to respect and like someone because they have done something that you think is good
blood pressure	the force with which blood travels through your body
desire	a strong hope or wish
donate	to give something, especially money, to a person or an organization in order to help them
generous	is willing to give money, spend time etc, in order to help people or give them pleasure

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

intelligence	the ability to learn, understand, and think about things
level	the amount or degree of something, compared to another amount or degree
long-term	continuing for a long period of time into the future
role model	someone whose behaviour, attitudes etc people try to copy because they admire them
transplant	to move an organ, piece of skin etc from one person's body and put it into another as a form of medical treatment

Words, synonyms and antonyms

	,			
Word		الرداف Synonym	antonym	المضاد
benefits	فوائد/مميزات	Advantages/pros	Disadvantages/cons	عيوب
find out	يكتشف	discover	conceal/hide	يخفى
generous	كريم	open-handed	miser/mean	بخيل
happen	يحدث	occur/take place	Cease/precede	توقف
happiness	سعادة	pleasure	displeasure/sadness	حزن
injured	مصاب	wounded /damaged	Healthy/well	معافي
reduce	يقلل	decrease	Increase/expand	يتوسع/يزداد
take part in	يشارك	participate in /share with	Avoid/avert	يتجنب
attack	يهاجم	assault	Defense/protect	يدافع
disappear	يختفى	vanish/cease	Appear/rise	يظهر
employ	يوظف	Hire/take on	Fire/dismiss	يفصل
hope	يامل	Longing/desire	Despair/gloom	ياس
missing	مفقود	gone/absent	present/found	موجود/حاضر
understand	يفهم	Grasp/comprehend	Misunderstand/mistake	يسىء الفهم
nearby	قريب/مجاور	close	far/faraway	بعيد

Language notes

یهزم ایتغلب علی شخص فریق l-beat	person/فريق team/عدو			
Win يكسب / يفوز	A cup / a medal / a prize / a game / championship/ election /race			
يكتسب شي معنوي Gain	information / experience شهرة / weight / fameشهرة knowledge/speed			
Earn يكسب مالا مقابل عمل	قوت يومه Money / his living			
ع يحرز أهداف 2 – score goals	give myself goals يصل لأهدافه reach /achieve goals يحدد أهداف			
ightharpoonup I give myself goals and plan how to achieve them. He has scored 12 goals so far this season $ ightharpoonup$ Unless you do your best, you won't achieve your goal				
اسم مفرد (اضافي – زيادة) + another / بدون اسم (اخرون) others - اسم جمع + 3-other				
Some people like English. Other people don't like it. I like this cake, give me another one. Some people like English. Others don't like it.				
يزرع بنقل عضو 4-Transplant	His kidney was transplanted in his <u>daughter</u> .			
Transport (بضائع /ناس ينقل	trucks used for transporting oil			
ينقل /يحول (مالا) Transfer	I'd like to transfer \$500 to my checking account.			
ببث او يرسل اشارة او ش <i>يء</i> transmit	When he got lost, he transmitted a signal using the mobile.			

يخترع شي ليس موجود : 5-Invent	Graham Bell invented the telephone.
یستکشف مکان و یعرف شیء عنه : Explore	They went on an expedition to explore the river Nile
شيء كان موجودا من قبل ولكن غير) Discover	The planet Pluto was discovered in 1930
يَّ معروف يُكتشف(معروف	 _
find out (about) (معلومة حقيقة) — رمعلومة	I found out I had made a mistake.
alive / الحياة life يعيش / مباشر / روح 6-live	حي (على قيد الحياة)
He lived in Tanta for ten years.	
Modern technology saves many liv	es.
Life is full of ups and downs.	
He isn't dead, he is still alive	tion . "H
donar متبرع donor متبرع donar / يتبرع donar	
Rich people should donate to cha	
We must encourage blood donor	
نا/ريحقق شيئل كان يتمناه// يكسب مالا 8-realize كاريحقق شيئل كان يتمناه// يكسب مالا	n. We realized a small profit on the sale of the house.
She never realized her ambition of winnin	•
recognize عند رؤيته او سماعه او المرور به من قبل	يتعرف على شكل او هيئة (مكان او شخصااو ش
→ I didn't recognize you in your uniform	rm. Do you recognize this song?
7 0 0	يتأمر* conspire يطمح
A good teacher must inspire his stude	
	مشهور كـــ famousas * مشهور في amous
→ He is famous for his honesty.	
	اسم العائلة surname اسم مستعار (كاتب)
49 males arms	
يتاڪدعاڪد	بالتأكيد * for sure
She made sure there was always hot w	ater for doctors.
She made sure there was always hot w We'll always need teachers, that's for s	rater for doctors.
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement and the statement was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement was always hot we'll always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement was always need teachers.	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا)
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the statement of	rater for doctors.
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the statement of	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لمريض السرطان مثلا) ive treatment for some conditions , it can cause
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the statement of	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا)
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the second transplant is an effect complications - blood transfusion During an effort to overcome one of the blood transfusion	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) ive treatment for some conditions , it can cause عملية نقل دم ، ose problems - a heart <u>defect</u> - <u>surgeons</u> gave the boy a
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the second stransplant is an effect complications - blood transfusion During an effort to overcome one of the blood transfusion Blood	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لمريض السرطان مثلا) ive treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم و ose problems - a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the second transplant is an effect complications - blood transfusion During an effort to overcome one of the blood transfusion	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applied treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم و ose problems - a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a bod التبرع بالدم donating blood
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the second stransplant of the second stransfusion one of the blood transfusion She made sure there was always hot we we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the second stransfusion one of the blood transfusion Blood stransfusion	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applies treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم و ose problems - a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a bod التبرع بالدم donating blood
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some statement of the second transplant is an effect complications - blood transfusion During an effort to overcome one of the blood transfusion Blood donation = giving blood = complication of the blood donation = giving blood = complex statements.	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applied treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عليه نقل دم عملية
She made sure there was always hot we We'll always need teachers, that's for state and the we'll always need teachers, that's for state and the we'll always need teachers, that's for state always need teachers, that 's for state always need to be always	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applied treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عملي
She made sure there was always hot we We'll always need teachers, that's for start and the we'll always need teachers, that's for start always need teachers, that always need teachers, that always need teachers, that always need teachers, that always need teachers need to be start always need	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) ive treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عملية نق
She made sure there was always hot we We'll always need teachers, that's for start and the we'll always need teachers, that's for start always need teachers, that always need teachers, that always need teachers, that always need teachers, that always need teachers need to be start always need	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applies treatment for some conditions, it can cause applies treatment for some conditions, it can cause applies applies - a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a book التبرع بالدم applies - blood donor التبرع بالدم applies - blood donor متبرع بالدم
She made sure there was always hot we We'll always need teachers, that's for some states of the solutions. I a — blood transplant Although blood transplant is an effection complications. — blood transfusion During an effort to overcome one of the blood transfusion Blood transfusion Blood donation = giving blood = of the blood pressure منفط الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applies treatment for some conditions, it can cause applies ive treatment for some conditions, it can cause applies a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a applies applies a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a blood donor التبرع باللم applies appl
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for some state of the sta	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) applies treatment for some conditions, it can cause applies a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a cod عملية نقل دم و التبرع بالدم applies blood donor التبرع بالدم applies (adv) applies
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for sell always need teachers, that '	rater for doctors. sure (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) عملية نتو دم ive treatment for some conditions, it can cause عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم عملية نقل دم وهو problems - a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a od التبرع بالدم التبرع بالدم علامة المتلازمات الاتية مع blood donor متبرع بالدم every day (adv) عليوم (ظوف) (every day I walk to school esire for + شيء / شخص / desire that + عمله كاملة wledge.
She made sure there was always hot we'll always need teachers, that's for sell always need to be	rater for doctors. sure عملية زرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) عملية نرع خلايا الدم (النخاع) (لريض السرطان مثلا) ive treatment for some conditions, it can cause and عملية نقل دم وهو problems - a heart defect - surgeons gave the boy a bod التبرع بالدم التبرع بالدم - blood donor متبرع بالدم - blood donor متبرع بالدم every day (adv) every day (adv) (عليه وطرف) (adv life./ every day I walk to school esire for + شخص / desire that + عمله كاملة wledge. wledge. based on مبنى /مؤسسى على based on

They as well as Hany like eating ice cream. تربط بين فعلين 🛨 As well as + v ing / noun As well as studying English, He studied maths and arabic. As well as tennis, he plays hockey get / be lost = يتوه او يضل الطربق get / be lost They went missing in the desert. They were (got) lost in the desert. Scientists are trying to find out what causes the disease. 19-cause The cold weather caused me to sleep early مصدر to مفعول يجعل What was the cause of the fire? سبب/مسبب(یودی الی نتیجة) اسم + cause of Can you give the reason for leaving? سبب ـ مبرر ـ داع اسم / reason for + ving Is there a reason why you can't come? حاملة جملة + reason why The number of students is very small نعل مفرد+ اسم جمع + 20-The number of A number of people are waiting for the bus. نعل جمع + اسم جمع + a number of يعمل لدي شخص او شركة 21-work for My father works for an oil company يعمل مع work with Dr Magdy worked with top surgeons. Doctors work on a cure for cancer. بحسن / يطور/يعمل على (مشروع /انجاز) work on

Reading

My grandfather worked as a journalist in Al Ahram newspaper

I hope to work in the medical research when I'm older

I haven't heard about / of this singer before

People who help

Mohamed Salah

يعمل ك وظيفة work as

يعمل في مكان /مجال Work in

يعرف/يسمع ب 22-Hear of/about

Mohamed Salah is one of Egypt's most famous footballers. He is **admired** for his intelligence and ability to score goals. In 2017, he scored the goal to send Egypt to their first World Cup finals since 1990. Salah has been praised for his kind and **generous** donations to charity in Egypt. He **donated** money to his hometown of Nagrig to build a school, and he has helped a children's cancer hospital in Cairo. Salahs **desire** to help others is because he wants to give young people a chance to succeed. He is a **role model** to millions of Egyptians who gave him the nickname 'The Happiness Maker'.

Blood donors

Every year on 14th June, countries around the world take part in World Blood Donor Day. Why should people donate blood? Donating blood can help people if they have been badly injured or need regular blood **transplants** because they have a **long-term** illness. Giving blood can also have health benefits. All donors have their **blood pressure** and **iron levels** checked before donation, so people who **donate** blood can find out quickly if they have any health problems. Giving blood can save lives and it is easy to do!

Working together

Lions are disappearing all over Africa but there is some hope now after the amazing work of an organization called Lion Guardians, which is based in Kenya, but Guardians help in nearby Tanzania. The aim of Lion Guardians is to help local people to protect their own livestock and reduce the number of lion killings in the area.

Cattle are important to the villagers but they often go missing or are attacked by lions. Then the lions are killed as villagers worry about losing more livestock.

Lion Guardians is changing this. The organization works with the community to help both the lions and their livestock and this is done by employing local people. Maasai men are chosen to become guardians as they understand lions and have the skills needed to monitor their movements, find missing livestock and stop hunting parties. They are taught to be field biologists and are given a sense of responsibility.

Lions are tracked everyday and the information is sent to the cattle farmers who can then make sure their cows are safe. Guardians also take part in reducing the number of hunters who come to kill the lions for sport. Lion Guardians is a success story – helping the future of lions as well as the local communities.

تدريبات على الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1- Donating bloo	d helps to save				
a- injured people	b- injured	c- the injured	d- endanger	e- endangered	
2- Four teachers	are going to	in the next rea	ading competition).	
a-take place	b-take part	C-share	d-play apart	e-move	
3- Everyone of u	s has a role to pl	ay toour co	mmunity.		
a- ruin	b- destroy	c- support	d-sustain	e-rise	
4- People are alw	aysfor the	ir actions.			
a- praised	b-appreciated	c- devalued	d- lifted	e-punishing	
5.Ali gave us one					
a- opportunity	b- chance	C-beating	d- hurting	e- injuries	
6.People with long					
				e- transfusions	
		•		o do his best for Egy	pt.
a- reduced b		•		e-encouraged	
8.The Lion Guard					
a- existing I		<u>-</u>	_	_	
9.When I first vis					1
a- got lost	b-went missing	c-missed	d- lost	e-caught	1
10. Unluckily, ou		cently fired four	of our colleagues	. The opposites	3
of "fire" are					1
			d - take on -		
12." Our footba	II team has three	injured players.	The synonyms of	f the word "injured a	re.

143				4.35
a-healthy b-ope	en-handed c-wo	h behru	- hurt e mana	Man han
14- Liust found out	that he was cheatir	ng on the test T	he antonym of the	e word
"found out" is		ig on the tooth i	no antonym or th	o word
a) discovered		c) occurred	d) avoided	d) hid
15 She explained the				
"understand" are	, whole luca again, be	at i Still alali t alla	ierstand. The Symo	nymis of the word
	mice	clcoseo	d) comprehend	o) discharge
a)grasp b) 16. The antonyms of the			a) comprehend	e) discharge
a) stingy b) charti	ahle c) wealthy	d) maan	a)unsal	fich
17. There have been so	everal attacks on fore	eigners recently.T	he synonyms of th	e word "attack"
are				
a) precede b) assaul	t c) unfaithful	d) shelter	e) strike	
,,	•	,	•	
I shoom the se				
	orrect answer from			
	in the rac			
a) part	•		•	
2) The country nee	ds a leader who ca	n its c	itizens.	
a. inspire	b. aspire	c. conspire	d. earn	
3- The organization	า is based	Kenya		
a. for				
4-Surgeons, doctor	rs and nurses work	together to	the same	goals
a) score	b) achieve	c) arrive	d) get	
a) score 5-The surgeon acc	epted full	for the	e error that led to	her death
	b) irresponsible			
	is one of Egypt's			-
a. the most	b. most	c. more	d. many	1
	are checked			
	b. doers			rs
8- Peopleth				
a) checked	b) admired	c) donated	d) redu	ced
9- My sister's really	yShe always	s buys things fo	r her friends.	
a) ambitious		c) stingy	d) gene	rous
•	janizers say they w	,		
a) donate	b) steal			
	overnment strongly	the nea	ice process in the	Middle Fast
a) calls	b) happens			
	ration, a nurse sho			
a. pressure				
•	s kind and brave, h		•	
a) role model				
	n to talk, we had a			model
	b) request		d) health	
45 Scientists worn	ned of theeff	c) uesire	u) Health Lwarming Thour	moon the offeets
			i wariiiiig. Tiley i	nean the enects
which continue for			ط/ امسم ا	(40)
a) full-term	b) half-term		d) long-to	erm
16- For 17 years, a	_		_	for
a. transport		c. transplant		
17- The director				- 4-5
ALUAVE		CT MACE	(1) (12(1	ATT A SECTION OF

40 williams of Fauntians gave Mahamad Salah the	The Henringes Make
19- millions of Egyptians gave Mohamed Salah the	The Happiness Maker
a) nickname b) surname c) first name	
20- The town is already receiving the economic benefit	.sthe new snopping centre.
a) from b) at c) of	a) by
21- He was highlyfor his research on heart disea	
a) raised b) pressed c) checked	a) praised
22- She found out that her husband married another we "found out" is	oman. The antonym of the word
a) discovered b) concealed c) occurred	d) avoided
23-he Egyptian coach had no doubts about his team's	
a) ability b) stability c) charity	
24-The adjective of the verb "succeed" is	a) community
a) success b) successful c) successfu	ılly d) succeeded
25- He was bom in Alexandria, but he considers Cairo	nis since he's lived
there most of his life.	
a) home building b) home base c) home add	ress d) hometown
26- My wife goes to her doctor forcheck-ups.	a, nometown
a) particular b) responsible c) regular	d) intelligent
27- My friend had lost so much weight that I hardly	him.
a) watch b) accused c) realised	d) recognised
28- It's so important to have a sense ofthat underli	es . human happiness.
a) purpose b) target c) humour	
29- I'd love to know what hisis.He has so many	
expensive car. a) debt b) income c) debit	d) benefit
30- After this accident, it will be difficult topeople the	hat nuclear power stations
are safe	·
a) ask b) save c) persuade	d) recommend
31- He has five children, so it is a clear reasonwor	
a) of b) for c) about	
32-We didn't have enough money for a movie, so we we	ent to the park
a) instead b)outside c) away	d) well
33-You have to learnyour mistakes to be a bette	r person.
a) at b) from c) by	d) of
34-His football skill is good, but he needs to work	his fitness.
a) for b) with c) on	d) as
35- Mohamed Salah is a roleto millions of youn	g people around the world.
a) example b)module c)model	d) figure
36- All the children are taught together in one class, re	
a) ability b) stability c) charity	,
37-You should alwaysyour oil, water, and tyres bef	
a) test b) donate c)reduce	d) check
38-It'sthat no one else has applied for the jo	-3.42
a) amaze b) amazing c) amazed	d) amazingly
39-My mum said she would helpthe costs of buy	
a) of b) in c) to	d) with
40-The number of touristsbecause of spreading p	
a) shortens b)increases c) lengther	ns d) reduces

1.00			
		piness was a baby. The	e antonym of the
word" happiness"	is		71
a) pleasure	b) sadness	c) happily	d) stingy
		esty.He found a sum of	
it back to its owner		-	-
a) on	b) by	c) at	d) for
43-The girlm	nissing during a fami	ily outing to Matrouh.	·
44-The whole famil	ly was sittingth	c) went ne table to have dinner.	•
	b) by		
		d donated the money to	•
		c) workhouse	
		eare still in a serio	
a) ambitious	b) injured	c)killers	d) dead
47-Some people lik	ke Al-Ahly team	like Al-Zamalek.	
a) another	b) other	c) others	d) the others
	memy car.		a, a ca
a) wash	b) to washing	c) washed	d) washes
		onal tourist company fo	
a) for			d) on
,	•	r protects something.	,
	b) defender		d) hunter
	over 2,000 peop		a) Harrier
a) employs	over 2,000 peop h) disannoars	c)retires	d) resigns
52- Patients who a	re given the new dru	ig will be asked to	their progress
		c) attack	
		elephants to get the	
		c) protecting	
		e to improve her work.	
word" employ" is		e to improve her work.	The synonym of the
a) fire		a) graen	d) appear
,	,	c) grasp lookthe price.	и) арреаі
	b) on	c) for	d) after
a) up	,	•	•
=		research on the langua	
a) making			d) doing
		her daughters at home	
a) of	b) with	,	d) about
<u> </u>	re I've turned the ov		D. artisa
a) make	b) do	c) have	d) give
		and nofor the futu	
a) nope	b) aim	c) purpose what I was sayin	d) wish
a) with	b) in	•	d) at
2 B 6 5 6 7 1		dto stay alive.	in the
The state of the s	•	c) transplantation	d) orientation
	piece of the jigs		
a) robbed	•	c) missing	d) dead
		before they leave	the state of the s
a) employ	b) employee	c) employed	d) employment

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64-He's happy being a high school teacher, though being a professor would have brought him more..... a) shame b) technique c)camouflage d) prestige 65-Yesterday's party was.....organised, so all guests were so annoyed. a) bad b) worse c) badly d) well 66-. Dr Leelah Hazzah first heard lions from her family. b. with c. about d. towards 67. Lions are all over Africa because people are killing them. a. disappearing c. doing d. working b. going 68. Doing exercise helps people stay fit. c. irregular a. regularity b. regular d. regularly 69.Blood should be measured regularly. a pleasure b. treasure c. pressure d. donation 70.A good citizen has a.....of duty. b. sense c. responsibility d. charity 71.The international.......is really very worried about the problem of climate change. b. communication c. technology d. community a. security 72. The child with a diseased kidney will have a transplant, but we are waiting for a...... d. donor a. borer b. mower c. owner 73.1 have a friend who works in a big company......in Kuwait. b. lied d.basis c. based 74. We stopped at the top of the mountain to...... the view b. admire d. think 75. The word "accomplish" is a synonym for the word.......... b. constant d. achieve c. encourage 76. Unfortunately, the old man died after a long-term..... a. ailment b. disease c. condition d. illness 77. The money I paid to the hotel......the continental breakfast which I used to have every morning. d. constituted a. included b. consisted c. contained 78. Wildlife......is necessary to stop species from dying out. b. livestock c. intelligence d. conservation a. pressure 79. She is a doctor. She works in the medical a. transplant d. interview b. party c. field 80.The police are.....some criminals. a. transfusing b. transplanting d. inspiring c. tracking



. التكوين Form:

يتكون المضارع البسيط من مصدر الفعل مع مع الضمائر J وyou و we و the,she,it. أما بالنسبة لـ he,she,it نصرف الفعل كالتالي:

1. نضع s في الحالة العادية. (eats - runs - walks – sings)

es نضع es لو انتهى الفعل بـ x أو o أو sh أو s أو z أو z . (washes - watches - crosses - goes – mixes)

3. إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف y مسبوق بحرف ساكن تحذف ونضيف cries – tries) . ies

4- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف y مسبوق بحرف متحرك (a / e/ i / o/ u) نضيف s فقط (enjoys - plays – prays)



ستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن:

1. عادات و افعال متكررة habits:



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E.g. I often <u>watch</u> television in the evening. Adel usually <u>visits</u> his relatives on Friday. 2. حقائق الثابتة facts:

E.g. The sun <u>rises</u> in the east. The earth <u>goes</u> around the sun.

3. جداول المواعيد الثابتة schedules:

E.g. I am traveling to London tomorrow. My plane <u>leaves</u> at 6 am.

4. المواقف أو الافعال التي دائما أو عادة حقيقية:

-Mohamed Salah gives money to help people in his hometown

I <u>live</u> in Cairo / he <u>works</u> in factory / she <u>likes</u> English.

5. حالة if الأولى:

E.g. If you study hard, you will succeed.

6. حالة if الصفرية:

E.g. If you boil water, it evaporates. When you boil water, it evaporates.

7 – يستخدم بعد الروابط الاتية :

After/ As soon as/	(مضارع بسیط)	مستقبل'=
When / Before /	او (مضارع تام)	Will+ inf
By the time	3	***************************************
مصدر + will (won't) + فاعل	Till/until	(مضارع بسیط)
مصدر don't / مصدر	,	او (مضارع تام)

Ex- As soon as/When Ali gets home, he will have dinner

- >He won't leave until his sister arrives/has arrived
- **▶Don't press this button until the light turns green.**

3. الكلمات الدالة Key words:

أولا ظروف التكرار

, ابدأ never ، دائماً/للأبد ever ، أحياناً sometimes ، غائباً , عادة usually ، دائماً , ever ، أبدأ parely ، بالكاد seldom ، بالكاد hardly ، بالكاد frequently ، بالكاد generally ، بالكاد from time ، بين العين والآخر occasionally ، كل every ، عموماً

ثانيا الظروف الزمنية

every/each (day/week/ month / year) / in the (morning / afternoon / evening
) at night /noon on (Saturdays / Fridays) / once / twice / three times a (
day / week / month / year) daily / weekly / monthly / yearly = annually)

لا حظ الاتي

1- تاتي ظروف التكرار قبل الفعل الاساسي مع المضارع البسيط:

. تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (ظرف التكرار) + adv (ظرف التكرار) + مصدر + (ظرف التكرار) . تكملة الجملة + فعل ب s/es/ies + فعل ب s/es/ies + فعل ب عمل ب عملة مفرد . تكملة الجملة + فعل ب

e.g - We <u>usually</u> watch TV in he evening. - They <u>sometimes</u> talk on the phone - He <u>never</u> plays football- Heba <u>always</u> reads English books..

راد عد v. to be: عنوف التكرار بعد

. تكملة الجملة + صفة + (ظرف التكرار) am/is/are) + هاعل الجملة

e.g They are usually late.

Noha is always clever.

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- She is always tired in the evenings.

3_يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع الظروف الزمنية وتأتى في نعاية الجملة أو أولها

every (day/week/ month /year)

→ Rania goes to the club every Monday. Every Monday Rania goes to the club.

النفي Negation:

- نستخدم (don't))مع (i/ they/ we / you) وبعدها مصدر الفعل

- They don't like pizza.

I don't play football on Friday.

2- نستخدم (doesn't) مع (he/ she /it) وبعدها مصدر الفعل

He doesn't like eating fish.

- she doesn't want a new dress.

3 يمكن أن نستخدم never للنفي مكان doesn't وياتي بعدها فعل منتهي (s)

Ex : Ahmed doesn't study English = Ahmed never studies English

5. السؤال Question:

عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام :

? تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (ظرف التكرار) + adv (you/they) + adv كلمة استفهام تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (ظرف التكرار) + adv + (اسم مفرد +Does + (he/she/it/your + كلمة استفهام

√-When do you usually Watch TV?

-- I usually watch TV at 7 p.m

√- How does your father always go to work?

-- he always goes by car.

الالله نتبع الاتي : عند تكوين السؤال بYes / No

```
? تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (ظرف التكرار) Do + (you/they) + adv
تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (ظرف التكرار) + adv (اسم مفرد + ndv (ظرف التكرار)
```

→Do they often play tennis?. yes, they do, No they don't

عند السؤال عن عدد المرات نستخده

P How often+ Does/do +(فاعل + مصدر + فاعل) الجملة الجملة + مصدر +



(alway;–u;ually- never- every week–once – twice – three time; مجابة ب

Ex. How often do you go to the library? I go to library twice a week → How often do you fly abroad ? ≥ I fly abroad once a month

How often does Ali have history? He has history three times a week.

+am / is/are (not) + p.p

6. البني للمجمول Passive:

→ Football is played around the world. Comic films aren't watched by Heba



كيبات هامة :- (يعناد ان)

للتعبير عن العادة الحالية نستخدم احدى هذة التركيبات:

1 - (Be / get) + used to + ("v + ing" / noun)

2- It is SB's habit + to + inf

3- فاعل + (am / is / are) + in the habit of + "v + ing"

.مضارع بسيط + usually + فاعل -4

5- (Noun / "v + ing") + is + SB's habit.

e.g. # # Amr is used to studying hard.





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Amr is in the habit of studying # Amr usually studies hard. # It is Amr's habit to study hard. # Studying hard is Amr's habit.

الماضي البسيط تم شرحة مسبقا

تدريبات علي القواعد

Exercises on grammar

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1Don't forget to	o come on time when	youto come t	for the interview.	
a) ask	b) are asked	c) asked	d) are asking	
	o be as modern as my			
a) expects	b) expected	c) has expected	d) is expected	
	hoollast week a			
a) is paved	b) is paving	c)was paved	d) has paved	
	y some ancient Arab			
	b) have used			
	ieras a waiter fo			stant
	b) has worked			
6. A very nice me	ealfor us every	Friday at my grandfa	ather's house.	
a) was prepared	b) was preparing	c) is prepared	d) is preparing	
7 Healthby	smoking that causes	s many fatal disease	S.	
a) has affected	b) is affected	c) had affected	d) was affected	
8.in the Past	in Egypt all the winte	er and the weather w	vas warm and sunny.	
a)train	b) doesn't rain	c) hadn't rained	d) hasn't rained	
	father do when he			
a)is	b) was	c) had	d) was being	
10.In the solar s	ystem, all planetsa	round the sun in reg	jular orbits.	
a) move	b) moved	c) moving	d) moves	
11-Local people	jobs by	the organization.		
a. are giving	b. are given	c. is given	d. given	
12. My brother	three langua	ges.		
a. is speaking	b. spoken	c. speaks	d. speak	
13. The sun	rises in the w	est.		
a. never	b. spokenrises in the w b. alwaysusually se	c. often	d. ever	
14-Surgeons	usually so	ee small things by th	ne naked eye	
a. didn't	b. aren't	c. doesn't	d. don't	
15-What did you	r father do when he b) was	alive	?	
a) is	b) was	c) had	d) is being	
16- My brother	a lot of mor	ney from his job as a	i tourist guide.	
a) had earned	•	c) earn	d) earning	
	o 2010, my father		neer before he retire	d.
a) worked	b) was worked		d) works	ale
	oung, I usually			(431CD)
a) play	b) plays	c) playing	d) played	10 大連
a Francisco de la constante de	to her school on t			The state of the s
a) goes usually			ly d) usually g	JO
A STATE OF THE STA	around the si			- (-3)
a) move	b) moved	c) moving	d) moves	3/3
EM. 20.				一 一

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	1346
21- Hegets up early. He is always late.	
a) doesn't b) never c) ever	d) hasn't
22- She is used toat night.	a) naon e
	d) studies
a) study b) studied c) studying 23-As soon as he comes home, I him the true	uth.
a) told b) have told c) will tell	d) had told
a) told b) have told c) will tell 24- Doctorspatients when they are in need.	a, naa seta
a) help b) helped c) have help	
25- They succeed in their exams because theyhard	
a) studied b) study c) studies	
26-TheyEnglish novels and books very often.	., cana,
a) don't read b) aren't reading c) didn't re	ading d) weren't read
27- Ilastmy friend Hams when we were in Alexander	
a) have seen b) see c) had see	
28-No doubt, we all remember what our teachera	
a) said b) is saying c) says	
29- During the previous week, Ito the gym every ev	vening.
a) go b) had been c) went	
30- Scientistsuseful things that help their countries	
a) do always b) always do c) are alwa	
31-Hany neverlies. He is admired for his honesty.	
a) tell b) telling c) tells	d) has told
32-Ither habit to sleep late. She used to do this.	,
a) is b) has been c) was	d) will be
33-The teacher was very angry because Imy homew	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
a) did b) don't do c) didn't d	
34-Turn off the lights when youthe room.	,
	eaving d) had left
35-The final matchat 7 p.m. this evening.	,
a) will start b) is going to start c) started	d d) starts
36- Studentsby their teachers to do well in their e	
<u>~</u>	couraging d) are encouraged
37-The criminalsto prison for stealing the bank a n	nonth ago.
a) are sent b) were sent c) sent	d) send
38- Noha no longerhorror films as she used to.	
a) watches b) watched c) is watc	hing d) watch
39-Itwo hours to make my last decision.	,
a) was giving b) gave c) was giv	ven d) give
40-Our great scientist Ahmed Zewail isall over th	ne world.
a) known b) know c) knows	d) knew
41-Plantsbetter in soil than in sand.	
a) grow b) are grown c) grew	d) growing
42-Rubbishfrom our streets at seven every morni	ng.
	cting d) is collecting
43) Omar That's why he is always fit.	
a.smoke b. don't smokes c. doesn't smoke	es d. never smokes
44) My sisterworking with children.	£ 15 m
a. enjoying b. enjoy c. is enjoying	d. enjoys
45. We areready to help you. Don't worry.	3

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

		. 1	6
To a			ŝ
SE.	N.	5	
Q		Ü	5
	132		

a) always	b) hardly	c) never	d) rarely
	very quickly		
a.speaks	b. spoke	e. was spoken	d. speaking
47. When I am o	on holiday, I	.tennis every day.	
a. had played	b have played	c play	d played
48. Huda	late for work.		
a. never is	b. is never	c. never has	d has never
49any of	these houses damage	ed in the storm last n	ight?
a) Was	b) Is	c) Did	d) Had
50.Everyone	me lucky as I a	lways win things.	
a. calling	b. was calling	c. calls	d. called

قطعة الفهم Comprehension

: إليك مجموعة من الأسئلة الهامة التي ترد كثيراً في قطع الفهم *

1- Put a suitable title for the passage.	ضع عنواناً مناسباً للقطعة.
2- What is the main idea of the passage?	ما هي الفكرة الرئيسية في القطعة؟
3- Find in the passage words which mean a)b)	استخرج كلمات من القطعة تعني
4- What does the pronounrefer to?	ما الذي يشير إليه الضمير؟
5-What does the underlined word mean / refer to?	ماذا تعني الكلمة التي أسفلها خط ؟
	إلى ماذا تشير الكلمة التي تحتها خط؟
6-Summarize the main idea in the passage.	لخص الفكرة الرئيسية فئ القطعة
7-Show -Explain - Discuss the reasons	وضح اشرح – ناقش الأسباب
8- What do you think (is your opinion)of?	ما رأيك في؟
9- Do you agree \ oppose \ think?	هل (توافق) ـ (تعارض) ـ (تعتقد)؟
10- From your point of view/ In your opinion	من وجهة نظرك / ﴿ فِي رأيكَ ﴾
11- From the point of view of the writer (author)	من وجهة نظر الكاتب (المؤلف)
12- What is the synonym/the antonym of	ما هوالعني اوالمضاد لكلمة
12- What is the Synonym/the antonym or	هو المعلى او المصاد لكالمه

Read the following passages, then answer the questions: answered

Many researchers, engineers and environmentalists are expressing deep (1)concern about changes in the overall climate of the planet. (2)Fossil fuels are being continuously used to produce electricity. The burning of these fuels produces gases like carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxides which lead to global warming. (3) Desertification is also leading to warmer temperatures.

The (4) hazard of global warming is continuously causing major damage to the earth's environment. Most people are still (5)unaware of global warming and don't consider it a big problem in the years to come. What most people don't understand

المتمام
 القود العضري
 التصعر
 التصعر
 كغير مدرك
 كغير مدرك
 مدمر بمهلك
 المين على اليقانق
 المين اليياء
 المين البياء
 المين البياء
 المين البياء
 المين البياء
 المدين البياء

tive

is that global warming is (6)currently happening and we are already experiencing some of its (7)withering effects. It severely affects ecosystems and (8)disturbs (9)ecological balance, therefore some solutions must be (10)devised. (11)Alternative energy sources: solar, wind, hydro, (12)geothermal, bio mass need to be seriously(13) pursued. Finding and using renewable sources is one of the (14)methods to (15)combat the ever increasing global warming effectively since the continuous rise in the temperature of the planet is really upsetting. When sunlight reaches the earth 30% of the earth's sunlight is sent back into space, while the remaining is (16)absorbed by oceans air and land. This heats up the surface of the planet. It is caused by (17)anthropogenic activities.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. Desertification means.....a wide area of trees.
- a) clearing b) planting c) irrigating d) spraying
- 2.The underlined word "its" refers to.......
- a) desertification b) global warming c) environment d) C02
- 3. Scientists recommend......fossil fuels in an attempt to solve the problem.
- a) using b) misusing c) reducing d) reusing
- 4. Burning fossil fuels.....global warming.
- a) causes of b) results of c) leads to d) results from

Test yourself

Rules are of extreme importance to all of us. Some people get bored or object to one rule or another, but no one can deny that life would be impossible without rules. Traffic rules are among the most important in modern life. When you drive your car, there are many rules to follow. Your car has to be in a good condition. You have to check the amount of petrol in your car; otherwise, it may stop suddenly in the middle of a crowded street causing you a lot of trouble. It is really essential that you adjust the mirror to be sure that no one is parking behind you. Don't forget to measure the level of oil in your engine and be sure the battery is working properly. The tyres should be checked before moving. If you neglect that, you will have to face the trouble of changing the flat tyre by yourself. If you don't check your wipers, you will be sorry. It might rain suddenly and spoil your trip. You have to check the brakes also or you will bang against the first tree in front of you. Don't forget to fasten your seat belts or you'll pay a fine. After all these precautions, do you still want to drive a car?

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. What will happen if you don't fasten your seat belt?
- a) You will have an accident. b) You will face troubles in crowded streets.
- c) You may pay a fine. d) Your car will break down.
- 2.A word from the passage that means, "give no or too little attention" is......
- a) forget b) neglect c) bang d) check
- a) checking the tyres b) moving c) trouble d) flat tyre
 - 4. The best title for the passage is ".....".
- a) Extreme rules b) The rules of life
- c) Why people don't like rules d) The importance of rules
- 5.To avoid crashing into a car behind you, you have to
- a) fasten your seat belt b) check the tyres
- check your wipers d) adjust the mirror
- - a) brakes b) the wipers c) the mirror d) seat belt

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

Many scientists believe that the earth is slowly getting warmer. Over the past hundred years, the temperature of the earth has increased by about one degree Fahrenheit. Is this cause for alarm? Is the earth's climate changing? If the earth is getting warmer, what do some scientists say is the cause? Whenever something is burned, fuel in a car, coal to make electric power, or trees to clear land for farming, pollution goes into the air. Part of pollution is carbon dioxide gas. When carbon dioxide gets into the atmosphere, it prevents the heat from the sun from escaping from the earth. The heat is needed to keep the earth warm. However, as pollution increases, so does the amount of carbon dioxide. More heat is trapped, and the earth gets warmer. This is sometimes called the "greenhouse effect."The trapped warm air makes the earth much like a greenhouse. A warmer earth could cause the climate to change. Many scientists and environmentalists believe that the only way to stop global warming is to cut down on carbon dioxide pollution. To reach such a goal, people throughout theworld would have to cooperate and look for new ways to reduce pollution.

throughout theworld would have to co	operate and look for new ways to reduce pollution.
Choose the correct answer from a, b, o	
1.The "greenhouse effect" causes	
a) more carbon dioxide in the atmosph	, .
c) global warming	d) pollution
2. The earth's temperature has gone up	one degree Fahrenheit
a. every one hundred years	b.Since the creation of carbon dioxide
c.in the past hundred years	d.every year since the invention of the automobile
3 What do people do that adds to pollu	ition?
a) Use carpools.	b) Use public transportation,
c) Burn garbage.	d) Cut down trees.
4. "Global warming"	•
a) means the earth is getting warmer	b) is the same as the sun getting hotter
c) is the same as pollution	d) is the same as trapped heat
Translation	
) Translate into Arabic:	
A lot of international conferences	s have been held in order to reach a solution
r the problem of global warming	
i tile problem of global warming	

2-Cooperation, unity and being armed with science are the best means for the success and progress of individuals and nations

3- . Blood donors have their blood pressure and iron levels checked before donation, so people who donate blood can find out quickly if they have any health problems.

4- Modern age has witnessed a huge revolution in the field of information technology and the internet..

.5- Our parents exert great efforts to please us and provide a happy, secure life for us .We really owe much to them

6-Many famous Egyptians are admired for their intelligence, creation and their ability to do great and charity work.
7-Natural disasters like earthquakes, hurricanes and volcanoes can cause tremendous havoc.
8-Human beings are the greatest threat to the survival of endangered species through habitat destruction and the effects of climate change.
(B) Translate only into English: 1- يجب ان نزود الاطفال بالطعام الصحى والرعاية الصحية والتعليم بالجيد ووسائل الترفية المختلفة
2 التبرع بالدم يساعد في انقاذ الملايين من المرضى والمصابين حول العالم كما ان له بعض الفوائد الصحية للمتبرعين انفسهم
1 . N TNI 2 N 41 . N 10 N 14 . 1 N
3 يعتبر محمد صلاح , لاعب كرة القدم المشهور عالميا , مثالا لللاعب الموهب ذي الاخلاق الحميد
**** (****
4_ تقوم الجمعيات الخيرية بدور فعال من اجل الفقراء و المحتاجين
5_العلم سلاح ذو حدين ففى السلم اداة للتطور وفى الحرب اداة للخراب والدمار
6_ تقوى الألعاب الرياضية أجسامنا وتنعش عقولنا وتعلمنا التعاون والصبر وحب الوطن
7_ من أهم الأهداف التي تسعى الحكومة لتحقيقها تطوير التعليم. (أعداث)
8 <u>. تشجع الح</u> كومة الصناعة المحلية لتستغني عن الكثير من الواردات.

Mr/mohamed Fawzi



Test on unit 2



Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

1. The antonyms of the word "generous" are
a) stingy b) chartiable c) wealthy d) mean e)unselfish
2. There have been several attacks on foreigners recently. The synonyms of the word "attack"
are
a) precede b) assault c) unfaithful d) shelter e) strike
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
3. As a striker, Marwan Mohsen is supposed togoals, not to lose the ball
a) reach b) score c) realise d) miss
4. At hospitals, blood pressure isregularly for patients before surgical operations
a) received b)taken c)done d)made
5is the respect and admiration that someone or something get of their success
or important position in society.
a) Generosity b) Ability c) Prestige d)Support
6. After the terrible fire, a lot of volunteers who wanted to give of blood and money
for the victims.
a) iron-levels b) donations c) transplants d) pressure
7.The new law helped reduce theof rare animals.
a) survivalb) lifec) huntingd)death8. Children need to bewell by their parents at home in order not to hurt themselves
8. Children need to bewell by their parents at home in order not to hurt themselves
a) monitored b) praised c) benefited d) employed
9.The farmers build fences to protect theirfrom wild animals and thieves.
a) wildlife b) parties c) livestock d) tracks
10.My brotheris to live in a large palace in a European country.
a) desire b) desires c)desiring d) is desiring
11. My sonambitious and he wants to study medicine.
a) is always b) always is c) doesn't always d)isn't always.
12.That old carused any more.
a) doesn't b) didn't c) is d)isn't
13.Every day , my roomwhile I am at school.
a) was tidied b) was being tidied c) is tidied d)tidied
14.At the age of seven, I alwaysfootball in the street with my friends
a) played b) plays c) had played d) play

2.Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Our culture is the system we use to build our identity. All living creatures are part of a culture. Even animals have a culture! So, what is culture? It's the way we behave in a group. It begins with each individual family. Within our families, we do things to build relationships with each other. This can include routines for doing things. It also includes traditions. Traditions are activities that are repeated on a regular basis. Culture is not limited to individual family groups. The real strength of culture is in larger community groups. These larger groups are called societies.

Every society makes rules for itself. It decides how people should act in different situations. Some of these rules are written down. Some are just things that are automatically expected of all members of that society. Often, cultures can be identified by what the people believe. Cultures are also known by what they choose to include in their art. Sometimes a society forms around people who speak the same language. Cultures may also be known for their customs, including the foods they make and the

10 3		
*C.		S
things they do. Our cultures help us underst	and who we are and	what we believe. There
are very strong emotions connecting us to o	ur own society. Two	different cultures
may disagree on beliefs, especially if they	both feel strongly a	about <u>them</u> . When that
happens, war is a common result. People ar		
each other. The more we learn, the more we	appreciate the differ	ences in cultures.
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d		
1- Cultural rules made by a society are		
a) all written down	b) not all writ	ten down
c) divided between written and expected	•	
2- The writer suggests that culture starts wit		.a. poopio
a) an individual b) a society	c) a tribe	d) a family
3- The underlined pronoun "them" refers to		a, a lanny
a) cultures b) rules	c) beliefs	d) feelings
4- According to the passage, culture can be		
a) what people believe		
,	b) what peop	
c) what people draw	d) what people beli	eve and do
5- What role does culture play inside a family	•	. 4
a) It helps build relationships.	b) It keeps th	
c) It defends people's language.	d) It develops	s art.
6- Suggest a suitable title for the passage.		
a) The culture in our community	b) Culture an	
c) Culture and language	d) Culture an	d customs
7- Culture is known by		
a) what the people believe	b) the customs we	have
c) the choices of art the society has	d) all of these)
8- The more we learn, the more we apprec	iate the differences	in cultures. The word
'appreciate' here means		
a) to be grateful b) to go up in prid	ce c) to we	elcome d) to realise
3. Translate the following into Arabic.		
Mobile addiction has become one of the psycho	logical problems whi	ch many young
people suffer from. Doctors have special course	es to treat it like any p	sychological disease
4. Translate the following into English.		
<i>وقت ا</i> لمشاكل وشخصا مخلصا ومحبا ,فانت اذا انسان ناجح	صبورا فى ساعةاالمعاناة وقويا فر	ان تكون غير انانى ومتواضعا وذكيا و
	يدة	حقا , وتتحلى بكثير من الصفات الحم
	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
		•
5. Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFT	Y (150) words on the fo	ollowing:
The job you dream and your reasons for c	· '	
<u> </u>		
(64)		(40)(D
A)		(32)
10.3		The Mary



Unit 3 Improving lives



Key vocabulary

debts	ديون	miserable	بائس او تعیس
earn	يكسب مال	plump	بدین(بشکل جذاب)
merchant	تاجر	prison	سچن
owe	یدین ب	rats	فئران كبيرة
culture	ثقافة	Youth association	جمعية الشباب
community	مجتمع	Food bank	بنك الطعام

Lessons 1&2

borrow	يستعير	entertainment	ترفیه/تسلیة
cotton	قطن		بنس(عملة نقدية)
Sell goods	يبيع بضائع	parents	الوالدين
remove	يزيل	reward	يكافىء
theatre	مسرح	modern	حديث
ticket	تذكرة		مبنى
break	يكسر/فسحة	hurt	يؤذي/يجرح
criminal	مجرم	terrible	فظيع/مرعب
country	دولة		مصنع
happen	يعدث	similar	مشابه
arrange	يرتب		صعب
hard work	عمل شاق	novel	رواية
empty bottles	زجاجات فارغة	high school	مدرسة ثانوى
river	النهر	storyteller	راوى القصة
hate	يكره	writer	كاتب
Tired-looking lady	سيدة يبدو عليها التعب	successful	ناجح
childhood	الطفولة	stepfather	زوج الام
discover	يكتشف	change	يفير
deserve	يستحق	A group of	مجموعة من
twins	تؤام	The rich	الاغنياء
several	عديد	worse	اسؤا
the police	الشرطة	law	قانون
honest	امين	helpful	مساعد/مفید
trick	خدعة/حيلة	opinion	رای
pass the exam	يجتاز الامتحان	clothes	ملابس
angry	غاضب	support	يؤيد/يساند

Lesson s 3 & 4

problem	مشكلة	express	يعبر عن
happen	يحدث	expression	تعبير
main	اساسی	machines	וצצט





character	شخصية	trust	يثق
solve	يحل	important	هام
surprise	دهشة/مفاجاة	planning	التخطيط
really	حقا/فعلا	spend	يقضى
suggest	يقترح	meet	يقابل
suggestion	اقتراح	a bad person	شخص سء
voluntary	تطوعي	factual	واقعى
volunteer	متطوع	The red crescent	الهلال الاحمر
children	اطفال	opportunity	فرصة
animals	حيوانات	morals	أخلاق
message	رسالة	Grown-up	بالغ/ناضج
partner	شريك	deny	ينكر
respect	يحترم/احترام	admit	يعترف
disabled	معاق	expert	خبير

Expressions & Prepositions

Earn a lot of money	يكسب مالا كثيرا	stay in	يقيم في
find out	يكتشف	become ill	يمرض
Break the law	يخرق القانون	a visit to	زيارة الى
look after	یعتنی ب		لديه مشكلة مع
Work for	يعمل لدى	go to prison	يذهب للسجن
pay for	يدفع ثمن شي	Do voluntary work	يقوم بعمل تطوعى
Oweto	يدين (بمال) ل	have debits	لدیه دیون
because of	بسبب	commit a crime	يرتكب جريمة
at a modern building	فی مبنی حدیث	Sell a lot of goods	يبيع كثير من البضائع
agree with	يتفق مع	feel sad	يشعر بالحزن
At the beginning of	فی بدایة	opinion about	رای ء بخصوص
good at	جید فی	Think of/about	يفكر في
play tricks	يخدع/يقوم بخدع	In my free time	في وقت فراغي
change the world	يغير العالم	leave school	يترك المدرسة
Takeaway	ياخذ بعيدا	Pay back	یرد دینا

Words, synonyms and antonyms

Word		المرداف Synonym	antonym	المضاد
arrange	يرتب/ينظم	organise	disarrange/disorder	يبعثر
borrow	يستلف	acquire	Lend/loan	يقرض
dirty	قذر	contaminated	Clean/pure	نظيف
hard	شاق	tough	soft/delicate	رقيق/مرهف
empty	فارغ	vacant	Full/overflowing	مملؤء
hate	يكره	dislike	Love/adore	ايخب
miserable	بائس	unhappy/sad	cheerful/happy	سعيد/مبتهج
plump	ممتلىءِ الجسم	chubby	Thin/skinny	نحيف
tired	متعب	exhausted	active/lively/fresh	نشيط

			Call
امين/مخلص	Trustful/loyal	Dishonest/disloyal	خائن/غير مخلص
ثقافة	sophistication	Ignorance/inexperience	جهل و
يعترف ب	Confess/acknowledge	Deny/reject/exclude	ينكر
تطوعى	Willing/optional	involuntary /unwilling	غير تطوعى
بالغ	grown-up	Infant/immature	طفل
فيما بعد	next	Earlier/former	سابقا
محظوظ	fortunate	Unlucky/unfortunate	غير محظوظ
يثق	believe	Doubt/suspect	يشك
غير معتاد	uncommon	Usual/common	معتاد
	شقافة يعترف ب تطوعى بالغ فيما بعد معظوظ يثق	sophistication ثقافة Confess/acknowledge يعترف ب Willing/optional تطوعى grown-up بالغ next فيما بعد fortunate	sophistication Ignorance/inexperience بعترف بالله Confess/acknowledge Deny/reject/exclude يعترف و Willing/optional involuntary /unwilling نطوعی grown-up Infant/immature الله next Earlier/former فيما بعد fortunate Unlucky/unfortunate يثق believe Doubt/suspect

Language notes

1-in debt = indebted دين debt دين debt
He was in debt as he borrowed a lot of money. Mr Micawber went to prison because of his debts
احظ التعبيرات والمتلافظات الاتية
مدين بالشكر والاعتراف debt of gratitude/thanks عليه ديون كثيرة
Pay off debts يسدد الديون a heavy debt دين كبير write off/cancel a debt
يرتكب جريمة commit a crime جريمة 2-Criminal
شىء + شغص + owe یدین بــ (شی)لشخص oweto
He owns a red car. We owe much money to the bank. Ali owes Ramy 20 pounds
عطوف على good to # good for عطوف على good to #
→ He is good at remembering names. → This place is good for your health.
اسم مفرد (اضافي – زيادة) + another - // بدون اسم (اخرون) others - اسم جمع + 5 – other
Some people like English. Other people don't like it. I like this cake, give me another one.
Some people like English. Others don't like it.
G- life (أداه لا يعد ولا يسبقه اسم - There is no life on the moon Life is fun.
a life – (lives) انوع معين من حياة السم يعد غالبا يسبقها صفه - He leads a happy life .
?What do you know about the life of Charles Dickens - <mark>اسم یعد (نوع معین من حیاه) عـاقـل اسم + the life of</mark>
7 –realize يتعرف على شكل او هيئة (مكان او شخص) recognize
→ He realized that his wallet was stolen. → When I saw my friend, I couldn't recognize him.
8 عند استخدام the + (adj) = a group of people الصفة إلي اسم جمع: the + (adj) = a group of people
the poor / the rich / the disabled / the deaf / the blind / the dumb /the sick / the dead / the
young / the old / the homeless / the elderly / the unemployed
. ينفق مال on + /noun + مبلغ مالي + spend + # - spend + مدة زمنية + v. ing
- He spent two hours playing the piano. ←- He spent a lot of money on food
على السواء/ متشابه alike مثل (للتشبيه) like (طليفة شخص) على السواء/ متشابه
- He works as an engineer. /He wears glasses like his father. / the two children are very alike
11-hard (adj.) مجتهد/صعب/صلب No one passed the exam. It was hard.
hard (adv.) بجدابشدة/بغزارة ابعنفُ Rana studies hard to get high marks
hardly (adv.) بالكاد/بالصعوبة There is hardly any water in the glass. It's very dark in this room. I can hardly see.
يساعد فى شيء + with مفعول 12 – help يساعد فى شيء + with بفعول 12 – 12 (to + inf) / inf. She helped women (to) succeed. He helped me with homework.
السجن(الحبس) imprison/jail سجين prisoner سجين imprison السجن العبس

Prison is the right place for the criminals. No one has seen him since his imprisonment الطاق الله الحياة الحياة الحياة - Live يعيش - Live نشيط Livel - حى اعلى قيد الحياة - Livel

 rob + (پسرق(شخص/مکان) A gang robbed the bank yesterday.

 rob somebody of something

A gang robbed the bank yesterday.
They robbed him of his money.

<u>steal + يسرق</u> The thief stole her bag The thief stole my money.

Look for	يبحث عن	look at	ينظرالى	Look forward to	يتطلع الى
Look after	یعتنی ب	Look into	يمعنى النظر في	Look up	يبحث عن كلمة في قاموس
Look like	يشبه	Look out	يحترس	Look up to	يحترم

17- Lose (/?? /?)

- ♣ lose a match / a job / someone / keys / interest المتمام / patience الصبر / weight /hair / blood /sight البصر / memory / time / money / his mind البصر lose to يفقد عقله
- He lost his leg in a car accident. The team played well, but lost the game.
- He kept on crying and I lost my patience. He lost a lot of money at races
- (/يفتقد (شخص) / يفوته (وسيلة مواصلات /رحلة /مبارة) يضيع هدف/ ضربة جزاء
- ه miss a bus / a plane / a train / flight /breakfast / someone يفتقد شخص a chance عنوته الفرصة
- -She missed her family badly . The player missed the goal
- I missed the start of the exam because my bus was late.

18- work

(عمل ـ مكان العمل) اسم لا يعد

- I have got a lot of work to do. Mr Ahmed leaves work at two o'clock. Egypt has many amazing works of engineering . ملعوظة ممكن ان تعد عند الحديث عن عمل ادبي اوفني اوهندسي
- job He has got a job as a teacher.
- (look for/apply for / find /get) a job → I've applied for several jobs without success
- career الحياة الهنية للفرد He started his career five years ago.
- مهنة : تحتاج إلى مؤهلات وتدريب (التدريس/الطب/القضاء) profession
- Teaching is a great profession. Doctors and nurses belong to the medical profession

<u>. </u>	
یخترع شی لیس موجود : 19-Invent	Graham Bell <u>invented</u> the telephone.
explore : يستكشف مكان و يعرف شيء عنه	They went on an expedition to explore the river Nile
شيء كان موجودا من قبل ولكن غير) Discover	The <u>planet</u> <u>Pluto</u> was discovered in 1930
يكتشف(معروف	
يكتشف – (معلومة حقيقة) (find out (about	I found out I had made a mistake.

- ثاني او اخر latter ♣ latter ثاني او اخر
- * she later worked for an organization. She offered me more money or a car and I chose the latter

ثقافة/حضارة 21- culture

I love working abroad and meeting people from different cultures.

We are all proud of ancient egyptian culture

cultural (adj) ثقافی people who share the same cultural background.

- Mr sayed is a cultured person..

-Rice culture needs a lot of water







David Copperfield

'This is Mr Quinion, David,' Mr Murdstone said. 'You're going to work for him at Murdstone and Grinby, the bottle merchants, in London. You'll earn enough money to pay for your food, and I've arranged a place for you to live.'

I was ten years old and I was going to go to work. And it was hard work. I went to a dirty old house near the river where rats lived under the floors. There my job was to wash empty bottles with three other boys, and I hated it.

One morning, a plump man came to see me with Mr Quinion.

'Ah, Master Copperfield!' the man said 'This is Mr Micawber,' Mr Quinion told me. 'You will be living at his house.'

And that evening, Mr Micawber took me home. His wife – a thin, tired-looking lady – was sitting with a baby. The baby was one of twins, and they had a boy of four and a girl of three.

I soon discovered that the Micawbers were poor and that Mr Micawber owed money to several people. One morning the police came and took Mr Micawber away to prison because of his debts. I went to see him there the next Sunday.

'If a man earns twenty pounds a year and spends nineteen pounds, he'll be happy,' he said. 'But if he spends twenty pounds and a penny, he'll be miserable.'

Voluntary Work

Tarek:

In my opinion the Egyptian Food Bank (EFB) is making the world a better place because it helps people who haven't got enough money for food.

Samir:

I have experienced the work of Tomorrow's Dreamer Youth Association. In my opinion, it shows young people that they can make a difference, and it teaches them about other cultures and communities. They are doing a great job by helping to educate a lot of young people.

Maher:

The Egyptian Red Crescent helps a lot of people every day. When there is a big health problem, we always see the doctors from the Red Crescent on TV. But they also work with communities to stop health problems from happening. One day, I want to do some voluntary work.

Listening (1):

Charles Dickens

Today millions of people know Charles Dickens for the brilliant books that he wrote. He was a great storyteller. But Dickens didn't only want to entertain people with his books, he also



wanted to change their opinions about the world they lived in. He hoped his readers would then do something to make the world a better place. Dickens was most interested in helping poor children because of his own difficult childhood. When he was 12 years old, Charles' father was sent to prison. Like Davide Copperfield, he had to leave school and work to support his family instead. The Poor Law of 1834 removed support for most poor people so their lives were hard. When he wrote David Copperfield between 1849 and 1850, Dickens wanted to show us that not all poor people were bad. Like his father, Mr. Micawber went to prison because he had no money but after he left prison, he wanted to help David because he was a good man. In Dickens' books, people who worked hard were also often rewarded. For example, at the end of the book, David Copperfield becomes a successful writer. Dickens also wanted to say that rich people needed to do something to help the poor. In David Copperfield, a man called Mr Wickfield helps David by giving him a room. Dickens thought that people like Mr Wickfield were honest and good and deserved to be rewarded. Other people in the book, on the other hand, were bad and he had unhappy end.

The Listening (2) :

Let's talk about how to write a great short story. It's important to plan your story. It should have four parts. At the start, we find out when and where the story is happening and we meet the main character. Don't spend too much time describing places and people- your characters need to do something from the start. In the second part of the story, the main character has a problem or something goes wrong. It's a good idea to have two or more problems. After that, the problem or problems are solved and everything is OK again. In this third part of the story, there should be a surprise for the reader. Finally, we find out what the characters do next, so, what happens to them when things are OK again

1- Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1.Footballe	ers often earn a lo	ot of money. Th	e synonyms of	win are
a- obtain	b- support	c- beat	d-gain	e.lose
2- He went	tofor a cri	me he didn't co	mmit.	
a- prisoner	b – impris	on c-prison	d-jail	e-jailer
3- Volunta	ry work is of a gr	eat importance	. The antonyms	of "voluntary" are
a- optional	b- exceptio	nal C- obli	gatory d-comp	ulsory e-obligation
4 The Nil	e plays a key	in every Egy	/ptian's life.	
a-party	b-partial	c- part	d-role	e-rule
5.Parents v	vho have experie	nced losing on	e of their sons	always look
a- unhappy	b-pleased	c- misery	d- miserable	e e- miser
6.People v	vorking overtime	feel		
a-tiring	b- very tired	c- exhausted	d-sad e	- sadly
7 Finishin	g writing your es	say, don't forg	et toit for sp	elling and punctuation.
a- review	b-revise	c-write	d -copy	e-finish
8.I'd like to	do something to	help other peor	ole in my	

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

free time b-	leisure C-plea	sure d- for free	e- freedom	1
9.Here are 4 v	aluable to li	ive a balanced life.	**	
a- tips k	n-advices c-advise	es d- pieces of advice	e e-advisors	
<u>-</u>		ople will be punished.		
	- honest c-b		e-clever	
<u> </u>		eekend? The antonyms		
are	w your car for the w	cerena: The antonyms	of the word borrow	
	a) lend c) c	disorder d) organise	e) return	
			d "honest" is the synonym	
of the words		vorking people: The wor	a nonest is the synonym	
		sincere d) chubby	e) trustful	
•			he antonyms of the word	
"dirty" are			no unionymo or ino mora	
a) clean	b) spotless	c) fresh d)lean	e) delicate	
,	, <u> </u>	•	ns of the word unusaual are	
a) common) unwilling d) essentia		
			ns of the word "admit" are	
		trust d) confess		
	ms of the word "adu		5, 2.513 ,	
a)voluntary		dolescent d) grown-u	p e) oppose	
,	.,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1- choose the	e correct answer i	from a b.c or d		
	when her husband			
a) miserable		c) empty	d) hard	
	n a lot of mo	-	D.	
a) win	b) gain	c) work	d) earn	
	money to pay off his		alvala lata	
a) money	, ,	•	d) doubts	
_		of money to the bank.	d) b a man a d	
a) owed	b) owned		d) borrowed	
_		king a man with a knife		
a) palace		c) prison	d) hotel	
		because he left his co		
a) work	, .	,	profession	
•	-	oroblem with	d) roto	
a) bats	b) cows	c) ants She is, healthy	d) rats	
•		c) dumb		
a) bump	b) plump		d) thumb to school on Saturday this week!	
a-truck	b-tick	c-trick	d-stick	
		were selling goods from		
a-buyers	b-guards	c-educators	d-merchants	
_		imes. He is a		
a) merchant	b) spokesman	c) criminal	d) lawyer	
•		from the library at a tim	,	
a) lend	b) owe	c) borrow	d) earn	
No. of the Contract of the Con	,	hof the building.	(52)00	
a) lift	b) floor	c) elevator	d) store	
	e still trying tothe		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3
a) expend	b) explore	c) invent	d) discover	2
The state of the s	· -	rs hadthe law and s	2000	in.
a) supported	b) broken	c) gone	d) issued	

16 Our Society e	hould look	homeless child	ron	· 10
a) forward			d) up	COMP
200.4	•	or us to wear in specia	, .	3/4
a) made	b) did			
•			•	
_			s not an honest merchant.	
a) with	b) to	c) of	d) from	
•			the word "borrow" is	
a) dislike	b) lend	c) disorder nishment? He is very∃	, •	
	-			
a) earn	b) owe	ate tothem for I	d) deserve	
a) reward		c) present		
•	•	because of his serious	<i>.</i> -	
_	b) lets			
,	•	n was, he is a gi	, G	
a) active		c) brilliant		
•	b) ugly nest" is the synonyn		u) uun	
a) dishonest		c) chubby	d) trustful	
,			,	
a) moved		old paint should be c) repaired		
,	•	nded young woman.	u) damageu	
•		c) at	d) by	
a) for	ould aim toas	•	d) by	
		c) entertain	d) porform	
a) save		w educational system	d) perform	
a) of		w educational system c) at	d) for	
•	•	•	we could listen to his stories fo	ar.
hours.	ei was a greatvi	ien we were children	we could listell to his stories it	Л
	b) poet	c) playwright	d) dancer	
		same time to the sam		
a) Twins	b) Merchants		d) Criminals	
31- Ho hasn't	his driving tost vo	t, so he can't drive a c	ear alone	
	b) passed		d) lost	
		e as she worked hard	,	
a) tiring-looked		c) tiring-looking	d) tired-looked	
, •	o there alone at nigh			
a) take part	•	c) happen	d) share	
			he synonym of the word"dirty"	is
a) clean	b) contaminated		d) cheerful	
,	-	igh confidence to spe	•	
a) win	b) beat	c) earn	d) gain	
•	•	neher family a lot	, •	
a) misses		c) gains	d) beats	
		und was tooto p		
a) hardness	_	c) hardest	d) hard	
•	,	ompany in Alexandria.	•	
a) job	b) work		d) profession	
	a month to discuss.		a, p. 0.000.01.	二海性
a) opportunity		c) character	d) lucky	4010
A STATE OF THE STA	,	neone how much they	, ,	The state of the s
a) dream	b) structure	c) character	d) culture	x 42 4
	•	ouldn't call his dac		
a-grandmother	b-stepmother	c-stepfather	d-stepsister	1 CAR
THE STATE OF THE S	•	•		Charles Charles

	2
42-Children need tothings for themselves to learn from them.	Con To
a) experiment b) expert c) expire d) experience	米杯
43-The old man's sons hadhim into signing the papers.	
a) trekked b) ticked c) tricked d)truck	
44- Does your grandmother have any long-termproblems?	
a) health b) healthy c) healthier d) healthily	
45- Whatever she did, itno difference in our life.	
a) did b) gave c) took d) made	
46- I'lloff all my debts first, then I will marry my fiancée.	
a) send b) give c) pay d)take	
47- The girls were playing trickstheir classmates.	
a) on b) about c) at d) by 48- This neighbour has a friendlyWe all like to speak to him.	
a) charter b) character c) practice d) habit	
49- The policeman asked the security tothe man who entered the company after work	hours.
a) prescribe b) admire c) admit d) describe	
50- Theentrance to the building is on the other side.	
a) main b) mean c) exceptional d) extra	
52- She used bluefor her bedroom. She thought it would be wonderful.	
a) plain b) paint c) planet d) print	
53- Heris to travel to some European countries after she graduates.	
a) plane b) plain c) plan d) plate	
54- Hehis problem by asking the advice of a wise man.	
a) served b) search c) solved d) sorted	
55- Youthis a group of young people who do things together.	
a) association b) federation c) participation d) dream	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
56- We're lucky that nothing was stolen. The antonym of the word "lucky" is	
a) fortunate b) willing c) unlucky d) unwilling	
57- In her spare time, shevoluntary work for the orphanage.	
a) gives b) makes c) does d) takes	
58-The thief finallyhe had stolen the money.	
a) broke b) admitted c) experienced d)denied	
59. He died heavily in	
a. promise b. debt c. ditch d. pit	-£-
60.I don'tenough money working as a clerk, so I also do some part-time work at a c	are.
a. earn b. perform c. possess d. share	
61. Hehis life to the staff at the hospital as they did their best to keep him alive.	
a. saved b. gave c. owed d. endangered	
62. He has lost everything and now he is	
a. important b. lucky c. miserable d. misery	
63. Debts drove a friend of mine into a life of	
a. misery b. refinery c. pleasure d. treasure	
64. My sister has a child withrosy cheeks. She is beautiful.	
a. tired b. plump c. ugly d. dirty	
65. Her father'scame as great shock to all those who know him.	
a. die b. died c. death d.dead	
66. "Doing too much work made my friend miserable." The antonym of the word miseral	ole is
a. dull b. depressed c. cared d. pleased	(F2100)
67is to miserable as confess is to admit.	Car X
a. Pleased b. Cheerful c. Unhappy d. Delighted	2 1
68. There aredifferences between people in Upper Egypt and those in the delta.	1536
a. cultures b. cultural c. cultured d. cultivate	100
69.The police neverwho the murderer of the woman was.	CA MA

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

- a) devised b) invented c) discovered d) explored 70. My father is looking for a new.....because he left his company. b) work c) career d) profession a) job 71.It must be for her bringing up three kids on her own. c) hardest a) hardness b) hardly d) hard
- 72. By the time we got there, we had.....the beginning of the movie.
- a) missed b) lost c) found d) cut
- 73. Researchers have......a substance in coffee that acts like morphine.
- a) explored b) discovered c) invented d) devised

Gramma

زمن المضارع التام The present perfect tense

or

(has/have + P.P + فاعل + has/have

> Ex.He has watched the match.

(الله + has/have(not) + p.p.....

> Ex. He hasn't watched the match.

(Have/has + sub... + p.p ?)

(+have/has + sub...+ p.p....?) ادة استفهام

> ❖ Have you finished your homework? Yes, I have./No, I haven't.

>- When have you finished your homework?

(.... + have/has + been + p.p...)

> TV has been watched by them.

3 في حالة المبنى للمجهول: يتكون من

: Form التكوين

الله الإثبات: يتكون من المناسبة الإثبات: يتكون من المناسبة الإثبات المناسبة المن

2 في حالة النفي: يتكون من

3- في حالة السؤال: يتكون من

1 يستخدم المضارع التام للتعبير عن أحداث في الماضي انتهت حالاً أو منذ فترة قصيرة جِداً

I've just finished reading David Copperfield

2 - حدث بدا في الماضي ومازال مستمر في المضارع مع for/since

We have lived in Giza for ten years. We have been at this school since 2012.

3-حدث بدا في الماضي وله اثر او نتيجة في الوقت الحاضر مع SO او because

- → I can't open the door because I have lost my keys.
- → Ahmed has hurt his leg, so he can't play football today.
- → Ali is happy because he has passed his exam

4 يعبر عن حدث تم في الماضي دون تحديد وقته

E.g. – I have painted the house . He has visited England three times.

31_ لكلمات الدالة Key words

So far = up till now = until now

E.g. Mona has studied for lessons so far/up till now

تستخدم (ever)مع المضارع التام للسؤال عن الخبرات السابقة بمعنى (من قبل): ever

⇒Have you ever been to the desert?

Yes, I have. / No, I haven't. / No, I have never been there

have / has + ever + p.p الماعل + thave / has + ever I ـ تستخدم ايضا في الجملة التي تبدأ ب: It is the first time I have ever seen snow. 2 ـ الجمل التي تحتوى على صيغة التفضيل: est + صفة ا Is/are the طاعل l have ever + p.p + اسم صفة طويلة + Most This is the tallest tree I have ever seen. **⇒**Soha is the most intelligent girl I have ever met. Nothing like this has ever happened to me 3 الجمل التي تبدا ب No 🗷 تستخدم (never)مع المضارع التام المنفي للتحدث عن الخبرات السابقة بمعنى (ابدا / مطلقا): never The's never ridden a camel and he's never seen the sea. لاحظ : ميكن ان نُسنُخدم never في الجهل الانبة: **⊃**My brother has never driven a car before (never) + (before) ⇒ I have never seen such a tall tree. اسم موصوف + such + اسم موصوف الشيء/الشخص + than + صفة مقارنة + اسم + have/has + never + p.p + فاعل € I have never seen a more exciting film than Brave heart. يستخدم (just) مع المضارع التام بمعنى (حالا) لنقول ان شيئ ما حدث منذ فترة قصيرة : iust Leila isn't here. She's just gone. The bus has just left! I can see it over there يستخدم (already) مع المضارع التام بمعنى (بالفعل) لنقول ان شيئ ما حدث قبل ما كنا نتوقعة : already الثالث already بين already والتصريف الثالث Hany has already made his bed الخبرية المثبتة المث ← Leila has finished her homework already. تاتي في السؤال (للتعجب والتاكد من تمام الفعل)! Have you finished doing the exercise already? how fast تستخدم (yet) مع المضارع بمعنى (حتى الان) لنسأل عن او نتكلم عن شيء ما متوقع حدوثه : yet ← Have you finished your homework yet? ♦ تاتى yet في نهاية السؤال ←← I haven't had breakfast yet. الجملة المنفية ولا yet في نهاية المنفية المنفية التصريف الثالث has/have not والتصريف الثالث Hany has not yet woken up مؤخراً/ حديثاً (يُفضل أن تأتى في جملة منفية أو سؤال)) Lately E.g. I haven't met Soha lately. Have you heard from tom lately? مؤخراً/ حديثاً (يُفضل أن تأتى في جملة مثبتة او سؤال) recently Samy has married recently. Have you heard from tom recently? Last (week- month - year - Monday - night) 1998 / 5 o'clock / Sunday The /this morning -yesterday Lunch time - spring - then-that time بداية الحدث (بداية المدة + Since His arrival/ childhood/death /Marriage/ birthday/graduation I /He/she was/the age of /the beginning of Since the last + اسم (since the last visit/match/meeting. I've studied English since I was eight years old (a week/three weeks – a month/five months – a year/ten years- a day /four days - an hour /7 hours - a minute /15 minutes / a night / a while/ a decade / a season) مدة كاملة + For (a long(short) time / ages/ more than /some time/ ever) مدة + For the last/past (for the last week/month) الخلاصة (تاتي مع كل ماانتهي ب S وبدا ب a /an)

♣ I have lived here for 13 years.

Mr/mohamed Fawzi



كلمات اخرى تستخدم مع المضارع التام

على مر السنين/العصور (Over / throughout the (years /ages

في الاسابيع/الشهور/السنوات الماضية (weeks / months /years) في الاسابيع

في السنوات القليلة الماضية in the past few years

يستخدم مع الكلمات والتعبيرات اذا كان هذه الفترات الزمنية مستمرة الى لحظة الكلام

Today/this (morning /evening/ week/month) e.g He has written three reports this morning. This is the first time/lt's the second time.

يمكن استخدام since كاداة ربط

ماضی بسیط → Since

It's a period of time

→ Since

Ex-It's two weeks since I met him.

>he has studied English since she started her school.

مضارع تام → Since then

Hany went to live in Paris. since then I haven't contacted him

Had + p.p Since

It was a year since I had seen her.

ماضی بسیط → ماضی بسیط Since

How long is it since you got married?

(have/has) been to & (have/has) gone to لاحظ الفرق بين

1- ذهب الى مكان او زار مكان و عاد منه او عند السؤال عن مكان لم تزوره من قبل has/have been to

E.g. Hassan <u>has been to</u> London = (He visited London at some time in the past, and has now returned)

- → My father has been to Cairo. He returned yesterday.
- →Ahmed, where have you been?
- → Have you been to America before?

2-ذهب الى مكان او زار مكان ولم يعد او في الطريق الى هناك has/have gone to

- → He has gone to London = (He is still there/ He is in London now)
- → Ali has gone to school.
- → Belal is not here. He <u>has gone to</u> the dentist's
- →where has heba gone? I can't find her.

3-ذهب الى مكان ومازال هناك مع تحديد مدة have/has been in/at

→ Ali has been in London for two months.

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

5-Have you see the match? Yes, Iit yesterday.

1-Hany has gone on holidaythe last two weeks. b) for c) when d) since 2-There.....a lot of changes in the world lately. b) were c) had been d) have been 3-Shefor work an hour ago. b) left a) has left c) is leaving d) will leave 4-He last went on holiday.....he was still a boy. a) after b) for c) when

(A)			
a) see	b) have seen	c) would see	d) saw
6-Hecome k	oack home.		T. A.
	b) already has		d) never
		ve no desire to try it.	
a) just	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	d) never
		ing teacher I haveknown.	
a) ever	•		d) just
		een each other again.	
a) For		c) While	d) Since
		ce heabroad a year ago	
a) went			d) goes
		? I can't believe it!	D. 1
	b) already		d) just
12-Sarah has lost	her passport again.	It's the second time this	
a) has happened	b) happens	c) happened	d) is happening
	r five hours every da		
	b-had worked		d-works
	20 years I		
a) while	b) before	c) when she was five years old.	d) since
15. Salma	tennis since	she was five years old.	N
a) has played	b) was playing	c) played should I do?	d) is playing
16. Oh! I	. my passport. What	should I do?	
a) lost	b) have lost	c) had lost	d) were losing
1/-It's two weeks	since we last		d mot
a- meeting	D-nad met	c-have met th problems since he started	G-met
a-hae	h-na 101 01 11eai	c-hae had	d-was having
19-I have	b-had been to the zo	oo before.	u-was naving
a- Just	b- yet	c- ever	d- never
20-Belal is not he	re. He has	c- ever to the dentist's	
a-went	b-gone	c-been Cairo.	d-goes
21-Adel hasn't co	ntacted me since he	Cairo.	
a-left	b-leaving st book that I	c-has left	d-leaves
22-This is the bes	st book that I		d bays ayer read
a-nave never read	bis log so bo co	c-am reading an't play football today.	d-have ever read
a- has hurt		c-was hurting	d-had hurt
		sheglasses.	d-flad flaft
a- had lost	b- lost	c- loses	d- has lost
25 Heba is the mo	ost intelligent girl I've	eseen.	
a- yet	b- never	c- ever	d- since
26		sn't found a suitable job.	
a- when	b- since	c- for	d- while
	e your English home		
a- just	D- yet	c- never beginning of this year.	d- ever
a- for	b- since	c- already	d just
		I be home next week.	d- just
	b. been	c. go	d. went
30. My cousin	abroad since hi	s childhood.	3.11
a) had lived	b) lived	c) was living	d) has lived
	the new adventure f		
a- Just	b- vet	c- already	d- never
32- Ahmed	London. He is ເ	going to return to Cairo next v	veek.
a- Has gone	b- has been	c- has gone to	d- has been to
		home.	al also a des a missa d
a just arrived	p nas yet arrived	c has just arrived	d already arrived

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1300			13	200
34 My little bro	ther is sad because he	his favour	ite tov	THE .
a is breaking	b was breaking	c had broken	d has broken	1
35- I've tried Ch	inese food but I haver	n't tried French food		
a already			d just	
	ot of food in the kitche	n because my mother	to the shops.	
		c has just been		
	home by bus. The last			
a) has just left	b) has left just	c) has left ago	d) 'd just left	
38. Basel is not	hungry because he	a big lunch.	, •	
a) ate	b) had eaten	c) was eating	d) has eaten	
39. Radwa does	n't know what flying is	like. She		
a) has ever flew	b) has never flown	c) has ever flown	d) 'd never flown	
		oh Í yes, lther		
a-go	b-was	c-have been	d- have gone	
41. Since he bed	came famous in Egypt	, peoplehis bo	oks into many languages.	
a) will translate	b) were translating	c) translated	d) have translated	
	thisto me			
		nappened c-has not	happened d- have ever happened	
43-Imy	y pen friend yet.	a bayant mat	d	
a- didn't meet	b-wash t meeting	c-haven't met	a-not met	
a has just had	is wet. He	a snower c-had just	d just has had	
45 I hoven't occ	D-Has just	st time we met in Alexa	u-just nas nau	
	b when	c for	d since	
	-	airo- Alex desert road.		
a took		c has been taken		
		ort a moment ago. This		
		c hasn't arrived		
			a worker in a big clothes factory.	
a works	b was working	c has worked	d worked	
49- You needn'	t make food. Ia	good meal already.		
a was cooking	b have cooked	c cooked	d had cooked	
50-I haven't met	the minister	It's the first time to r	neet him.	
	b before		d never	
•		-over bridges recently.		
		c was building		
		ur uncle in the village.		
a had visited		c have visited	d visit	
		hours. I wonder when h		
a. been to			d. gone in	
	Brazil in 2014.	c. gone to	a. gone in	
		c. have been to	d want to	
_		? You are very- qu		
a-yet		•	d.just	
	some problems with			
		am being d. am ha		
57.She hasn't m	et us the la	ast time we were in Poi	rt Said together.	
a while	b when	c for	d since	
58. She is proba	bly the most fascinatir	ng woman I have	met	
a) ever	b) never	c) recently	d) just	1
	got ready	.? Look at the time!	(40)	
a) yet	b) already		d) just	-
		any problems so far.		1
		c.haven't had		į
	my paintings			ĺ
a- has never bo	ught b- have ever bo	ought c-have bought	t d- has ever bought 💮 🔣	
Man Ca	_	<u> </u>		



62. The last time w		in the cinema was	swe v d) since	vere 20 years old.	
a) while63.She's wanted t		śince she wa	,		44.
a) yet	b) already	c) ever		d) just	
		⊚Translation			
(A) Translate in	to Arabic:				
1- Every citizen the . district whe	• •	effective part in o	eliminating illi	teracy in his villag	e or in
2- Unemployment between the public opportunities fo	olic and the priva	•		dination and coope d provide work	eration
3 Terrorism ha	as no religion as on so it must be	it kills any huma e fought everyw	an and destro here	ys and burns socie	
4 Universities market so that t		_	•	uirements of the w	ork
	not to spoil the N	lile water or poll		onment so that we	
6- Investing hu	•	d developing it	is the gate to	o any progress be	cause
(B) Translate o			ييشون حياه أطول وأد	اء أن من لا يدخنون مطلقا يع	لقد أثبت الأطبا
		دور حوله	المرءِ على وعي بما يد	لعقل, وتثري المعرفة وتجعل	
	يوتر و المعامل الحديثة	ت المدارس بأجهزة الكمي	، التعليم ، لذلك زودن	لوجيا الحديثة دورا حيويا في	3ـ تلعب التكنو
الآخرين الآخرين	نفس والتضحية من أجل	لتعاون والاعتماد على الا	ظیمة فهي تعلمهم ا	سكرات الشباب لها فوائد ع	

حان مستقبل الحياة على الأرض يتوقف على نجاح الجهود التي نبذلها للتخلص من التلوث البيئي

6 للارادة القوية والصير والتحمل من اهم صفات الشخص الناجح الذي يسعى دائما التميز.

Mini Test

.Read the following passage, then answer the questions,

I was crossing the street when suddenly a car came towards me. I heard a loud crash and I flew through the air. It all happened so fast. I must have landed on the ground because I felt this terrible pain, but then I could feel myself rising up, and when I looked down, there were many people trying to help me. It was like I was floating and I could see them Then I looked up, where I attaching tubes and stuff to me and carry me to an ambulance could see this light-a bright, shining white light all around me and it was like someone lifting me up into the light. At the end of the light, there was this beautiful and peaceful place like a meadow with a mountain in the background. I could hear a voice calling me and I recognized the voice of my grandmother who died last summer. When she held her hand I ran to her, but I wasn't really running. I was floating, like in slow motion or in water She held out her arms to hug me and I started to cry, I was so happy to see her. Then she said that she loved me and was glad to see me But then I had to go back. I want to stay with her in that peaceful place, but she said it wasn't my time, and that my parents were very sad and worried and I had to go back to them.

with her in that peaceful place, but she said it wasn't my time, and that my parents were
very sad and worried and I had to go back to them.
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
1- Which of the following expresses the main idea of the story?
a) A happy dream b) I love my grandmother
c) Coma of hallucinations d) A joyous experience
2- In the passage, "go back" means
a) recovered b) died c) sleep d) return to his grandmother
3- It is clear that the narratorwhen he saw the light.
a) recovered b) died c) became conscious d) lost consciousness
4- The narrator had terrible pain the moment he
a) flew into the air b) was hit by a car c) was walking in the street d) fell on the ground
5- The narrator's grandmother died in
a) summer b) spring c) winter d) autumn
6.The experience the writer was narrating was really
a) joyful b) painful c) surprising d) enjoyable
3. Translate the following into Arabic.
of translate the fellowing into Alabie.
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has become the only way for the students to complete their education after the closure of
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has become the only way for the students to complete their education after the closure of
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has become the only way for the students to complete their education after the closure of schools and universities in many world countries
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has become the only way for the students to complete their education after the closure of schools and universities in many world countries
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During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has become the only way for the students to complete their education after the closure of schools and universities in many world countries 4. Translate the following into English.
During the coronavirus crisis, online education has become more important. It has become the only way for the students to complete their education after the closure of schools and universities in many world countries

Mr/mohamed Fawzi



Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

1. Its amazing how often you see drivers using mobile phones. The antonym of the word "amazing" is.......

- a) crowded b) pretty c) astonishing d) believable e)unremarkable
- 2. They're lucky that nothing was stolen. The antonyms of the word "lucky" are.......
- a) unwilling b)unsuccessful c) unfaithful d) unfortunate e) unspecific

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 3.My father was a highly..... man, so all people admired him a)culture b) cultural c) cultured d) culturally 4. He was one of the gang who......from prison and the police arrested him . b) rewarded c) kept d) escaped a) flew 5. My friend was sent to prison because he was heavily a) debted b) debt c) indebted d)debate 6. Criminals should be punished forthe law. a) following b) breaking c) obeying d) giving 7. After ten years of...... he decided to forget his suffering and start a nlife.
- a)common b) difference c) success d) expert
- 9. During wars, floods and other disasters, food provide the poor with food......
- a) misers b) pirates c) mutinies cl) banks
- 10.I think somethingwrong with my car . I need to take it to the mechanic's.
- a) went b) had c) made cl) did
- 11. When the patient cut his finger heantibitoic.
- a) was giving b) will be given c was given d)had given
- 12.I haven't been to Aswan since 2010.Th s means that.....
- a) I have been in Aswan since 2010 b I have never been to Aswan
- c) I was in Aswan in 2010 d) I wasn't in Aswan in 2010
- 13.l.... this car for more than three years now.
- a) has had b) have had c) have been d) am having
- 14.In the last ten years, Egypt.....large areas of desert into farm land.
 a.had turned b.will turn c.has turned d.turned

2. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

A robot is a special kind of machine. It is a machine that moves. It follows instructions. The instructions come from a computer. It does not make mistakes. And it does not get tired. And it never complains. Unless you tell it to!

Robots are all around us. Some robots can help make cars. Some robots can help explore volcanoes. Some robots can help vacuum your house. Some robots can even recognise words. They can be used to help answer telephone calls. Some robots look like humans. But most robots do not. Most robots just look like machines.

Long ago, people imagined robots. Over 2,000 years ago, a famous poet imagined robots. The poet's name was Homer. His robots were made of gold. They cleaned things and they made things. But they were not real. They were imaginary. Nobody was able to make a real robot. The first real robot was made in 1961. It was called Unimate. It was used to help make cars. It looked like a giant arm.

In the future, we will have even more robots. They will do things that we can't do. Or they will do things that we don't want to do. Or they will do things that are too dangerous for us.

Robots will help us fight fires. They will help us fight wars. They will help us fight sickness.

They will help us discover things. They will help make life better.

) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1. Why doesn't the robot make mistakes, get tired or complain? 2) Received it's made of placetic medians.
a) December it a mode of plantic b) December it coult appear
a) Because it's made of plastic. b) Because it can't speak.
c) Because it looks like a human. d) Because it's a machine.
2.As used in paragraph 1, we can understand that something special is NOT
a) normal b) expensive c) perfect d) tired
3. What is the main purpose of paragraph 2?
a) To show how easy it is to make a robot. b) To tell what a robot is.
c) To describe the things a robot can do.
d) To explain the difference between a robot and a machine.
4.Using the information in the passage as a guide, which of these gives
the best use of a robot?
a) To help make a sandwich. b) To help explore Mars.
c) To help read a book. d) To help tie shoes.
5.The author of this passage feels that
a) robots are helpful b) robots are not necessary in our life
c) robots cause a lot of problems d) a world without robots is a safe one
6.According to the passage, the first real robot was made
a) in 2000 b) in 1969 c) 61 years ago d) 22 years ago
7.The robot doesn't object to anything, so it
a) can be destroyed easily b) is different from man
c) resembles man d) gets tired easily
8.As the robot does what man orders it, it
a) doesn't get tired
b) is rewarded by man
c) has the same features as man
d) can commit crimes
4. Translate the following into Arabic.
We should exert great efforts to encourage investment in our country. This will lead
to progress in agriculture, industry and many other fields.
to progress in agriculture, industry and many other neids.
5. Translate the following into English.
5. Translate the following into English.
5. Translate the following into English.
5. Translate the following into English. أن الازمات التي تتعرض لها مصر في بعض الاوقات تبين لنا ان المصريين اسرة واحدة ويتحلون بروح التعاون والود فيما بينهم
5. Translate the following into English. ان الازمات التي تتعرض لها مصر في بعض الاوقات تبين لنا ان المصريين اسرة واحدة ويتحلون بروح التعاون والود فيما بينهم 6. Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY (150) words on only ONE (1) of the following:
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Unit 4 Making new friends



Key vocabulary

advice	نصيحة	bullying	البلطجة/ التنمر
noticeboard	لوحة الاعلانات	a bully	بلطجى
Phone-in	برنامج اذاعى او تلفزيونى يسمح فيه تلقى الاتصالات	take something for granted	يأخذ أمر مسلم به
Police officer	ضابط شرطة	nursing	التمريض
cheat	يغش/يخدع	connection	اتصال

Lessons (1-2)

teenager /teen	مراهق	useful	مفيد
make friends	يكون صداقات	magazine	مجلة
the best thing	الشيء الافضل	article	مقال
paper	ورق	page	صفحة
cool	بارد	mention	يذكر
clothes	ملابس	Break-time	وقت الراحة
stressed	متوتر	exam	امتحان
face	يواجه/وجه	feel better	يتحسن
conversation	محادثة	relax	يهدأ
personal	شخصي	difficult	صعب
favourite	مفضل	library	مكتبة
everyone	كل واحد	ask for	يطلب
join	يلتحق ـ ينضم ل	singular	مفرد
club	نادي	plural	جمع
happen	ثعدث	borrow	يستعير
connect	يتصل	recently	مؤخرا/حديثا
part	جزء	include	يتضمن
teammate	عضو فريق	called	يسمى/يدعى
friendship	صداقة	affairs	شئون
forget	ينسي	explain	یشرح/یفسر
remember	يتذكر	The best way	الطريقة الافضل
get to	يصل الي	students	طلاب
easy	سهل	idea	فكرة

Lessons (3-4)

stressful	مجهد	disagree	لا يوافق
host	مضيف/يستضيف	difference	اختلاف
debate	مناظرة	experience	خبرة
terrible	فظيع	between	بين

Etc. 3			Lane Company
Social media	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي	positive	ايجابي
rucksack	حقيبة	negative	سلبي
scared	خائف	pros	مزايا
nasty	كريه مؤذ	cons	عيوب
fight	يقاتل/يواجه	effect	تاثير
agree	يوافق	miss	يفتقد
nothing	لاشىء	a pair of	زوج من
show	عرض	pupils	تلاميذ
parents	الوالدين	сору	ينسخ
list	قائمة/يضع في قائمة	another	اخری
concern	هم/قلق يهتم /يخص	class	فصل

Expressions & Prepositions

move to	ينتقل الى	good at	جید فی
at a new school	في مدرسة جديدة	ask for advice	يطب نصيحة
wear new clothes	يرتدى ملابس جديدة	Explain the problem	يفسر الشكلة
feel stressed	يشعر بضغوط	borrow from	يستعيرمن
talk about	يتحدث عن	reason for	السبب ل
join a club	ينضم /يلتحق بنادي	the effect of	التاثير ل
do sports	يؤدى/يمارس رياضة	have a class vote to	يجرى اقتراح داخل الفصل
Have a problem with	لديه مشكله مع	scared of	خائف من
give advice	يعطى نصيحة	different to/from	مختلف عن
enjoy life	يستمتع بالحياة	instead of	بدلا من
ask about	يسال عن	learn from	يتعلم من
easy for	سهل ل	as far as I'm concerned	علي قدر اهتمامي
Take turns to	يتبادل الادوار	go online	يدخل علي الانترنت
Face a problem	يواجه مشكلة	Cheating in exam	الغش في الامتحانات
Part of a team	عضو في فريق	Revise for	يراجع ل
Effect on	تاثیر علی	1	ينسجم مع

Definitions

advice	An opinion someone gives to help you		
take something for	ng for To think that you don't have to work to get something		
granted			
noticeboard	A thing on a wall that people put information on		
connection	Something that brings people together		
bullying When some people use their strength to frighten weaker			
a bully	A person who uses their strength or power to frighten or hurt weaker people		



Mr/mohamed Favzi Words, synonyms and antonyms

32/		- T
-1		
To	1	8
x,	35	8

Word		Synonym	المرداف	antonym	المضاد
advice	نصيحة	recommend	lation	discouragement	تثبيط
connection	صلة/علاقة	relation/con	tact/link	gap/disconnection	فجوة/عدم اتصال
cool	رائع	neat		bad/uncool	سىءِ
enjoy	یستمتع ب	appreciate		Detest/hate/loathe	يشمئز/يكره
face	يواجه	Confront/en	counter	Withdraw/retreat	ينسحب/يتراجع
follow	يتبع	Pursue/trac	k	avoid/neglect	يتجنب/يهمل
join	يلتحق ب/يربط	Unite/link/ a	ttach	Detach/ separate/disjoin	يفصل
relax	یسترخی/یستریح	Calm/ease/re	est	irritate/worry	سقلق/يتوتر
start	يبدا	begin		end/finish	ينهى
continue	يستمر	resume		Stop/quit/ cease	يتوقف
exciting	مثير	inspiring/thr	illing	boring/dull	ممل
hard	صعب/قاس	difficult/exha	usting	easy/facile	سهل
hide	يخفى	conceal		reveal/uncover	يكشف
host	مضيف	presenter		Guest/visitor	ضيف
nasty	مقرف/كريه	disgusting		Agreeable/pleasant	مقبول
negative	سلبى	bad/contradi	ctory	Positive/affirmative	ايجابى
scared	مذعور/خائف	Frightened/	fearful	Unafraid/brave/confident	غير خائف/شجاع
terrible	فظيع	horrible		Beautiful/comforting	جميل
cheat	يخدع/يغش	Trick/deciev	/e	Assist/protect	يساعد
useful	مفيد	Helpful/ben	eficial	Worthless//useless	غير مفيد

Language notes

<u>1-</u>Lose (/?? /?)

- A lose a match / a job / someone / keys / interest المتمام / patience / الصبر / weight /hair / blood /sight / lose to يفقد عقله / lose to يفقد عقله / البصر
- He kept on crying and I lost my patience. He lost a lot of money at races

(/يفتقد (شخص) / يفوته (وسيلة مواصلات /رحلة /مبارة) يضيع هدف/ ضربةجزاء miss <u>شخص</u>

- ♣ miss a bus / a plane / a train / flight /breakfast / someone يفتقد شخص a chance ليفتقد شخص -She missed her family badly . The player missed the goal
- I missed the start of the exam because my bus was late.

شخصی 2-personal

هيئة العاملين بمصلحة حكومي personnel

I don't answer questions about my personal life.

All personnel must attend the meeting.

3- affect يؤثر على

لديه تاثيرعلى---- effect on + صفة + effect on

Smoking affects our health badly. Smoking has a bad effect on our health. ■

4 لاحظ استخدام فعل مفرد مع الكلمات الآتية ولكن عند الإشارة إليها بضمير نستخدم ضمير جمع (they, them, their):

- ① Everyone / everybody / someone / somebody / no one / nobody / anyone / any
 body / (any / every person)
- **Everyone** benefits from space technology in their everyday lives.
- **Everyone** has their own ideas about the best way to bring up children.
- Anybody can do it, can't they?

5-Sports

يمارس الرياضة <u>Do – play sports</u>

32		
I should play (do) sports to get fit		
sports relating to sport		صفة تاتى قبل الاسم متعلق بالرياضة
It's the school sports day on Mor	ıday.	Do you belong to a sports club?
Sportsman		الرياضى
He'll be remembered both as a br	illian	t footballer and as a true sportsman.
<u>sporty</u>		صفة تأتى قبل للاسم
We are a very sporty family.		
Clothe يكسو ايرتدى Cloth		ملابس Clothes الملبس Clothing قماة
		shouldn't leave a child alone in the house.
ى -بن		one lives with him. He lives alone.
يشعر بالوحدة/ منعزل(صفة) Lonely	-Afte	r his wife's death, he felt lonely.
		تعتير هذه صفة مركبة للاسم الذي بعدها لذلك لاتاخذ S الجمع (وهي التي تكون قبل ا
⇒ The 382-metre-long Qasr al-Ni		dge crosses over the Nile.
⇒Hany is a thirteen - year - old b	oy.	
		_لاحظ عدم جمع الكلمات الآتية إذا جاء قبلها عدد وبعدها اسم:
Week / second / month / year / m		
→I usually have <u>a ten-minute bree</u> >a five-hour meeting	eak to	or coπee at midday. ⊠a three-day trip
	. (:	في حالة وجود Time بعد الكلمات السابقة نستخدم (s') في حالة المفرد و (S'
> in a week's time.		>in three years' time.
يوصــل شى بسلك 8-connect She connected her computer to the	nrint	يتصل بـ contact : بدون حرف جر communicate with er. I contacted my brother to tell him the news
contact with= communication with	-	
عل اتصال ب Keep/be in contact with	•	•
- connected to متصل بـ	_	مرتبط بـ / علي علاقة بـ
The printer is connected to the co	mpu	ter. problems connected with drug abuse
9-Look for = search for يبحث عن		Detectives are still looking for the escaped prisoner.
عن كلمة في قاموس او معنى في مرجع Look up	يبحث	If you don't know what it <u>means</u> , look it up in the <u>dictionary</u> .
للع الى Look forward to + (v ing/ n)	يتو	I'm really looking forward to our vacation
Look like يشبه		What does your uncle look like?
احترس Look out = watch out		Look out! There's a car coming.
یعتنی ب Look after = take care of		Don't worry, I'll look after the kids tomorrow.
	Write	e it down on a piece of paper.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		y's paper is over on the coffee table.
		Il read about it in tomorrow's papers
	l left	some important papers in my briefcase
بلطجي ۱۱-Bully بلطجي	1010	We called the police to arrest the bullies
بنطج/یتنمر (Bully (v)		Older children usually bully younger or weaker ones
		Don't let them bully you into working on Saturdays.
يبتز/يساوم (v) يبتز/يساوم		
Bullying (n) البلطجة	1	Bullying is a big problem in slums.
يغش في 12-Cheat (at / in)		e had cheated in the test by using a calculator.
یغدع/ یحتال علی / یغون Cheat		e had cheated his <u>clients</u> by <u>selling</u> them <u>worthless</u> <u>stocks</u> .
خشاش رنصاب (Cheat (n		is addiction has turned him into a cheat and a liar
غش / نصب Cheating	C	heating is a crime
/مسرحية) _ لقب_ مسمى وظيفى - 13-Title	ب/مقال	عنوان (كتاب

	The title of this play is 'King Lear'. The title 'Ms' became much more popular in the 1980s of
	عنوان (مکان) ۔ عنوان موقع انترنت او برید الکترونی ۔ خطاب/یخاطب
	What's your new address? They have changed the address of their website.
	Don't address these tourist in French. They are English
ĺ	14 Nurse 3 to 19 The nurse is coming to give you an injection

مبرضة 14-Nurse	The nurse is coming to give you an injection
یرعی مریض / یمرض Nurse ترضع/ تقوم بارضاع	After Ali's operation, Mrs Hala nursed him back to health. Mothers nurse their babies until they are two
التمريض/رعاية المرضى Nursing	I'd love to go into nursing.
Nursery حضانة حضانة حضانة حضانة (لرعاية الاطفال المولودين	My wife had to find a nursery for our little daughter He has painted murals in his children's nursery
مشتل (لزراعة النباتات والاشجار لبيعها Nursery	I went to a nursery to buy some plants for my garden.
تدى (شكل الملابس كاملا على الشخص 15-Wear	Heba was wearing a blue silk dress.
بقوم بارتداء (في الحال تعبر عن الحدث ذاته Put on	Put on your shoes, We are late for school.
Dress يرتدى بدون مفعول	I got up early , dressed and went to school
يلبس شخص لا يستطيع اللبس مفعول + Dress	My wife dressed our daughter , Heba
Be dressed in = wear يرتدى	He is wearing a red shirt = He is dressed in a red shirt

Reading

New in town

It's day one at a new school in a new town. You've got all the paper and pens you need. You're wearing cool new clothes. But you don't know anyone and you're not sure where to go. Starting at a new school feels so hard because

you don't have any friends there to help you. It's very easy to feel stressed, but life will get easier. Here's some advice to help you. Don't take it for granted that other students will start a conversation. Ask other people questions about themselves. Everyone likes talking about themselves. Try asking them about their favourite subjects or which sports they like and don't ask too many personal questions. You can only make friends if you spend time with them! The best way to do this is to join clubs or do team sports you like. Go online or look at the noticeboard at your school and find out what's happening. If you're par t of a team, your teammates will feel connected to you and that connection could become a friendship. While you're busy talking to other students, don't forget to study. Remember to do your homework so you don't have any problems with your teachers. Those teachers can also give you some advice on how to make friends and enjoy life in your new town. Talk to them too

To: problems@teen_magazine.com

Subject: Help! I don't have any friends at my new school.

Dear Aunt Carol,

I think it is difficult to make friends. I don't have any friends at my new school. I am always on my own at break-time. Yesterday, I talked to a girl in my class. asked her if she wanted to do some homework with me but she said no. I need some advice about how to make friends.

Do you have any advice for me?

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

To: problems@teen_magazine.com Subject: Help! I'm really stressed!

Dear Aunt Carol,

I always work very hard at school, but I'm really stressed about some exams I have next week. The first two exams are 3 hours long and will be verydifficult. The last exam is in a subject I'm not very good at. I've spent a lot of time in the library this week, but that hasn't helped me feel better. I need some advice about how to relax. Please.

T • .	•	(4)
TQ1	tening	\cdot
	2111112	LLLL

Radio show	Good evening everyone. Welcome to the show. Tonight, we're talking about bullying. Unfortunately, a lot of teenagers are bullied at hoshool, and this can have some very negative effects on them. We're going to talk to a 15-year-old boy called Ali, who is being bullied. Aliare you on the line?	
Ali:	Hi, Seleem. How are you?	
Radio show	höst well, thank you. How are you this evening?	
Ali :	I'm OK, but last week was really hard. Two boys in my class are bullying me because I am not very good at football. I like to play chess more than football. Last week they hid my rucksack. It had all my school books in it. I hate going to school now.	
Radio show	hOst,:no! That's terrible. Did you tell a teacher?	
Ali:	No, I didn't. I was too scared. I've just moved to this town, so I don't know the teachers very well.	
Radio show	Well, Ali, I really think you should talk to a teacher. Your teacher hostn talk to the bullies and make it clear that they shouldn't behave lil this. If you do nothing, the bullying will just continue.	ke
Ali:	Yes,you're rightThere's one teacher that I get along well with. I'll talk to him.	

Listening (2):

Ola:	So, do you think moving to a new school in another town is a good thing or a bad thing for teenagers?
Lina :	As far as I'm concerned, It's not a good idea. If you move to a new school, you have to leave your old friends behind and it's really difficult to make new friends.
Ola :	I'm not so sure about that. I think you can make new friends if you're nice to other people and start conversations with them. For example, I'm sure you would make lots of new friends!
Lina :	That's true. It is possible to make new friends, but it takes time. You'll be really lonely for the first few months.
Ola :	In my opinion, it's a good experience to have because it makes you stronger.
Lina :	I know that it can make people stronger, but I would prefer to just stay with the people I know.

Choose the Tv	wo (2) corre	ct answers o	ut of the Fi	ve (5) options	s given: 💹
1.The bank gave	us a lot of	advice about	starting our o	wn business.	21/4
a- used	b- using	C- useful d	-benefit	e-beneficial	
		another town I	ike Alexandria).	
a. to	b- into	C –off	l -away	e-long	
3.Students focus	ing on the teach	iers' notes can ge	t high		
a-stairs b	-answers c	c-grades c	l-marks	e- steps	
4- He always prov	vides us with so	me tips on ho	w to succeed	in life.	
a-valueless	b- valuable	C-values	d-precious	e- valuables	
5- Most children	are fond of	sports nowad	lays.		
a- making k	o- carrying	C-doing o	d-playing	e-moving	
		so hard because y	ou don't have	any friends there	to help you.
			d- fails	e-fell	
7 I've got some v	ery exciting new	vs for you. The sy	nonyms of the	word "exciting"a	re
a) thrilling	b) dull	c) facile	d)inspiring	e)unmoving	
8.the antynoms of	of the word " rela	c) facile ax" are			
a) calm b)	detach	c) withdraw	d)irritate	e)worry	
		een the two incide	ents. The synd	onyms of the word	
"connection" are					
		c) relation			
10. Passengers c	ould face long o	delays. feet. The s	ynonyms of th	e word "face" are	
a) confront	b) encounter	c) withdraw	d) irrita	ate e) detest	
11. I followed the	instructions to	the letter and it st	ill went wrong	The antonyms of	of the
word "followed a					
a) appreciated	b) endured	c) avoided	d) neg	lected e) attached	t
1- choose the	correct answ	er from a,b,c o	r d		
				nover forgetten	
1-Years ago, my	father gave me a	a piece of	that I've	_	
1-Years ago, my a) advice	father gave me a b) connection	a piece ofc)	that I've rd d) art	icle	
1-Years ago, my ta) advice 2. After a long	father gave me a b) connection with his wife, A	a piece ofc) c) noticeboa Ali decided to mov	that I've rd d) art e to a new flat	icle	
1-Years ago, my fa) advice 2. After a long a) debate	father gave me a b) connection with his wife, A b) fight	a piece of c) noticeboa Ali decided to mov c) discussio	that I've rd d) art e to a new flat n d) di	icle	
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90				136
a) favourite	b) cool	c) stressed	d) distant	16-11
14-I had no close	with oth	ner boys at school.		**
a) articles	b) conversations	c) advice n twenty-four hours.	d)friendships	5.00
15-I will	vou my advice ir	n twenty-four hours.	u,	
a) make	h) give	c) do	d)snend	
16-There are thre	a mora	c) do .before the concert. We wan	a)spena It to do well in it	
a) articles	h) manazinas	c) practices	d) information	
17-lt was obvious	that sho had	her homework and thorou	ahly propared for	hor intorviou
a) dono	h) mado	c) given	d) taken	ilei ilitei view
19 Howas	of the team the	c) given hat won the gold medal in th	u) taken	
10-He was	h) apart	o) port		
4) Morros olvos	u) apart	c) part	d) party	
		friends at school		
a) give			d) make	
20-This TV set Si	10ula be	to the power supply.	d)	
a) contacted	b) connected	c) related her history exam.	a) communicated	
21-My daughter i	s revising	ner history exam.	D 141	
a) for	b) in	c) at ours' cat while they're away.	d) with	
22-We look	our neighbo	ours' cat while they're away.		
	b) for			
		ese shoes with this dress?		
	b) put off		d) swear	
		music. The antonym of the		
a) calm	b) worry	c) detach don't let anyone else	d) withdraw	
25-I'm sorry but	my diary is	I don't let anyone else	read it.	
a) personnel	b) personali	ity c) personal	d) person	
26-All through th	e afternoon, they s	at and talkedt	heir trip.	
a) for	b)from	c) to	d) about	
27-We will move	our new	house next year.		
	b) to		d) in	
28-A group of gir	'ls would the	younger kids, and force the	m to give them mo	ney.
a) cheat	b) police	c) bully	d) nurse	-
		st by using a calculator.	·	
	b) bullied	c) continue	d d) cheated	
		he world, so she hopes to jo		
a) Nursing	b) Bullying			
		cular subject in which peop		nt opinions.
a) chat	b) debate	c) gossip	d) conversat	
		for their hospitality.	,	
a) hosts	b) guests	c) visitors	d) bankers	
		evidence from the p		
a) appear	b) hide	e) remain	d) ride	
		etically, according to the nar		
a) lasted	b) enlisted	c) enrolled	d) listed	
•	•	n Al-Ahly and Zamalek. It wa	•	match
			_	. IIIalCII.
a) pioneering	b) unimportant		d) valueless	
_		is parents died last year.	ما الم	
a) alone	b) lonely	c) lone	d) looming	*16
100 AC		shoulder for a long time is li	_	40100
a) file	b) wallet	c) purse	d) rucksack	
		means, look it ir		J. 13
a) at	b) for	c) up	d) forward	15
		st year. The synonym of the	-	
a) detach	b) confront	c) unite	d) detest	

1st sec Mr/mohamed Fawzi

MOUTH just go and look up his address. It is your urgent	7
40-I'll just go and look up his address. It is very urgent. a) outline b) baseline c) offline d) online 41- Aya is busy for her exams. She is a clever student.	4
11. Ava is husy for her exams. She is a clever student	7
a) studying b) study c) to study d) studied	
42- To find more information about our company, visit our website.	
a) in b) off c) out d) after 43-We want our students to become and responsible members of society.	
a) harmful b) useful c) useless d) used	
a) harmful b) useful c) useless d) used 44-The government the difficult task of rebuilding the country's economy.	
a) faces b) enjoys c) feels d) wears	
a) faces b) enjoys c) feels d) wears	
45-You'll read about this problem in tomorrow's	
46-Thoro is a hotwoon those in favour of the government and those who are against	
a) fight b) quarrol c) discussion d) dobato	
a) fight b) quarrel c) discussion d) debate 47-Please, do not hesitate t5-When I feel, I try to relax in an open area.	
a) happy b) glad c) pleased d) stressed	
48-I asked for two weeks to finish the work.	
a) favourite b) cool c) porconal d) extra	
a) favourite b) cool c) personal d) extra 49-If Ramy can't attend the meeting, I could go of him.	
a) well b) away c) instead d) outside	
a) well b) away c) instead d) outside 50-The tourists sat by the pool andthe sun. a) lost b) hid c) appeared d) faced	
a) lost b) hid alu	
51 If you can leave a question in an exam, this question is	
a social hadvisory continual description description	
a. social b. advisory c. optional d. compulsory 52. You can find information about the school library on the school	
a. communication b. connection c. noticeboard d. forecast	
53. It is important to respect theof opinions and ideas, even if they are different from	
yours.	
a. leader b. friendship c. diversity d. punctuation	
54. The countryside is mainlyby farmers and their families .	
a. populated b population c. polluted d. pollution	
55. It isfor children to play in the street. This is always rejected.	
a. inadvisable b. advisable c. necessary d. essential	
56isn't allowed at this school as using muscles or power to hurt others is prohibited.	
a. Polling b. Bullying c. Pulling d. Bull	
57. It's taken for granted means	
a. unfortunately b. undoubtedly c. unwillingly d. unsafely	
58. Doctors think that there is abetween smoking and cancer.	
a. ecosystem b. communication c. conservation d. connection	
59. The forces were brought in tothe city centre.	
a. managed b. politics c. police d face	
60.Students whoin this exam will be exclude severe punishment.	
a. achieve b. sheet c. cheat d.succeed	
61 Our company has a	
a) three-year business plan b) three-year business plans	
c) three-year's business plan d) three-years' business plan	
62. I don't use a computer for writing. I write with a pencil and	
a) papers b) the paper c) a paper d) paper	6
63 Please, do not hesitate tome if you want anything.	N
a) communicate b) connect c) collect d) contact	3
a) communicate b) connect c) collect d) contact 64.My daughterin the test by using a calculator.	8
The second and the se	Ę
a) Denaved D) Dullied C) Continued d) Cheated	

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

a) harmful b) useful c) useless d) used 66. The government......the difficult task of rebuilding the country's economy. a) faces b) enjoys c) feels d) wears

a) faces b) enjoys c) feels 67. Don't look at my answer sheet. That's......

a) cheating b) cheat c) cheated d) cheater

68.I liked him because he......bravely in a very difficult situation.

a) continued b) behaved c) added d) copied

69. If you want the job, you'll have to.....for it.

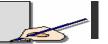
a) suffer b) go c) continue d) fight

70.Doctors have to inform patients of the......side effects of the drug.

a) positive b) nice c) negative d) superior

Grammar

Countable And Uncountable Nouns



1 أسماء معدودة Countable nouns

وهي الأسماء التي تجمع وتعد ويكتب قبلها في حالة المفرد a – an – one إذا ذكرت في جملة ثانية هي الأسماء التي يمكن أن نضع لها s في آخرها في حالة الجمع, قد يكون للاسم معدود جمع شاذ

- a car→ cars - a watch →watches - an apple→ apples - a baby → babies - a wife →wives - 1-جمع عادی

2- جمع شاذ يحفظ مثل:

رجال men رجل man - ظواهر phenomena ظاهرة phenomena - اطفال children طفل Child طفل children طفل child طفل woman - نساء woman

deer غزالة Deer إوزة geese إوزة goose – اقدام feet قدم teeth سيَّة teeth شيران oxen ثور oxen ثور oxen غزان teet fish سمكة fish - واحات oases واحة Oasis – وسائل means وسيلة means – خرفان sheep خزوف sheep غزان fish فضائل species فصيلة bases – إسماك pasis - إسماك oxen

2 أما الأسماء التي لا تعد Uncountable Nouns فهي الأسماء التي لا يمكن أن نضع لها s أو an في حالات الجمع أو المفرد. ولا يمكننا وضع one أو two قبلها ومنها الاتي :

السوائل Liquids	water – coffee – oil - milk – soup – blood- petrol
المواد الخام Materials	Iron – wood – plastic – copper – gold – lead – sand – sliver - paper
الظواهر Phenomena	Tide – lightning – thunder – eclipse- heat- rain – snow- ice
المواد Subjects الدراسية	Maths – science – physics – Algebra- chemistry – history - geography
الدراسية	二 为此
الأنشطة Activities	Reading – cycling – writing – shopping-painting – fishing- swimming
Abstract nouns	Progress – hope – behaviour – beauty – freedom – luck – patience
الأسماء المجردة	– honesty – tolerance – peace - hatred - كراهية courage - شجاعة

Sports الرياضة	Football – tennis – volleyball - basketball – ping pong - baseball
اللغات Languages	English – Arabic – French – Italian – Spanish - German
الطعام food	Rice – macaroni – jam – butter - زبادي - yogurt - زبادي - flour - دقيق - sugar – meat – bread
Other nouns أسماء أخرى	Furniture الأمتعة - grass العثب - luggage – baggage - الأثاث - jewellery – money – electricity – work – news – information – laughter الضحة – rubbish – hair- traffic – clothing الضحة – advice – money -experience- equipment

* بعض الكلمات التي لا تعد يمكن أن تسبقها الأداة a/an إذا جاءت قبلها الصفة

Ex: We had a nice breakfast. – I spent a nice time on the beach.

بعض الأسماء يمكن أن تعد أو لا تعد حسب المعنى مثل

Countable	معدود	uncountable	غير معدود
a glass	كوب زجاج	glass	زجاج
Please, give me a glass of w	ater.	This window is ma	ade of glass .
a paper	جريدة	paper	ورق
I'm going to buy a paper.(= a	newspaper)	Paper is made of v	wood
a time	مرة واحدة	time	وقت
He went to London three tim	nes	Don't hurry. There	's plenty of time
a cold	نزلة برد	cold	البرد
I've got a bad cold.		The cold is unbea	rable this winter.
a chicken	دجاجة	chicken	لحم دجاج
I saw lots of chickens on gra	andfather's	Do you like chicke	en?
farm			
a light	لمبة	light	الضوء
There are four lights in our o	lassroom.	The sun gives us	light and heat.
a hair	شعرة	hair	شعر
There are four hairs on your	jacket.	Her hair is long.	
an iron	مكواة	iron	حديد
I bought an iron yesterday.		- Hospital beds are	e made of iron.
a coffee پوة	فنجان ق	coffee	قهوة
Could I have two coffees? (coffee)	ups of	Much coffee is ha	rmful to your health
an orange	برتقالة	orange	برتقالي (لون)
There are two oranges on th	e table.	I don't like orange	e. I prefer red

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

A School (المدرسة (مبنى) School المدرسة العليم المدرسي School She drives the kids to school every morning village.

A university (الجامعة مبنى الجامعي المعافرة المعنى university after finishing university, she traveled abroad

	-
	a lot of – many – much – a few – few – a little - little
a lot of	. لاحظ إن A lot of / lots of, plenty of تستخدم في الإثبات مع الكلمات التي تعد و الكلمات التي لا تعد
	- Ali has got a lot of / lots of/ plenty of books.
	- We ate a lot / lots /plenty of cheese.
Many	تأتى قبل اسم يعد في النفي و الاستفهام
	- I haven't got many friends Do you have many friends? لحوظة يمكن إن تأتى (many) في جملة خبرية مثبتة إذا سبقها many) في جملة خبرية مثبتة إذا سبقها
	too many people in the bus. – He has a great many suits.
	تأتى قبل اسم لا يعد في النفي و الاستفهام
Much	تاني تين الله ۽ يعد تي اللهي و اوستهام
	- Did you eat much cheese? – We didn't eat much cheese
	لحوظة يمكن ان تأتى (much) في جملة خبرية مثبتة إذا سبقها so - very - as - too) much)
I miss you	so much. – There is too much water in the bottle.
a few	تأتي قبل اسم يعد وتشير إلى عدد قليل ولكن يكفي في الجملة المثبتة.
a IGW	- I have a few pounds so I can buy a shirt
few	أتى قبل اسم يعد وتشير إلى عدد قليل ولا يكفي في الجملة المثبتة:
	I have few pounds so I can't buy a shirt
a little	تى قبـل اسـم لا يعـد وتشـير إلى كميـة قليـلة ولكـن تكـفـى في الجملة المثبتة
	I have <u>a little</u> sugar but it is enough to make a cup of tea.
little	تى قبــل اســم لا يعــد وتشــير إلى كميــة قليــلة ولا يكفــى فى الجملة المثبتة
	I have <u>little</u> sugar so I can't make a cup of tea.
some	تى قبل اسم يعد أو اسم لا يعد فى جملة خبريـة مثبتـة و فى سوالي العرض والطلب.
	- My mother knows <u>some</u> good <u>stories</u> . (اسم یعد)
	- I drank some water. (اسم لا يعد)
	- Would you like some tea? (عرض)
	- Can I have some of these apples? (طلب)
any	أتى قبل اسم يعد أو اسم لا يعد في جملة استفهامية أو منفية.
	- I don't want any stamps. (اسم يعدن)
l didn't d	rink any milk. (اسم لا يعد)
	ستخدم لنفى <u>some</u> مع نفى الفعل.
_	some books I <u>didn't</u> buy <u>any</u> books.
She has	<u>some</u> money. - She <u>doesn't</u> have <u>any</u> money. تى مع الكلمات الدالـة على النفى مثل :
	ever – without – refuse – too to
He never	had <u>any</u> luck We <u>hardly</u> had <u>any</u> money.
10 2	ستخدم مع <u>If</u> الدالـة والمعبرة عن الشك .

- If anyone has any questions, I'll be pleased to answer them.

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

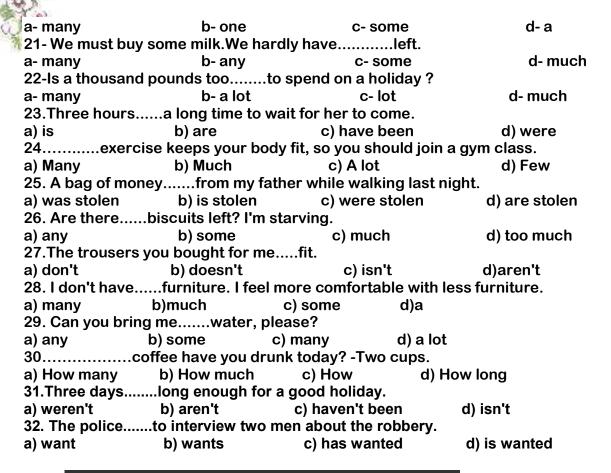
وْ استخدام ادوات التجرئة مع الكلمات اللتي لأتعد وفي حالة الجمع تجمع أداة التجرئة مثل:

A piece of jewellery	قطعة مجوهرات	Apiece of furniture	قطعة اثات
A piece/bit of advice	نصيحة	A bottle of milk	زجاجة لبن
Apiece of information	معلومة	A bag of flour	كيس دقيق
A loaf of bread	رغيف خبز	A tube of toothpaste	أنبوبة معجون أسنان
A jar of jam/honey	برطمان مربی / عسل	A glass of lemonade	كوب من الليمون
A sheet of paper	فرخ ورق	a slice of meat	شريحة لحم
A bar of chocolate	قالب شوكولاتة	A drop of water	قطرة ماء
A cup of coffee/tea	فنجان قهوة /شاى	A bowl of soup	سلطانية شوربة

Ex - four sheets of paper - five pairs of shoes - six jars of jam - two loaves of bread - two slices of meat - six bars of chocolate - five cups of coffee.......

	Exercises						
	1- Maths	my favour	ite subject whe	n I was in schoo	ıl.		
	a- was	b- were	c- is	d- are			
	2- There is pl	enty of meat, b	ut there is not	bread	d.		
			c- much				
	3- Six people	inju	ired in a bus ac	cident yesterda	y.		
		b- was		d- is	-		
	4- How	butter sh	ould you use?				
	a-many	b- few	c- much	d- little			
	5-I take a	of honey	every morning.				
	a- jar	b- tube	c- glass	d- spoonfu	ıl		
	6- He hasn't g	gotfur	niture in his ho	use.			
			c- any				
				They are not en			
	a- many	b- few	c- a lot of	d- any o he didn't get tl			
	8- My brother	r has	experience, s	o he didn't get tl	he job.		
			c- little	d- few			
		bisc					
	a- some	b- a	c- any	d- an			
	10- He hasn't	got	luggage.				
	a- some	b- much	c- many	d- a lo Oxford University	t		
	11- After finis	shing	, he went to C	extord University	y.		
				ols d- the sch	iool		
		avesug					
	a- a lot	b- much	c- few	d- m	any		
	13- Please ca	an you go to the	e shops and buy	/ aof	honey.		
	a piece	b cup	of cake.	c -jar	d pla	ite	
	14- Can you p	oass me tne	от саке.	_ •	-1.1-	- 441 -	
				c -jar		ottle	
				nis cu		-1 1:·-	
				c- a hair		d- hair	
	16-1'd like two	o cups or		, piease.		d- much	
14	a- conees	0-6 the mountains	a corree	c- coffee always so fres	h	a- much	conee
-		the mountains b- k			Π.	d- is	
- T	a- are		oe sugar with y	c- were		u- 15	
A	a- many	b- a	•	c- some		d- a lot	
				paper,	nlease?	u- a 10t	332
	a- many	b- a		c- some	picase:	d- a	7
			er listening to			. .	The same
PACE.		g, . p. o.c					100

Mr/mohamed Fawzi



indefinite article(a/an):



هام جدا عند استخدام a/an يتم التركيز على الصوت وليس الحرف

◄ نضع " a " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف ينطق ساكن

a pen – a car – a book - a woman – a farmetc.

(a, e, I, o, u) نضع " an " قبل الاسم المفرد البادئ بحرف ينطق متحرك " an " نضع "

an elephant – an apple – an orange – an umbrella – an item • an uncle

ملاحظات

نضع " a " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف (e) او (u) ولكنه ينطق (y) اي (يو).

a university – a European country – a uniform – a useful thing - a unit a unicorn – a universe – a union – a UK passport – a US citizen a unique address

ضع " a " قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف (o) ولكنه ينطق (w) اي (وا).

a one-way road - a one eyed man

قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد البادئ بحرف ساكن ولا ينطق مثل حرف (H) ويلفظ صوت متحرك an hour – an honest man – an heir

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

an " قبل مختصرات وكلمات تبدأ بحرف ساكن ولكن الحرف يلفظ كصوت علة مثل : an MP عضو برلمان – an FM radio station – an x-ray – an Mp3

an MRI – an FBI agent an SMS an /s/ sound

The use of indefinite articles

بندما بذكر الاسم لأول مرة

- → We have a house with a garden.
- →I've got a new camera. Have you ever had an operation?

2ـ لنشير إلى واحد من عدد/مجموعۃ

→ We have got a car . / he's a player in our football team

3 لنشير إلى وظائف الأشخاص

○He is a teacher /≥ My uncle is an engineer.

4. تستخدم an/a في الجمل الدالة على التعجب قبل الاسم المفرد:

 \star What a clever student!/ \square what an exciting film !.

5ـ تستخدم an/a مع التعييرات الدالم على العدد والثمن والسرعم وأدوات التجزئم والكميات :

A dozen /a couple/ a pair /a thousand/ a hundred/a cup/ an hour /a lot

(A pair of shoes/ a couple of minutes/80 kilometers an hour)

6ـ قبل أسماء بعض الأمراض الشائعيّ: ر a cold /a headache / a toothache/ a stomachache

7- قبل الجنسيات والصفات المتبوعة باسم مفرد:

→ He is an English boy. **I** read an exciting story

وبالطبع لا نستخدم a / an قبل الأسماء الجمع أو الأسماء التي لا تعد ولا الأسماء المعنوية.

Fish is my favourite food. I'm wearing black shoes.

The definite article " the ":

تخدم أداة التعريف " the " في الحالات الأتية :

1. قبل الاسم الذي تكرر في الجملة الثانية وتمذكره في الجملة الاولي (نكرة أصبح معرفة)

▶ I have got a house with a garden. The house is small, but the garden is huge.

2 مع الأسماء الفريدة في الكون ..

The sun – the moon – the universe – the world – the horizon -the earth- the country- the town - the sea- the sky- the pyramids -the high dam - the state

Cairo is the capital of Egypt . - The sun rises in the east.

ولكن مع كلمة space لانستخدم the عندما نقصد الفضاء الخارجي لاحظ الاتي:

→ There are millions of stars in space. - I tried to park my car, but the space was too small. 3 قبل الاختراعات والاكتشافات

the telephone – the computer – the television – the plane- the radio.....

▶The plane has made travel very fast. ⇔The computer is a wonderful invention

4. قبل اسم الحيوان المفرد لنشير إلى النوع كله روياتي بعده الفعل في صيغة المفرد)

*The camel bears thirst . (All camels bear thirst)

The giraffe has a long neck . (All giraffes have long necks)

القبل صفات المقارنة القصوى (التفضيل)

The computer is the most important modern invention.

- Ali is the tallest boy in the class .

6 قبل جزئى المقارنة ← كلما كلما

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

The more you work, the more you earn . الصفة لنشير إلى الكل أوالجمع (ويأتي بعدها فعل في صيغة الجمع) → The poor = poor people the rich = rich people Fig. (The blind, the young, the old, the dead, the living, the innocent, the brave) \rightarrow The rich should help the poor = <u>Rich people</u> should help <u>poor people</u>. 8. قبل الآلات الموسيقية بعد (play - listen to - learn - teach) ونضع a لوكانت الالتغير محددة **★Play (the piano, the violin, the drum, the guitar, the lute, the harp......) F**He likes to play the guitar every day. \rightarrow Heba wants to buy a piano 9 قبل أجزاء اليوم العبارات التي تشير للزمن والاتجاه وأجزاء الجسم in the morning, in the afternoon, in the evening, the present – the past – the back – the front – the body – the brain- the head...... 10. قبل أسماء الفنادق والمسارح والنوادي والمطاعم ودور السينما أسماء الهيئات والمنظمات والألقاب والمناخ: the cinema - the internet - the office, the radio , the theatre , the army , the post office the government – the police –the United Nations – the climate – the weather – the press ... 11ـ تستخدم the قبل أسماء الأماكن التاليت إذا استخدمت لغير غرضها الأساسي (للزيارة مثلا) (School – university – hospital –prison – mosque – church – market) - My father went to the school to meet the headmaster yesterday. (As a visitor) - My father went to school yesterday. (As a teacher) 12ـ قبل أسماء البحار والمحيطات والأنهار والقنوات. The Mediterranean sea - The Red sea – the pacific ocean – the River Nile – the Suez Canal The Atlantic ocean – the Amazon - The Panama Canal -The Indian ocean 13ـ قبل أسماء سلاسل الجبال ومجموعات البحيرات ومجموعات الجزر والصحاري والواحات The Alps - جبال الاندز The Himalayas - جبال الفمالايا The Alps - جبال الانب جزرالهندالغربية the West Indies - جزرالبهاما the Bahamas - جزرالكاريبي the Sahara desert الصعراء الكبرى The western/eastern desert – the siwa oasis 14ـ قبل أسماء البلاد التي بها الممالك والجمهوريات والإمارات والولايات المركبة والتي تحتوي هذه الكلمات: (متحدة united / إمارة emirate / اتحاد Union / جمهورية Vunion ولاية States مملكة - The United States of America \The USA. الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية - The united kingdom / the UK الملكة المتحدة - The Arab Republic of Egypt. \ The A.R.E - The United Arab Emirates \ The U. A. E الإمارات لمتحدة - the European union/ the E U الاتحاد الأوروبي - The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. /the K.S.A المملكة العربية السعودية 15 نستخدم the قبل الجهات الأصلية The north of – The south of – The east of – The west of 16. وتستخدم the مع أرقام الترتيب الأتية: The only....the last, the first, the second, the third, the fourth....etc. Ex: Asmaa was the only girl who attended the lesson. 17 قبل اسماء الصحف والكتب المقدسة: الكتاب المقدس The holy Quran/ the bible/صحنفة التابمنر The times 18 مع الالقاب التي لم يذكر معها اسم: The queen / the prince/the king/the president/the professor 19 مع الكلمات التي تدل على العائلة والجنسية: The French / the English/ the British / the smiths .20 مع الأسماء المعرفت بالإضافت (تخصيص الاسم او اسم مسبوق بجملت وصلى: (The child that I met - the girl in white dress - the dinner which I made)

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

The fish which we had for dinner last night was delicious.

-I'm wearing the black shoes I bought yesterday.

→ I like the weather of Alexandria.

21. قبل الكلمة التي يأتي بعدها of:

ولا تستخدم the في الصالات الآتيــة :-

1-مع الأسماء التي تعد في حاله الجمع بوجه عام

Ex: Flowers have nice smell . (All kinds of flowers) the flowers in my garden are beautiful. ولك عند التخصيص

2- لانضع the قبل television إذا قصدنا برامج التليفزيون

Ex: I watched a movie <u>on television</u>. - I usually <u>watch TV</u> in the evening.

ولك نضم the قبل television إذا قصرنا جهاز التليفزيون

Ex: He put the glass on the television. - Can you turn off the television, please?

3 قبل الأسماء التالية إذا استخدمت في غُرضها الأساسي (الذي أنشئت لأجله)

School – university – hospital – bed – prison – mosque – church – market Ex: He went to <u>hospital</u> because he had eaten bad food .

4. قبل أسم البحيرة المفردة أو الجبل المفرد او الجزر المفردة.

Malta island Lake Nasser Mount Everest Mount Sinai. جبل سيناء western – eastern – southern – northern حقيل الصفات المشتقة من الجهات Ex: I visited southern America.

6 قبل الوجبات والمواد الدراسية واللغات

dinner – lunch – breakfast – Supper - English – chemistry – French The English class lasts an hour. اولك نقول

7 ـ قبل الشهور وفصول السنة *وأبيام الأسبوع*

winter - spring - autumn - summer - January-Saturday-Monday

8 قبل الأسماء المعنوية والرياضيات والأنشطة

Democracy -beauty -happiness - love- peace - swimming - reading-football -tennis - running - camping - work

9 قبل الأسماء المتبوعة بعلم:

(Queen Elizabeth- professor magdy yacoub - king Lear $\,$)

10_ قبل أسماء المدن والدول والقارات والعواصم:

Cairo – Africa- Tokyo – America – Europe –France

ولكن نقول (the Sudan - the Netherlands - the Congo- the Yemen)

11 الأسماء التي لأتعد (الأطعمة والسوائل والمواد الخام والظواهر الطبيعة وأسماء أخرى....الخ

- sugar – meat – bread تقيق Flour- Water - oil – tea - Iron – wood – plastic-copper - silver Furniture – الأمتعة - luggage – baggage – الأمتعة - jewellery – money – electricity – work – news – information – laughter – rubbish – hair- traffic - clothing – sand – rain – ice – money

12 قبل كلمتر (bed- work – home) خاصت مع افعال (return –go- come –arrive):

He returned home late last night. / when did you arrive at work?

Exercises

- 1- Mahmoud went to a school in Cairo...... school was very big .
- a-a b an c the d no article
- 2- This is first time that the tourists have seen the Pyramids.
- a-a ban c the d no article
- 3- You must never look at..... sun.
- a- a b an c the d no article

1st sec Mr/mohamed Fawzi

1.50			
4- Nothing is more impo	rtant thanfreedor	m.	
a-a	b an	c the	d no article
	ne, we hear about		
a- a		c the	d no article
	best wheelchair	tennis players in Egypt	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
7-He decided that he w	anted to be F	P.E. teacher.	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
8-She wants to have a	holiday next to	sea.	
a- a		c the	d no article
9- Do you like playing	computer gam	es?	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
10- My uncle has a hou	use that is nearl	Nile.	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
11- Mona's favourite p	lace is Egyptia		
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
12- Scientists have fou		ves in Brazil	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
•	lunch organized by		
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
14-He goes to	-		
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
_	film we have watched!.		
	b an	c the	d no article
	car is very expe	_	
a- a	b an		d no article
	of stars in		
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
_	school to meet my		
a-a	b an	c the	d no article
19- the rich should hel		a 41a a	
a- a	ban	c the	d no article
		ge and crashed to	
		c the	a no articie
20. We were having	b an	a tha	d no ortiolo
a- a 21-have you ever been t		c the	d no article
•	b an	c the	d no article
a- a			u no article
.22- Carpenters use	giass and wood to mak b an	c the	d no article
23-You should be very c			u no article
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
24-They don't need		C tile	u iio articie
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
25-My sister goes to sch			u no article
a- my	b an	c the	d no article
26-I spent the holiday in			a no article
a-a	b an	c the	d no article
27-Hard work always lea			d no article
a-a	b an	c the	d no article
28-France isEur			a no antiolo
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
29physics is			3 115 WI 11010
20 111111111111111111111111111111111111	aoan bat intorooting		3

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

a+ a	b an	c the	d no article
30-I usually like watch	ningTV in my s	pare time.	
			d no article
a- a 31-My friend is interes	sted in visitina	United kinadom.	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
		mountain in the world.	W. 1.0 W. 1.010
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
33teachers a			a no antidio
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
34-My brother plays			a no article
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
35_ I think		t week will be very difficul	t ilo ai tiole
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
		out someone else has borr	
	b an	c the	d no article
a- a	veme ere elweve ver	stressful for me new frier	u no article
	xams are always very	stressiul for me new mei	lus.
a- a	b an	U 11.1 U	d no article
		w to make new friends.	
a- a 39 I finished	b an	c the	d some
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
40 school			
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
41 I made			
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
42 At night, we can se			
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
43.We all know that	brain can't be tra	-	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
44.I dream of visiting.	Alps one day.		
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
45.The journey by train	in takeshour.		
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
.46.The more efforts y	ou makebe	tter results you get	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
47.The government in	Egypt should care for	oreducation	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
48union is very in	nportant to face our e	nemies	
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
49- There is			
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
50.She is going to sel			
a- a	b an	c the	d no article
51 wolf is			
a- A	b An	c The	d no article
- · ·		J	3 110 ai tioi0

2- Translate into Arabic

1-In recent years, the Egyptians are keen on restoring their glories to keep pace with progress in the developed countries.

1st sec Mr/mohamed Fawzi

2-Tolerance same countr	creates an atmosphere of love and unity among individuals of the y.
	nite and stand as one man behind our beloved president who nce for the sake of the prosperity of Egypt.
living being,	dividual himself can develop his potentials. But, like any other he needs an atmosphere of warmth to give him a feeling of inner xpress himself.
•	ople protest against globalization as they think it only serves the ich countries, not the poor ones
Translate the fo	ollowing into English.
	1- لا ينبغى ان نحكم على الناس قبل ان نمتلك معلومات كافية عنهم حتى نكون عادلين في حكمنا
	2-ان القراءة للجميع هو مشروع ثقافي عظيم يهدف الي نشر عادة القراءة بين الناس من مختلف الأعمار
	3_ إن ثروة مصر الحقيقية تكمن في مواردها البشرية و إبداع شبابها و تميزه في كافة المجالات
	4 ان موقع مصر الجغرافي المتميز وكذلك آثارها القديمة الرائعة قد جعلها من أهم الدول السياحية في العالم
	5ـالعالم أنحاء جميع في المثقفين معظم لدى للمعرفة المفضل المصدر هو الكتاب سيظل
	م المستخدمة التبيث التبيث الله المثل خطرا كبيرا على حياة البشر والنباتات والحيوانات على حياة البشر والنباتات والحيوانات
Je.	

Mini Test

1411111 1000

Choose	the correct answe	er from a, b, c or d:		学作
		er when she was in hosp	ital.	
a) nurse	b) nursed	c) nursing	d) nursery	
2. She chose	as a pro	fession because she wa	anted to help patients.	
a) nurse	b) nursed	c) nursing	d) nursery	
3.Don't look at the		e exam. That'sIt isn'	t an open book exam.	
a) cheat	b) cheats	c) cheated	d) cheating	
	_		aIt isn't an open book exam	٦.
a) cheat	b) cheats	c) cheated	d) cheating	
•	leof the thing	-		
a) list	b) listed	c) listing	d) a list	
•	ave ushomev	-		
a) a few	b) some	c) any	d) many	
	of what he	-		
a) Many	b) Any	c) Few	d) Much	
_		advice on how to keep t		
a) an	b) many	c) some	d) a few	
	ne room isto t		N4 .	
a) enough large	,	c) large enough	d)too enough	
	ve had together w		N. A.	
a) The	b) A	c) No article	d) An	
		en answer the questi		
			oughout the world are in	
		nany and varied, but we		
•			nment and man's greed.	
			non practice for factories to	
-		The state of the s	using great loss of river life.	
		- .	hich effectively control insects	
-		_	not. An increase in population	ĺ
	•	•	and with it the destruction	
	-		animals. To satisfy man's	
			hreat because it is hunted by	_
			od they yield. These are only a	
-		_	ing worldwide recognition, and	
			River Thames has been greatly organisations like "Friends of	
		s deserving cause.	organisations like Friends of	
ille Eartii uo va	iuabie work iii tiii	s deserving cause.		
1 The underlined	d word "many" ref	fore to		
a) pesticides		c) agricultural method	d) insects other than pe	ete
, ·		means "to produce"	-	ວເວ
a) dispose	b) blame	<u>-</u>	d) yield	
a) uispuse	ne best title for the		u) yielu	
			oil d) Fresh water pollution	
•	whales hunted al	•	on d) i resii water ponution	
	b) For the fat th			
	d food. d) For the		.64	· 美生
		America under threat?	4	
		se sportsmen hunt it.	al	(
		n rivers. d) Because of i	nsects and pests.	THE A
66		in danger because of	3000	

a) man's greed b) pollution c) pesticides d) all are possible







Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

1. The antonyms of tr	ne word " nide " ard	e		
a) conceal b) ap			e)expose	
2The synonyms of t	_			
a) thrilling b) ag	•		asting	e) unpleasant
Choose the correct				
1.I admire my broth	her'sof Engl	lish vocabulary.		
a) pronoun	b) pronounce	c) pronounces ea difficult situa	d) pronun	ciation
2. My friend becom	nes nervous when h	ea difficult situa	tion.	
•	•	c) stresses	, .	
_		en she was in hospital		
a) nurse	b) nursed		d) nurser	У
		ing the exam. He is a		
a) cheat	b) cheats	c) cheated	d) cheatin	g
		y goods this factory		
		c) produces		S
		seful for our health.		1
a) interesting	b) enthusiast	c) opinion	a) conceri	nea
		government tries to s		
a) crises	b) problem	c) solution	d) advice	
8. Stating the name	e of your mother is	You don't have to w	rite it.	
		c)optional	ajamust	
_	eranother piece	c)ln	d)with	
a) for	b)to	a wall where people ca	4. / 	nd massaga for
other people to rea		a wan where people co	an put notes a	ilu illessaye ibi
		c) email	d) rucksacl	•
	s tells me		u) lucksaci	`
a) a	b)an		d) no article	
		ool, we learn		
a) many		c)an		
13 Statistics n	progress in our econ	nomy	u, u	
a) shows	h)show	c) were showing	d) have sh	owed
14.England and Fra	ance areEu	ropean countries.	u,	
a) a		c) the	d) no article	
3.Read the following				
People of long ago u	ised to live in group	s in caves or in jungle	s. Thev	
		nimals and looking fo		s, roots, wild fruits
-		settle along or near ri		•
		ransport. They used t		
cooking and washin	g. Their animals als	o drank from these riv	ers. The river	s were full of fish.
Rivers also made go	od farmland for the	se early river settlers.	During the ye	arly flood, rivers
carried along with th	nem river mud which	n was very fertile. This	fertile soil wa	s left behind after
each flood. Thus, riv	er banks or valleys	were suitable places t	or farming. Th	ne people started to
cultivate their own c			_	一、沙族、
		used as a form of high		
		o carry their extra foo		

the river to trade with the other settlers. So they became farmers as well as traders. When they

began to travel up and down the rivers, they learned about the customs and beliefs

of the other settlers.

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

government workers
A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
1.All the statements are true EXCEPT "".
a) As trade and transportation grew, the population of river settlements also grew.
b) As the river settlements grew, they became cities and centres of civilisation.
c) Egypt, India and China were at one time centres of great civilisation.
d) Egypt, India and China were the only important and powerful countries in the
world to have rivers.
2.The word cultivate can best be replaced with
a) grow b) obtain c) look for d) buy
a) grow b) obtain c) look for d) buy 3.The BEST title for this passage would be "".
a) The river water b) The river cities
c) Rivers and the beginning of civilisation
d) Rivers and the customs and beliefs of the settlers
4.Rafts and boats helped the people living near the rivers to be
a) farmers and traders b) farmers c) travellers d) sailors
5.The people of long ago used the river water for
a) drinking b) cooking c) washing d) all of these
6.The early settlers use the river banks for farming because the soil was
a) fertile b) soft c) sandy d) muddy
7.Rafts and boats helped people to
a) learn about exporting goods to other countries
b) learn about the customs and beliefs of the other settlers
c) learn about transportation
d) learn about seas and rivers around the world
8.The land isn't as fertile as in the past because
a) it isn't used by farmers
b) modern technology has replaced traditional farming
c) there is no more flood d) there is no water in seas and rivers
3. Translate the following into Arabic.
All trials to devastate the Egyptian society have failed because of the national unity which
stands as a great obstacle in front of anyone who tries to manipulate with the stability
4. Translate the following into English.
من الواضح ان الجرائم زادت بمعدل كبير هذه الايام فلا يكاد يمر يوم دون ان نسمع عن جريمة في التلفزيون او الانترنت
5. Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY (150) words on the following:
Bullying at schools
Val.
2 3 E S
<u> </u>



Unit 5 Communications



Key vocabulary

communication	اتصال	арр	تطبيق/برنامج
internet	الانترنت	security	امن
technology	التكنولوجيا	smartphone	الهاتف الذكي
connected	متصل	hack	يخترق
malware	برمجيات خبيثة	phishing	الاحتيال/الخداع
cyberbullying	التنمر الالكتروني	uploading	رفع ملفات/معلومات على النت
scam	احتيال/ الغش	posting photos	نشر الصور
downloading	التحميل من النت		

Lessons 1&2

		1
		خاص
		بشكل غير قانونى
عمل تجارى		حديث
		لم يعد
	-	دراسة/استبيان
		اماكنية
مجرم/ اجرامي	arrangement	ترتيبات
يتطور/ينمو	prediction	تنبئو
جهاز	definitely	بالتاكيد
ذاتية القيادة	probably	من المحتمل
		اعلان
متصل بالانترنت	introduce	يقدم
منظمة	abroad	خارج البلاد
بنزين	completely	تماما/كليا
محتمل	space	الفضاء
محطات توليد الطاقة	brilliant	لامع/بارع/متالق
سلة قمامة	security	الامن
عالى/في جميع انحاء العالم	smartphone	الهاتف الذكي
نظام	safer	اكثر امانا
الملاحة عبر الاقمار الصناعية	collect	يجمع/يحضر
يسرق	Book=reserve	يعجز
يتصل/يرتبط		انسان الی
		يختار
احدث	company	شركة
تخيل	article	مقال
عيوب	evidence	دليل
مرن		فارغ/يفرغ
التدفئة		خبير
عمل تحاري		کهربائی
	يخلق/ينتج يتحكم في مجرم/ اجرامي يتطور/ينمو جهاز داتية القيادة متصل بالانترنت منظمة مختمل محتمل سلة قمامة عالي/في جميع انحاء العالم اللاحة عبر الاقمار الصناعية يسرق يسرق اضاءة احدث احدث عيوب	الالتوالا التوالية التوليد ال





Lesson s 3 & 4

horrible	فظيع	properly	ملائم/مناسب
almost	تقريبا	recognize	يتعرف على
danger	خطر	strange	غريب
credit card	بطاقة ائتمان	website	غریب موقع انتلانت
teenager	مراهق	anti-virus	مضاد للفيروسات
personal	شخصی	software	برمجيات
details	التفاصيل	mention	يذكر
delete	يحذف/ينغي	suggest	يقترح
comment	تعليق	socialise	يختلط اجتماعيا
surprised	مندهش	poster	ملصق/اعلان
behaviour	سلوك	dishonest	غير امين
password	كلمة سر	change	يغير /يبدل
blog	مدونة	lock	يغلق/يقفل
Advert = advertistment	اعلان	social media	شبكات التواصل الاجتماعي
Free=free of charge	مجاني/حر	embarrassing	محرج/مربك
employment	توظيف	unkind	غيرعطوف/ودود
furious	شديد الغضب	presentation	عرض/تقديم
account	حساب	project	مشروع
creative	مبدع/خلاق	unwanted	غير مرغوب فيه
take turns	يتناوب الادوار	conclude	يستنتج/يستخلص

Expressions & Prepositions

talk to	يتحدث الى/مع	a worldwide network	شبكة عالمية
Make a decision	يتخذ قرار	embarrassing photos	صور محرجة
hack into organisations	يقتحم منظمة	ask for	يطلب
Cause security problems	یسبب مشاکل امنیة	make comments	يعلق
worried about	قلق على	helpwith	يساعد في
communicate with	يتواصل مع (شخص	satellite navigation	ملاحة بالقمر الصناعي
break into	يقتحم	careful about	حريص علي
focus on	يركزعلى	driverless car	سيارة بلا قائد
personal details	تفاصيل شخصية	Plenty of	وفرة من
go online	يدخل على النت	find out	يكتشف
click on a link	ينقر علي الرابط	spend with	يقضي مع
Lose money	يخسر مالا	as often as I can	بقدر ما استطيع
Stay safe online	يبقى امنا على الانترنت	Complete a form	يملأ استمارة
Give advice	يعطى نصيحة	Socialize with	پذتلط اجتماعیا مع
Build friendships	يبنى صداقات	Getfor free	يحصل عليها مجانا
An advert for	اعلان عن	Be known as	معروف ک





Definitions

communication	systems to communicate
internet	a worldwide computer network
technology	the use of science to create devices for everyday use
connected	when more than one thing is joined or linked
арр	a computer programme
security	to protect a place or person
smartphone	a device that can connect to the internet
hack	when a computer system is broken into illegally
uploading	to send data onto another computer (over the internet)
downloading	to get data from another computer, usually using the Internet
scam	a clever but dishonest plan, usually to get money
malware	software that is designed to get onto a computer and cause harm to the information there or problems with the way it works
phishing	the activity of tricking people by getting them to give their identity, bank account numbers and then using these to steal money from them
cyberbullying	the activity of using messages on social networking sites, emails, text messages, etc. to frighten or upset somebody

Words, synonyms and antonyms

Word		Synonym	المرداف	antonym	المضاد
connected	متصل	Linked/relat	ed/joined	Disconnected/detached	غير متصل
control	يتحكم في	administer/g	govern	neglect/give up	يهمل/يتخلى عن
develop	يتطور/يزدهر	advance/flo	urish	decline/decrease	يتدهور
disadvantage	عيوب	demerits/con	S	advantages/pros/merits	مزايا
empty	يفرغ	clear		fill/occupy	يملا
enough	كاف	Adequate/si	ufficient	Inadequate/ insufficient	غير كاف
heating	التدفئة	warming/me	elting	cooling/freezing	تبريد
illegal	غير قانونى	Unlawful/crin	ninal	legal/lawful/rightful	قانون ی
link	يتصل/يربط	join/connect	<u> </u>	detach/separate	يفصل
major	رئیسی	Main/chief/le	eading	Minor/secondary/trivial	ثانوى
safe	أمن	Secure/prot	eced	insecure/risky/dangerous	غيرامن/خطير
security	الامن	Safety/protect	tion	insecurity/danger	عدم الامان/الخطر
change	يغير	alter/adjust		preserve/remain	يحفظ/يظل
embarrassing	محرج	humiliating/s	shaming	unshameful/convenient	غيرمحرج/مناسب
free	مجاني	without charg	e/costless	Costly/precious/priceless	مكلف
furious	غاضب جدا	very angry/vi	olent	calm/quiet/peaceful	هاديءِ
personal	شخصی	private/indiv	ridual	public/common	عام /شائع
socialise	يختلط اجتماعيا	Mix/associa	te	Dissociate/disjoin	ينفصل اجتماعيا
careful	حريص	Cautious/wa	itchful	Careless/reckless	غير حريص/مهمل
funny	مضحك	comical/hun	norous	Serious/tragic	جاد
employ	يوظف	Hire/take on		Fire/dismiss	يفصل من العمل
possible	محتمل	Probable/lik		Impossible/improbable	غير ممكن
properly	ملائم/مناسب	Well/correct		Improperly/wrongly	غير ملائم/مناسب







7/2	THE STATE OF THE S				
يوصــل (شى/بسلك) 1-connect	She connected her computer to the printer.				
يربط بين شيئين	Coins material commands many names of Coins to noth on				
	Cairo metro connects many parts of Cairo together I contacted my brother to tell him the news				
بتصل ب/ يتواصل مع (بدون حرف جر) contact عن طرق التليفون او الرسائل لطلب او لاعطاء معلومة	When I saw the smoke, I contacted the fire brigade				
دری ایرون اور اور در communicate (with) بیل ریتواصل مع					
عن طريق اللقاء/ التليفون او الرسائلالخ	Now that we live in different cities, we communicate by e-mail.				
2-Discipline فنباط)يهذب/يعاقب					
Some parents complained abou	•				
The country is rightly proud of					
3-Social (problems/classes/issue					
ن) others - اسم جمع + others					
Some people like English. Other					
Some people like English. Others	A gang robbed the bank yesterday.				
يسرق(شخص/مكان) + 5-rob	They robbed him of his money.				
rob somebody of something	The thief stole her bag The thief stole my money.				
يسرق شيء <u>+</u> steal					
	I'm going to download some information about space from the internet.				
	It might take 10 minutes to upload this video to the website				
	Be careful not to overload the washing machine				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	the driver unloaded some boxes from the back of the truck				
it took an hour to load the van.					
على علاقة ب/ مرتبط ب connected with متصل ب(شبكة/نظام/جهاز) 7-connected to متصل ب(شبكة/نظام/جهاز) 1 needed contact with e outside world.					
contact with= communication wi	<mark>th (n.) </mark>				
عل اتصال ب Keep/be in contact with	يفقد التواصل مع lose contact with يكون/يبقى				
_	ينصح * advise نصيعه * advise ييتكر/يغترع				
Mobiles are excellent devices. She devised a method for quicker communications between offices.					
طال الاشخاص المعدات (صفة) 9-electrical					
electrical (equipment / wires /appliances /fault /engineer /device /fuse)/storm					
کهربی ای یعمل بالکهرباء (لوصف الادوات والاجهزة) (صفة) ⇔ electric (صفة)					
* electric (car / washing machine /kettle /guitar /current / light/ oven /iron /fan / fire)					
» an electrician (مونائی (اسم) We need an electrician to repair our electrical equipment.					
- we can't do without electricity in our life.					
- A company needs four electricians to be employed					
ا مفعول −10 need(s) to be + p.p or v (ing) مغعول −10 need(s) to be + p.p or v (ing) مغعول −10. The car needs to be mended. = The car needs mending.					
A THE CAL HEEUS TO BE HIGHAED	The cal needs mending.				

(money / evidence / rubbish) يجمع (اشياء /معلومات) يحتفظ باشياء من تفس النوع 11-→ collect

The company collects information about consumer trends

يحضر شخصا او شيئا من مكان collect

She has gone to collect her son from school.

I'll tell you what - we'll collect the parcel on our way to the station.

وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي social media وسائل الاعلام 12-Mass media

13. like / unlike / as / alike / such as:

- (مثل تعبر عن شي غير حقيقي)) ضمير/اسم + صفة / اسم + #
- * He works like a machine. * She ran like a mad dog. * Do you still write like this?
- على عكس : unlike *

14- experience

* Unlike her sister, Salma is hard-working and studious. * She has blue eyes unlike her mother.

experience

- مثل ـ تعبر عن تشبيه حقيقي)جملة كاملة /وظيفة + 🚓 *
- * My father works as a doctor.
- * train / work / act + as + : وظيفة
- * He trained as a lawyer for three years.

They offered me the job because I had a lot of

الخبرة ما يكتسبه الشخص من معرفة او مهارات خلال عمل معين (لاتعد)

مواقف اوتجارب في العياة (تجمع) Experiences

Experiment (יבען באמגוג (יבער

I had a lot of interesting experiences during my year in Africa. In labs, scientists do a lot of experiments.

* Do this experiment as I do it.

يومي (صفة) + اسم (adj) عومي اصفة

every day (adv) (ظرف ضرف ضرف)

The internet has become part of everyday life./ every day I walk to school

The internet has become part of everyday life.			
نصب / احتيال الانترنت (للاستلاء 16-Scam على اموال الغير	She and her boyfriend were involved in a scam to get a million from the company.		
رسائل البريد التى تعتوى على اعلانات Spam فيها غير مرغوب فيها	I was getting so much spam mail that I changed my email address.		
الامن / التامين (حماية	The prison was ordered to tighten security after a prisoner escaped yesterday.		
الامان (عدم الخوف وعدم وجود خطر Safety	All children should be taught road safety from an early age.		

18.Advertisement/advert/ad

اعلان (كلمة عامة)

Don't believe adverts. Ask people who have already bought the products

announcement

اعلان/تنبیه رتعلیمات – تحذیرات/قرارات

We are waiting for the announcement of the decisions.

Promotion

حملة دعائية (للترويج لمنتج معين)

The company spent 2 million dollars on promotions for the new product.

Commercial

اعلان تجاري رفي التلفزيون/الاذاعة،

- The campaigns were designed to run as television or cinema commercials.

Trailer

اعلان عن فليم

I saw a trailer for the new series of "Game of Thrones" last night.

19.able to

capable

ability

enable قادر علی

(be) able to + (inf.)

► Birds are able to fly using their wings.

قادر على

► Birds are capable of flying using their wings,

(have) the ability to + (inf.)

(be) capable of + (v-ing)

لديه القدرة على

Birds have the ability to fly using their wings.

پمکن ...من (someone/something) + enable + (someone/something) + to + (inf.) پمکن

Wings enable birds to fly.







The internet of things

1 Linking the the world

<u>Communication</u> is no longer about people talking to one another, but about machines talking to machines. This is known as the Internet of Things (IOT). Technology is developing so fast that experts believe everyone will be connected to the IOT in a few years.

2 Connecting our homes

Many things in our own homes are going to be connected to the IOT. Already, people can control their heating and lighting from their phones, but in the future computers will make the decisions for us. They'll even be able to say when the rubbish bins need to be emptied and control how much water we use!

3 No more driving

<u>Cars can</u> already connect to the internet using smartphones, but imagine if you can get a driverless car to come and collect you using an app on your phone. All driverless cars will be electric and much cleaner than petrol ones. Experts think our roads will be safer as there will be fewer accidents using driverless cars.

4 Possible problems

Many people don't think IOT is safe enough yet. Computers collect information about people and businesses which criminals can steal. They use this information to hack into organisations like hospitals, power stations and airports, and cause major security problems

Working together

Last week, I was playing online when I saw an advert for a free game. I clicked on the link and wrote my name, address and some bank details. When I tried to download the game, nothing happened. It was a scam.

My dad was furious because they stole money from his bank account and my computer stopped working properly! Don't click on links you don't recognize and never give your personal details on a strange website. Oh, and remember to use anti-virus software to stop thieves

Listening

Hassan

Last week I was reading about a new online game and saw an advert that said I could get this game for free. All I had to do was complete a form with my name, email address and credit card details. I don't have a credit card, but I sometimes use my dad's card to buy things. Of course it was a scam.

They just wanted the credit card details so they could steal money, but it looked just a real advert. I think lots of kids would be so

a) warming

a- kind

b) cooling

b-positive

13- Never write......comments about other people.

Mr/mohamed Fawzi

100	Co
123)	excited to get a free game they wouldn't think carefully about it.
Laila :	I'm leaving school this year and I want to get a job in a bank. My teacher told me that employers often look online to see what we've posted, so I decided to google my name to see what they may find. It was scary. All the photos and the 'funny' comments I'd ever posted were there and I couldn't delete them. I didn't realize it's almost impossible to remove personal data from the internet.
Saeed	I love reading my friend's social media posts, but some people write really horrible things about other teenagers. One of my friends posted a photo of himself on his new bike and he got lots of rude comments about how he looked and how ugly his bike is. I couldn't believe it! These kids would never, never bully my friend at school, so why do it online? I'm really careful about what I say on the internet now!

تدريبات على الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options 1. The computer is......to a laser machine. a- relation d- beside b- linked c- communicated e- connected 2- You can dump your..... in that landfill site over there. a-rubbish b- trash **C**-possessions d-clothes e- belongs 3- Many people don't think IOT is.....enough yet. a-saving b-securing c -safe d -save e- secured 4. Global warming is a major problem that scientists are trying hard to work out. The antonyms of "major" are...... a- minor b-tremendous C-leading d-remarkable e- trivial 5.Scam is a/an.....plan, usually to get money. a- dishonest b-honest c-legal d-deceptive e- lawful 6- In case there is...... life prospers. e -danger a-safe b- safety c-security d-terrorism 7- Everything is arranged. I've...... a table for 4 in a restaurant nearby. a- reserved b-deserved c-booked d-made e-set 8.My dad got.....on hearing that his car was stolen. b-arrested c-furious d lost e-confusing a- so angry 9- I promise I'll work..... a- good b-proper c-properly d-well e-hardly 10- Never write......comments about other people. a- kind b-positive C- unkind d-rude e-favourable 11. It's getting late, and you two have talked enough for one day. The synonyms of the word "enough" are..... a) legal b| adequate c) sufficient d) inadequate e) flourish 12. This room has under floor heating, isn't it wonderful? The antonyms of the wor "heating" are......

d) deleting

d-rude

c) signing

C- unkind

e) freezing

e-favourable

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-	To-		P.	è
3	x,	3	P.	8
	(4)	To the	TO TO	
		*	-	

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1-I will drive to the	e school to	the child	ren
a-correct	b- connect	c– contact	d- collect
2- A	.car is driven electronic	ally without a human	driver
	b – driven		
	is no longer about peop		
a – else	b – other astest method of	c – others	d – another
4- Speech is the fa	astest method of	between people).
	n b – communicative		
5- You can't send	any emails unless the c	omputer isto	the internet.
	b) connected		
6- I have new	on my smartphone	which helps me prac	ctise foreign languages.
a) caps	b) apesman met them at th	c) abs	d) apps
	b) business		
	ıg in a/anto deal w		
	b) expert		
	are enabling more peo		
	b) hacks		
			ports and power station
	b) sack		
	.makes transferring mo		
	b) hack		
11- A company ca	nits private infor	rmation as it is confid	lential to the business
	b) connect		
	our passports		
	b) researched		
13-One of the adva	antages of this job is the	e working ho	ours.
a) rough	b) tough	c) strict	d) flexible
	y, there is good		
a) convention	b) conduct	c) contract	d) communication
	been searchingfor		
	b) on the line		d) offline
16- I'm looking for	a job which willme to	• •	
a) able	b) let	c) enable	
	ckedthe compa	ıny's central databas	e and knew all our secret
information.			
a) onto	b) in	c) to	d) into
18- The word "sat	nav" is short for satellit		
a) navigation		c) naval	•
	under floor heating, isr	n't it wonderful? The	antonym of the word
"heating" is			200
a) warming		c) signing	
20- My friend has	somein fashion d	esign. He is a great of	lesigner. 📆 🥌
	b) experience		
	5% discount on all	_	The state of the s
	b) electrician		
22-We couldn't go	olast weekend b	ecause the weather v	was awful. 🧪 🍑 🌉
128 C.			

700			(4)
a) developing	b) heating	c) lightening	d) camping
23- A car park	camera capture	d the attack.	**
a) priority	b) business	c) security	d) obesity
	lurethe whole con		
a) caused	b) made	c) persuaded	d) let
25- The loan will	Samy to buy the h	ouse.	
a) able	b) capable	c) enable	d) disable
26- Nothing could	be more important	me than my fami	ly.
a) from	b) to information	c) of	d) at
27- The company	informatio	n about consumer t	trends
	b) conducts		
28- Someone brok	emy car and stol	e my laptop.	·
	b) onto		d) at
29-My decision to	leave school when I was	s only 15 was the w	orst mistake I ever
a) put	b) gave	c) made	d) did
30-Have you read	b) gave about thedevelop	oment in computers	s? ´
a- latter	b- later	c- least	d– latest
31- Don't go near	the edge as it isn't safe.	The antonym of the	e word "safe" is
	o) advance		
32- There must ha	ve been40,000 p	eople in the stadiu	m. ´
a) around	b) round	c) record	d) surround
33- The new facto	ry is expected to	more than 400 new	iobs.
a) control	b) steal	c) develop	d) create
34-You need to up	date your so	ftware regularly to	look for and
	your computer.	······································	
a) malware	b) antivirus	c) antibiotic	d) antibodies
	e not always careful abou		
	b – loading		
			personal details .It is a
	b –scar		
	empt to trick someone w		
to take money out	•		
	b) Phishing	c) Locking	d) Uploading
	e a strongwhich		
	b – passport		
39- Choose the im	age you want by	twice on it	a noyword
	b) downloading		d) selecting
	ng messages online to fr		
	b) Clicking		
41-The Sunday na	pers are full of	for cars	a/Oyberbunying
as advertisements	b) experiences	c) accounts	d) novels
42 I am ashamed	because she has put me	in an si	tuation
	b) embarrassing		
	dn't me aft		
	b. organize		
	blogs and make		
	b. connections		
	our colleague Adel to ov		
	b fallow		
u Juppoi L	D IAIIUW	o, give	U/ICL

46-His mother	was with	him for leaving the baby	alone in the house	Con The
		c) excited		米杯
		ne verb "lock" is the synd		
		c)shut		
	ember any funny stor	ies about work? The wo	rd "funny" is the anto	nym
Of				
a) comical	b) serious	c) humorous	d) attractive	
49. the social no	etworkingl	help people to communi	cate with each other	
a. side	D. Signt	c. site bad comments on t	a. signtseeing	
ou. He was pull	h doing	c. playing	d taking	
		develop cheaper comm		
a. devises	b. advices	c. advises	d. devices	
				o ologo
a. correct	y speaks Chinese, so b. connect	he cannot with the c. communicate	e omer children in me e d. contact	e class
•	•	we shouldn't offer him th	•	
		c. personality		
a- blog		ary for other people to re c- bulk		
		to damage or disable c		ıtor
systems.	ware that is intended	to damage of disable co	omputers and compu	itei
	h-tableware	c -Welfare	d- Maleware	
		en to behave		
a) proper	b) property	c) preparatory	d) properly	
, · ·		ka sentence to hear i		
		c) by		
		e, but I don't believe it. I		••
a)scam		c) link		
60- The room ha	ad a few pieces of ug	ly furniture. The antonyn	n of the word "ugly" i	s
		c) quiet		
61.To join this o	lub, fill in this	•••		
a. programme		c. malware	d. bucket	
	a machine or tool use			
a. particular	b popular	c. connected	d. online	
		ou know the door isn't l		
a. comment	b. possibility	c.post	d. click	
		everything he does.		
a. contacts	b. connects	c. communicate		
		frightens people online.		
	b. cyberbully	c. phishing ccessful as it is written i	d. scam	000
a) every day	b)everyday	ccessiul as it is written i	d) every days	ige
		quickly with thisfire	, ,	
a) electric	b) electrical	c) electricity	d) electrician	一港
	•	ook about heras a wa		1
a) expert		c) experiences	•	C COL
The Control of the Co		running the countr		350
a) able to		d) enable	d) ability	(-30
Mary Day of the Control of the Contr	, .	,	and the same	-

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70. Scientists have to find cleaner ways of generating				とき扱う
a) electric	b) electricity	c) electrical	d) electrify	学师
71. The word co	nnection is a synonym	for		
	b. package		d.carriage	
72. It is taken for	rthat money is th	e root of evil.		
	b. denied		d.granted	
		learn English on my sma	artphone.	
		c. instrument	d. app	
	for showing abusive			
a) details	•	•	d) skills	
-	outting photographs on			
a) Posting photo		b) Downloading malw		
c) Uploading personal details d) Antivirus software				
	that strong friendship to			
a) build	•	c) give	d) get	
• • •	s are full of advertiseme			
a) to	,	c) with	d) of	
	ere. I have a feeling of			
•	b) insecure	, -	d)insecurity	
79. He is a bad person who gets a lot of money through				
a) fishing	,	, .	d) downloading	
80. Don't worry, sir. There'son the door of the room.				
a) lock	b) locked	c) locks	d) a lock	

Grammar

صيغ المستقبل Forms of future





1. التكوين Form: . يتكون المستقبل البسيط من inf + (II) (II)

>He will travel to London tomorrow.

	سسم اسبور حن
E.g. I am 18 years old. Next year, I <u>will be</u> 19 years old. ➤ His school <u>will be</u> 50 years old next year	1. حقائق مستقبلية (العمر) Future facts:
E.g. Your bag looks heavy. I <u>Will</u> <u>help</u> you carry it.	2. عرض مساعدة Offering help:
E.g. <u>Will</u> you <u>help</u> me do my homework, please?	3. طلب مساعدة Asking for help:
E.g. I think it <u>will rain</u> tomorrow. ⊃ Do you think that Cairo <u>will be</u> bigger in the future? I expect that Egypt <u>will achieve</u> progress in all fields.	4. التنبؤ(بدون دلیل) Prediction:
E.g. Someone is knocking on the door. I' <u>II see</u> who is there. >That's the phone. I <u>will answer</u> it. >I'm hungry. I <u>think</u> I <u>will have</u> a sandwich.	5. القرار السريع Quick decision: قرارا يكون الان
I will buy you a new computer when you pass the exam.	6. الوعد Promise:

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A (8)	1.0
E.g. I <u>will call</u> the police if you do that again.	7. التهديد Threat:
E.g. take your umbrella with you or you <u>will get</u> wet	8. التعذير Warning:
* You sweep the floor and I <u>will cook</u> the dinner. * You do the typing and I <u>will check</u> it later.	9ـ توزيع الوظائف و المهام والادوار (بين المتحدث وافراد اخرين)
Look at these clouds. it will probably rain	10_ مع دلیل حاضر مع وجود ظروف مثل Definitely/certainly/probably

After/As soon as/ When/Before/	(مضارع بسیط) او (مضارع تام)	مستقبل <u>'=</u> Will+ inf
By the time	(F= ()()	VV III * 1111
مصدر + will (won't) + شاعل	Till/until	(مضارع بسیط)
مصدر don't / مصدر		او (مضارع تام)

الروابط الاتية :

Ex- As soon as/When Ali gets home, he will have dinner

➤He won't leave until his sister arrives/has arrived

▶Don't press this button until the light turns green.

مصدرالفعل will not(won't) + V.(inf) + فاعل

النفي Negative:

في حالة النفي نستخدم (المصدر + won't)

4. السؤال Question:

Will +. subject + inf....?

ند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتي :



Will you send us some photos? Yes, I will. / No, I won't.

?مصدرالفعل....+will + subject + inf + اداة الاستفهام.

عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام :



Where will Dina go at the weekend? - I think she will go to the park.

الكلمات الدالة Keywords:

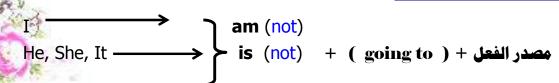
نستخدم will بعد الافعال والظروف والتعبيرات الاتية :

predict-expect -hope- think – believe – promise – wonder - suppose	افعال
Probably-possibly- certainly- perhaps – maybe -	ظروف
Be sure —be afraid —it is probable —it's certain —it's possible- I don't think	<mark>تعبيرات</mark>
tomorrow - next (week/month/year) - in	كلمات
the future - soon - in 2030 -	

ن (be) going to + inf الستقبل باستخدام

تكوين Form:

حالة الإثبات والنفي: يتكون المستقبل من)



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We, You, They ----- are (not)

EX→They are going to visit an ancient site.

→I'm not going to visit a museum, I'm very busy.

:Usage

1. يستخدم عند التخطيط أو النيةاو القرار المسبق لحدث في المستقبل (لم ننتهي من الترتيب له)

E.g.1- I'm going to buy a new car, I intend to do that . (Intention)

2- We're going to stay with relatives this weekend. (We have decided this already))

3- She is going to buy a new computer. She has already made her plan.

لاحظ اذا كان القرار فوري اوالان نستخدم will :

Ex- I have decided now that I will go to bed.

2. يستخدم عند التنبؤ بوجود دليل (نراة او نعرفة او نسمعه مع كلمات /think /believe/ او شي على وشـك : take care /look!/ watch out ! /lookout!/ الحدوث او مع كلمات التحذير او التنبيها

E.g. 1-There are a lot of clouds. I think It is going to rain.

2-Look at this reckless driver! He is going to crash into the car in front.

3-Hassan's playing really well. He's going to win the game!

4- Watch out! The baby is going to fall.

5-It's near the end and it's 3-0 for Egypt. We are going to win the game!.

6-It's six a.m. and it's already 25°C. It is going to be very hot today

7-How pale شاحبة الوجه that girl is! <u>I believe / I think/</u> she is going to faint

8-He can't swim. He is going to drown.

ولكن الصفات الثابتة والمهارات للانسان ليس دليلا على حدوث الفعل فناخذ<mark>.</mark> Will مثل ا

E.g. 1 - Messi is a clever player. I think he will score a goal the next match.

2- Hamdi is very fast. I think he will be in the Olympic Games one day!

3- Sara is a good student .I think she will pass all her exams.

ولكن لاحظ المواقف المؤقتة تعتبر ادلة واضحة

* My brother is revising well. I think he's going to pass the test.

3- يستخدم عند وجود كلمات (intend /intention/plan /decide/ made decision/ made up...mind)

Ex- A: What are your plans for the next weekend?

- B: I'm going to play computer games.

السؤال Question:

Is/Are +. subject + going +to inf....?

ند تكوين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتي :

Are they going to do their homework? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't

ند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام :



?مصدر الفعل.... is/are + subject +going + inf + اداة الاستفهام

What are you going to do at the weekend?- I'm going to visit my grandparents



Form 🛎

am/is/are + v. ing

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: Usage الاستخدام

1_ يستخدام المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن المستقبل في حالة وجود ترتيبات مسبقة ، و يدل علي ذلك كلمات مثل :

arranged /made arrangements / prepared / booked /packed reserved / got / bought

e.g. - He has arranged everything. He's spending his holiday in Paris.

-We are going on holiday next week. I've already bought the tickets

They are flying to Paris next Friday. They bought the tickets

* I'm Travelling for Rome tomorrow afternoon. Everything is already arranged

2 يتسخدم مع المناسبات الاجتماعية من حفلات وأعياد ميلاد والزواج وسفر وزيارات ومواعيد شخصية وغيرها تستلزم ترتيبات

e.g. He's getting married next Friday. We are giving a party tomorrow for Mona's birthday. The school inspector is coming on Thursday.

3. يستخدم المضارع المستمر مع هذة الافعال التى تستلزم ترتيبات

go /come/ visit=see /meet/ travel /see/ stay/fly /arrive/leave/(have/give) يقيم a party

- I'm meeting them on Saturday. - They're going tomorrow.

l'<u>m doing</u> a test next Monday. Our class <u>is visiting</u> a museum tomorrow

-We're eating dinner in the restaurant carriage this evening

4 يستخدم مع عدم مقدرة فعل شي في المستقبل نتجية للترتيب لفعل حدث اخر.

- -Nadia can't visit you on Saturday. She is helping her mother to prepare for a family party.
- I can't meet you tomorrow as I <u>am doing</u> the shopping.

I can't see you tomorrow, I'm meeting a friend off at the airport

4. المستقبل باستخدام المضارع البسيط

← يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن المستقبل (بجداول المواعيد الثابتة : بوسائل المواصلات و المسرح و السينما و المدرسة والحصص والامتحاناتالخ

e.g. Your train <u>leaves</u> at 6 am tomorrow. The first class <u>begins</u> at 8 o'clock am. -our next exams <u>start</u> in may. -What time <u>does your bus arrive</u> on Saturday?

1- choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1-Hanyin tl	he hospital where I ap	plied for the training	oost.
a) am probably wo	rking	b) will probably	work
c) am probably go	oing to work		
2-A lot of people a	re waiting for the mus	eum to open. It	busy there today.
	b- was		
	ne house. I		
			d- am going to turn
	lassroom five tomorro		
	b- will have painted		d- will paint
	heavy. Iy		- AM
	b am helping		
6-The teacher says that we relative clauses next week.			
A going to study	b study	c are studying	d studying 👍 🎇
	70 on his		
	b will be		
8- It's 35 degrees	and it's only 7 a.m. It	very hot t	today.

			134
awas	b is going to be	c is beina	d will be
	a party next week. Every		***
a. have	b. are having	c. are going to have	d. have had
10-l The twin	b. are having sseventeen next wee	k. What presents shall we	e buy for them?
a) turning	b) turns	c) is going to turn	d) will turn
11- There are	b) turns e a lot of people in the roon	n. lt difficult to	o find a chair.
a-is	b-will be	c-is aoina to be	d- will have been
12-Look, the	b-will be cre's a sandstorm. Ib-close control of the sky today	the windows.	
a-will close	b-close c	-am gong to close	d-am closing
13-There are	no clouds in the sky today	v. I think that it	Very hot.
a- is going to	be b- will be	c- is being	d- is
	ible with a severe stomach		
15- We	b am going to married next month.	Would you like to come to	the wedding?
a-will have go	ot b-are getting	c-will get	d-got
16- I think it .	ot b-are getting be hot tomo	rrow.	3
A is	b is going to	c will be	d going to
17- He	work in an hour. He has a	rranged it with his boss.	
a. is leaving	b. is going to le	ave c. will leave	d. leaves
18. Tomorrov	b. is going to leaw Ithe match with m	ny friend. I have intended	to do that.
	n b) am watching		
19- She	an engineer when she I	eaves university. That is	her plan,
a- will becom	ne b- has become	c- is going to become	d- becomes
20- Someone	e's at the door. I	who it is	
a- am seeing	b- will see book club meeting after s	c- am going to see	d- see
21. There's a	book club meeting after s	chool and everyone	there.
	go b) will go		d) goes
	s sharpening his pencil, he		
a) is writing	bly write	b) will write	
c) will probal	oly write	d) is going to write	
23. We	a family party on Satu	ırday. Would you like to c	ome?
	b) going to have		d) have
	r umbrella with you or you		
a) get	b) will get	c) are getting	d) would get
	t studied hard. I think he		
a- will fail	b- fails	c- is going to fail	d- failed
26. I expect A	b- fails Ahmedthrou	gh his exams.	
	b- is going to get		
	ee that film. I'm sure that y		
	b- are enjoying		njoy d- enjoy
	The rock is loose. It		
	fall b- will fall		d- falls
	Rain because		G. Tame
	rain b) is raining		d) will rain
30 The earth	n is very crowded. People	on the moon	a, wiii raiii
	b. will live		d. live
	ıt! The baby		G. HVE
valen ot	b. is falling	·······	d will be follow
a. WIII Iali	b. Is failing	c. is going to fall	u. will be failen
52-1 m sure	the matchreally	exclung.	al supsidad by
a. Will be	b. is being decided that Ipart	c. is going to be	d. would be
33-Tve nave	decided that Ipart	in the next competition.	3

A STATE OF THE STA		125
a. going to take b. will take	c am taking	d take
34-Don't come late again or l	nish vou	u. take
34-Don't come late again or Ipur a. am going to b. will 35- Do you think that Cairo	c. shall	d. going to
35- Do you think that Cairo	bigger in the future?	a. gog to
a is b is going to be	c will be	d going to be
a is b is going to be 36-I am tired . I to bed at onc	e	a going to be
a- go b- will go	c- am going	d- am going to go
37. I'll call you when I at my h	notel	a am going to go
a) arrives b) will arrive	c) arrive	d) am arriving
38. I can't see you later this evening. I	my homewo	rk
a) did b) will do	c) 'm doing	d) was doing
a) did b) will do 39. There's a good film on TV tonight. It.	at ten o'	clock
a) will finish b) finishes	c) has finished	d) is finishing
40-Don't be late . the bus At a	exactly ten o'clock.	a) is innorming
a- Leaves b- going to leave	c- has left	d- left
a) will finish b) finishes 40-Don't be late, the bus	nt two o'clock this afte	ernoon.
a-is finishing b-will finish	c-tinisnes	a-going to finish
42. I will inform you as soon as I	home tome	orrow.
a. arrived b. had arrived 43- Do you think that Sohathe fu	c. will arrive	d. arrive
43- Do you think that Sohathe fu	III mark in the exam?	
a.will get b.is going to get	c.would get	d.is getting
44- He is filling his bucket with water. He	ethe car.	
a) will wash b) washes		d) is going to wash
45- There is too little petrol left. The car.	•••••	
a)is going to stop b) stop	c) is stopping	d) will stop
a)is going to stop b) stop 46- The weather report says it	hot all day.	
a)will be b) going to be	c is being	d is
a)will be b) going to be 47-The match at 4.30 this af	ternoon.	
a)is ending b) ending	c) will be ending	d) ends
48-There is no doubt that weout or	f petrol one day.	
a) will run b) are going to run		
49. Farmers the rainforest becau		
a. will damage b. will be damaged c. going		• •
50. My brother will go to the park when he		
	finished d. finis	snes
51. We made all the arrangements; we		
	. will give d. are	giving
52. The sky is clear. I think it		
	sn't going to rain d. wo	
53to Canada tomorrow? -Yes, I have	got the ticket and the v	isa.
a. Do you travel b. Are you travelling	c. You will travel d. Ar	e you going to travel
54.wein the forest next Friday. We	bought all the tools we	need.
a) will camp b) are going to camp	e) are camping d) wo	ould camp
55.Look at the schedule! The first train to As	swanat 5.00 a.m.	_ *\&_
a) leaves b) is leaving c) is	going toleave	d) will leave
56. A; Why are you taking down all the pictu	•	The state of the s
The Attrock	m going to paint	
Control of the Contro	m painting	3
CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	•	
57.I think my cousinlaw. He is keen on	acterialing people.	

		A STATE OF THE STA
a. would study b. is going to study c. studyi	ng d. will study	(N)
58.Being intelligent, shefirst next year.		果你
	ng to come d. will come	
59.lhere until he returns to tell him the in	9	
a. will wait b. won't wait c. waited	d.didn't wait	
60 I'll try to advise her but I know she	d.didii t Wait	
a. doesn't listen b. isn't listening c. won't li	sten d. isn't going to lister	2
a. doesn't listen b. isn't listening C. won't li	steri d. isii t going to lister	1
		· ——
®Translation		
(A) Translate into Arabic:		
1- The spread of social networking sites has cha	nged every person's ways of soc	cializing
and communicating with friends and acquaintan	ces	
2- Spare time is for relaxation and practicing favourit	e hobbies. It mustn't be spent foolis	hly or
unwisely. So a pre plan is highly recommended for ye	our spare time	
3- Modern technology plays a vital role in education	, so schools have been supplied wif	th
computers and modern laboratories		
4 The analysis and the second		N4::
4 The environment is everything around us, so we		
of Environment pays much attention to the fatal dang	jers and narms that affect the enviro	onment
		•••••
5- Thanks to the World Wide Web, you can go around	I the wide world in minutes. Vou ius	t proce
some buttons and move a mouse to find yourself wa		t press
some buttons and move a mouse to mid yoursen wa	•	
		•••••
6- The great development in industry has led to an in	ocrease in the amount of carbon die	vida
and this has led to climate change and global warming		VIAC
and this has led to chimate change and global wallill	'Y	
		•••••
(R) Translate only into English		
(B) Translate only into English:	٠ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١ ١	1
ين في كل انجاء العالم	مكنا بالكمبيوتر والانترنت ان نكون على اتصال بالاخر	ال- تعد ب
		(404.)
Tab.		100
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*1 / 4 44 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	17 14

1st sec Mr/mohamed Fawzi

ن التلوث البيئي	ييا في زيادة الوعي بالخاطر الناجمة ع	3_ تلعب وسائل الاعلام دورا حيو
ياة أفضل للجميع	لإنتاج ومضاعفة الدخل القومي لتوفير ح	4 لابد أن نعمل ليل نهار لزيادة ا
) التي ينبغي الحفاظ عليها بواسطة كل الأجيال	ليدها وقيمها ومبادئها المتميزة (الميزة	5ـ <u>كل ثقافة</u> لها عاداتها وتقا
	•••••	•••••
لزمنة والميتة	د عظّمة طوال الوقت لمحاربة الأمراض ا	6_ يبذل العلماء والباحثون جهوا
Mini 7	est	
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c o		
1. Knowledge in the field of medicine has	3 , 3	d)
a) revolving b) avoiding	,	d) developing
2. Playing too many gamesthe batt	-	d\ahargas
a) imaginesb) steals3. Decisionneeds deep thinking an		d)charges
a) saying b) making		d) having
4.Car drivers useto know where the	, •	, —
a) adverts b)sat-nav) passwords
5. No one can hackmy computer as	,	
a) of b) off) for
6. Ito France after I finish my educa	•	,
a) am flying b) am going to fly	•	d) fly
7. What timeyour plane take off ton	norrow?	, •
a) will b) is	c)does	
8. My father has arranged everything. He	to Saudi Arabia for C	Omra next week.
	c) is going to travel	
9. Although prices are sky high in Londor	ı, I there sooner or lat	er. I have
made up my mind.		
a) am going to live b) will live		d) was living
10. Don't forget that our neighboursf		-1\
a) come b) will come	,	a) are coming
11.According to the time table, our ex		d) will start
a) start b) are starting		d) will start
12. The power failurethe whole con	-	
a) caused b) made	c) persuaded	d) let

Mr/mohamed Fawzi





Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

1. The antonyms of the word " develop " are........

a)	flourish	b) arise	c) decline	d) evolv	e e)ruin			
			"embrassing"					
					d) uncomplicated	e)enjoyable		
			from a, b, c or					
	1. Don't worry, sir. The door of the room is							
			c) loc	ks	d) a lock			
	2.There must be							
i	a) technology	b) sat-nav	c) cy	berbullying	d) chatting			
,	3. I heard the	of the	gun and I knew	that the crim	inal was going to sho	oot.		
i	a) danger	b) decision	c) rin	g	d) click			
4	a) danger b) decision c) ring d) click 4.The software downloaded from this website is mostlywhich will damag your computer							
i	a)apps	b) malware	c) ha	rdware	d) adverts			
			t the of the					
ć	a)details	b) offers	c) ne	tworks	d) organizations	}		
	6. Ais a place in an electric document that takes you to another page or							
	a) line		c) w					
7.The information on the main computer was lost through a								
			c) h		d)hacks			
8	8.There are son	ne disadvanta	gessocial	media.				
ŧ	a)on	b)to	c) a	bout	d)into			
9.the new minister gave the details of the ministry policy in histo members of the								
	parliament.							
					d)dicussion	l		
10.We my birthday party on Saturday. Would you like to come? a) are having b) will have c) be going to have d) are being had								
						had		
11. Esraa has just decided to buy this dress. Sheit now.a) is buyingb) is going to buyc) will buyd)buys								
					d)buys			
12. Everything is arranged now, wefor Alexandria tomorrow. a) will leave b) are leaving c) leave d) are going to leave								
					d) are going	j to leave		
13. I expected that my team the match. a) is winning b) will win c) is going to win d)would win								
ć	a) is winning	b) will win	. C) is	s going to wir	n d)would wi	n		
14. Don't worry about your exams, Iyou. a) am helping b) will help c) am going to help d) help								
ć	a) am helping	b) will help	c)	am going to	neip d) help			

3. Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The environment is everything that surrounds us: plants, animals, buildings, country, air and water. Ecology is the science of how living creatures and plants exist together and depend on each other and on the local environment. Where an environment is undisturbed, the ecology of an area is in balance, but if a creature is exterminated or an alien species introduced, then the ecology of the district will be upset. In other words, the balance of nature will be disturbed. One of the main causes of the earth's troubles is that the world is overpopulated and this overpopulation is growing at an ever-increasing rate. At the same time, the earth is unable to provide enough food since the fertility of some of our richest soils has been lost and vast areas that were once fertile lands have turned into barren deserts. And the trouble with deserts is that they tend to creep outwards on to the fertile soils. Man is a part of the environment and he has done more to upset the ecology during his short span on earth than any other living creature. He has done this by his ignorance, his greed, his thoughtless, his

foolishness and his wastefulness. Since man has done so much damage, it is up to him to try to put matters right - if it is not already too late. If there is to be any remedy for our ills, that remedy ultimately lies in the hands of the young generations, and the sooner they start doing something about it, the better

something about it, the better
A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:
1.World population is threatened with starvation because
a) all our natural resources have run out with no hope of replacing them
b) vast areas of our fertile lands have turned into barren deserts
c) the deserts creep inwards on to the fertile areas
d) overpopulation is increasing and the rich soil is rising
2.Ecology is a science which studies
a) man's social activities b) living creatures and the environment
c) plants and farming d) the habitats of animals
3.What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?
a) The young. b) The ill. c) Different creatures. d) The soils.
4. The writer of the passage that man disturbed the environmental balance through
a) his moral values b) his culture c) his good behaviour d) his bad qualities
5.The more fertile the soil is, the
a) less food we have b) more food we have
c) fewer people live on earth d) more barren deserts there are
6.What made man upset the ecology?
a) His ignorance. b) His greed.
c) His thoughtless, foolishness and wastefulness d) All of the above.
7.The word "fertile" is antonymous to the word "".
a) rich b) productive c) barren d) fruitful
8.The most suitable title for the passage is "".
a) Man's greed is the cause of upsetting the ecology
b) Ecology (in balance or upset)
c) It's too late to balance the ecology
d) Overpopulation and the earth's troubles
4. Translate the following into Arabic.
,Co-operation among nations of the world will result in spreading peace and security
They should help each other to improve the living conditions of their people.
They should help each other to improve the living conditions of their people
F. Tuendata the fallowing into English
5. Translate the following into English.
ان مشكلة تلوث الهواء واحدة من اخطر المشكلات على الاطلاق.لانها لا تهدد حياة الأنسان فقط ولُكن حياة جميع الكائنات التي
تعيش على كوكب الارض
6. Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY (150) words on the following:
The roles that young people can play to help their country
The roles that young people can play to help their country
Ak September 1997
(A)





Unit 6 Learning from literature

Key vocabulary

hay	قش/تبن	•	شاعر
plot	قطعة ارض	poetry	شعر
dig	يحفر/ينقب	poem	قصيدة
gravel	حصی	novel	رواية
currant row	صف من العنب(المجفف)	lock	يغلق
rhythm	الوزن الشعرى	rhyme	قافية (الشعر) يتناغم

Lessons 1&2

literature	الادب	case	حالة/قضية
author	مؤلف	form	شکل
lawyer	محامي	Full-time	دوام کامل
later	فيما بعد	gardener	جنايني
weather	الطقس		جزيرة مختطف
line	سطر/خط	kidnapped	مختطف
lock	يغلق/يحبس		غريب
serious	جاد/خطير		أدوات بسيطة
suppose	يفترض/يزعم	wish	يتمنى/أمنية
treasure	كنز		قراصنة
adventure	مفامرة	popular	محبوب/شعبي
consider	يفكر		السيرة الذاتية
discussion	مناقشة	Each other	بعضهم البعض
The Pacific	المحيط الهادي	scottish	اسكتلندى
romantic	رومانسي	choice	اختيار
publish	ينشر	successful	ناجح
sailing	الابحار	weather	الطقس
seem	يبدو	improve	يحسن
popular	محبوب او شعبي	warmer	اكثر دفئا
although	برغم ان	Joy	فرح
issue	قضية	society	المجتمع
helpful	مفید/مجدی	particular	خاص
wedding party	حفل زفاف	request	طلب
busy	مشغول	formal	رسمي
comics	مجلة هزلية		غير رسمي
trouble	مشكلة/مازق		يتجنب
follow	يتبع	Faculty of arts	كلية الاداب

Lesson s 3 & 4

activities	انشطة	rhyme	قافية (الشعر) يتناغم
clear	واضح/صافی	rhythm	الوزن الشعرى



1			Calculati
candlelight	ضوء الشمعة	dress	يرتدى
describe	يصف	quite	تماما/الي حد ما
differently	باختلاف	Grown-up	بالغ/راشد
especially	خصوصاً	situation	موقف
verse	بيت شعر	subject	موضوع
exciting	مثير	narrate	يروى
fair	عادل	repeat	يكرر
hop	يقفز	summary	ملخص
brief	مغتصر	season	فصل
length	طول	clearly	بوضوح
broken	مكسور	prefer	يفضل
outside	خارج	hate	يكره
main idea	الفكرة الرئيسية	compare	يقارن
disagree about	يختلف في	reason	سبب

Expressions & Prepositions

At the age of	فی سن	Put something away	يضع شيءِ ما في مكانه
decide to	يقرران	Keep the gravel walk	يلزم الطريق المفروش بالحصى
improve his health	يحسن صحته	on his way home	في طريقه للمنزل
Be best known for	مشهور ب	mix with	يختلط ب
Be made into a film	حولت الى فليم	Do a favour	يقدم معروف
as well as	بالاضافة الى	in winter	في الشتاء
no one else but	لا احد باستثناء	popular with	محبوب لدي
Stay on the path	يبقى على الطريق	In the street	فى الشارع
A line of	صف من	In different seasons	فى الفصول الختلفة
different from	مختلف عن	have fun	يستمتع
Make a preparation for	يجهز/يستعد ل	Have rhythm	ذو إيقاع
Quite the other way	على العكس تماما	feel differently	لديه شعور مختلف
Break up	يفتت	Different to/from	مختلف عن
For a while	لفترة من الوقت	Get away from	يهربمن
Follow rules	يتبع القواعد	a variety of forms	مجموعة متنوعة من
Similar to	مشابه ل	Hear about	يسمع عن

Definitions

hay	dried grass that people use to feed animals	
plot	small piece of land for growing things on.	
dig	break up and move earth with your hands or a machine	/73100
gravel	small stones, used to make a surface for paths, roads	22.20
currant row	a line of plants that have small fruits	
lock	To close something using a key	
rhyme	when words end with the same sound.	



9	f (a)	Car Y-188
ý	rhythm	a repeated sound in music, poems, etc.
P.	a novel	a long written story in which the characters and events are usually imaginary
	a poet	is someone who writes poems
	poetry	is a form of writing
	a poem	is a piece of writing often arranged in lines that rhyme

Words, synonyms and antonyms

Word		المرداف Synonym	antonym	المضاد
improve	يحسن/يطور	enhance/develop	decline/damage	يتدهور
joy	فرح/بهجة	charm/delight	sadness/sorrow	حزن
popular	محبوب	favoured/beloved	unpopular	غير محبوب
strange	غريب	Familiar/unusual	Unfamiliar/common	مالوف
successful	ناجح	Fruitful/profitable	Unsuccessful/hopeless	غير ناجح
warm	دافىءِ	heated/hot	Cold/cool	بارد
wish	يأمل	Desire/hope	spurn/reject	يأبى
brief	مختصر	Short/summary	Long/lasting	طويل
especially	خصوصا	particularly	Generally/normally	عموما
Grown-up	ناضج	Adult/mature	lmmature/infant	غير ناضج
serious	خطير	dangerous	Safe/secure	امن
far	بعيد	remote	Near/close	قريب
kidnap	يخطف	Hijack/capture	Release/free	يحرر/يطلق
variety	تنوع	Diversity/type	similarity	تشابه
clear	واضح	Obvious/understandable	Vague/ambiguous	غامض
Full-time	دوام كامل	Permanent/regular	Part-time/temporary	جزئى/مؤقت

Language notes

ا -(was/were) born in +(مكان/سنة)	My father was born in Cairo in 1949.		
Was/were born on + (التاريخ)	Hany was born on 15th March, 2005		
Was/were)born into + (عائلة)	She was born into a good/wealthy family		
Was/were)born with+ (مرض)	Jenny was born with a small hole in her heart.		
ینشر(مجلة – كتاب) 2- publish	The writer has published three books recently		
مدر يُنشَر come out = be published	My new book came out / was published only last week		
spread (مرض/حریق)	- fire spread rapidly because of the strong wind		
prevail يسود/يمم	in the end, justice prevailed and the men stet free		
نجاح 3.Success	Everyone agreed the picnic was a great success		
(be) a success يمثل نجاحا او ناجح	Taking part in the competition was a success		
Successful ناجع	Their new advertising campaign has been very successful.		
4-cause يسبب	Scientists are trying to find out what causes the disease.		
يجعل مصدر to مفعول	The cold weather caused me to sleep early		

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سبب/مسبب(یودی الی نتیجة) اسم + cause of	What was the cause of the fire?		
سبب ـ مبرر ـ داع اسم / reason for + v ing	Can you give the reason for leaving ?		
reason why + ڪامــلة	Is there a reason why you can't come?		
5-feel (felt) + adj	my parents felt happy because I passed the exam		
fall(fell-fallen) (یسقط/یقع (ینحفض	I fell off the ladder yesterday. He believes that educational standards are falling.		
Fill (filled)with يملا ب	he filled the glass with water		
Fail (failed) يفشل في	he didn't study hard , so he failed the exam		
6- prefer يفضل			
Prefer + (noun/ving) to (not	ın / v ing)		
(would)Prefer to + (inf) rath	er than (inf)		
- I prefer tea to coffee. I'd prefer to s	tay at home rather than to go out.		
7 – put away # p *Put your books away. *Don't pu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
+ quite # quite #	يغادر – يهجر (يزوغ) # quit (الى حد ما) صفة quiet. The food in the cafe is usually quite good.		
9 – prove يثبت او يرهن # i \$He tried to prove his point of view.	mprove یعسن او یطور / approve \$\text{The government does its best to improve schools}		
10-At the age o f= when فاعل was	+ العمر // In the age of		
He won the championship at the age He won the championship when he w			
He r يدحرج/يكور	olled his shoulders back.		
role دور Evei	y member of the team has a vital role to play.		
Rule قاعدة/يعكم We a	all have to stick to the rules		
hard (adv.) بجد/بشدة/بغزارة /بغنف Ran: hardly (adv.) بالكاد/بالصعوبة There It's very dark in this room. I ca	one passed the exam. It was hard. a studies hard to get high marks e is hardly any water in the glass. n hardly see.		
	ef kidnapped the woman and killed her		
	ing hijacked the plane to get a lot of money - نشيط Live يعيث - Live الحياة		
	نشيط Lively - يعيش Live الحياة مميت deadly - المو		
فيما بعد 16–16	تانی او اخر latter به النی او اخر		
she later worked for an organization	n. She offered me more money or a car and I chose the latter		
صفة أو مصدر الفعل + مفعول + 17- make	يجعل		
Her success made us happy.	/ - The policeman made the tourist pay a fine		
	مفرح – Favourable # موهوبfavoured #مفضا		
Secons Second 			
≥ He is favoured at singing.	She heard favourable news, she must be happy.		
19.Current	Strong currents can be very dangerous for swimmers. In its current state, the car is worth 60,000 pounds		
المان الماء مواء – کهرباء) المائة current state , the car is worth 60,000 pounds المائة العالى المائة العالى المائة Currently working on his first novel.			
currency באג אוני פון איני אוני פון איני פון			
currency عمله بند currant عنب مجفف A currant row is a line of plants that have fruits			

خصيصا لـ (لغرض خاص) 20-specially خاصة (لتمييز شئ أو شخص) especially A wheelchair is specially made for the disabled.

We must increase our production especially wheat.

21 له biography سيرة ذاتية يكتبه شخص اخر He wrote her biography

* autobiography سيرة ذاتية يكتبها صاحعا ? Sadat wrote his autobiography

Reading

Biography about(Robert Louis Stevenson)

Robert Louis Stevenson was born in Scotland in 1850 and died 44 years later in Samoa, a small island in the south Pacific. He was not always well because the weather in Edinburg was too cold for him.

When he was a child he couldn't always go to school. He studied to become a lawyer at Edinburg University, but he always wanted to write. At the age of 21 he decided to become a full-time writer. He often travelled to warmer places to try to improve his health. For a while he lived in France and this was where he met his wife, Fanny. She was from the United States, so Stevenson also travelled to America with her. Although he is best known for his novels, like Kidnapped and Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde, Stevenson also wrote many poems and travel books. His first successful novel was Treasure Island – an adventure story about pirates. His books are still very popular today and many of them have

been made into films.

The Gardener

The gardener does not love to talk.
He makes me keep the gravel walk;
And when he puts his tools away,
He locks the door and takes the key.
Away behind the currant row,
Where no one else but cook may go,
Far in the plots, I see him dig,
Old and serious, brown and big.
He digs the flowers, green, red, and blue
Nor wishes to be spoken to.
He digs the flowers and cuts the hay,
And never seems to want to play.

Bed in Summer

In winter I get up at night
And dress by yellow candlelight.
In summer quite the other way,
I have to go to bed by day.
I have to go to bed and see
The birds still hopping on the tree,
Or hear the grown-up people's feet
Still going past me in the street.
And does it not seem hard to you,
When all the sky is clear and blue,
And I should like so much to play,
To have to go to bed by day?

Two opinions about the poem Bed in Summer: Khaled, 4:04 PM

The words Stevenson has used very clearly describe the situations he's writing about and I really like that. I also think the poem's subject is very

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interesting because everyone feels differently in different seasons. In my opinion, poets should write about everyday life. However, I think the second verse is too long and its rhythm is too slow.

Hamid, 5:36 PM

I love the language in the poem, especially the way Stevenson describes the light at different times of day. I also think the second verse is great because the rhymes in it are so clever. However, in my opinion, the poem's subject is quite boring because going to bed and getting up aren't very interesting activities. I think poets should write about more exciting things.

Listening:

Teacher:	This week we're studying the Scottish writer, Robert Louis Stevenson, in particular his poetry not his novels. Have any of you heard about him or read any of his works?
Nesma :	Didn't he write Treasure Island? I tried reading it last year, but it was a bit boring, so I decided to watch the film instead.
Teacher:	Did you like it?
Nesma :	Yes, it was really good. I love adventure films and I enjoy reading adventure stories too. I just found Treasure Island a bit difficult.
Teacher:	Well, it was written a long time ago. He was born in 1850 and Treasure Island was published in 1881. And Wafaa, have you read any of his books?
Wafaa:	I don't think so. I prefer reading romantic stories and poems.
Teacher:	Well, Stevenson wrote poems too. In fact he wrote all kinds of things. He began writing stories when he was a child and unwell. Unfortunately, Stevenson was often very ill and he finished writing Treasure Island while he was ill in bed. He continued to write more books, including a collection of poems called A Child's Garden of Verses and he also travelled a lot to get away from the cold Scottish weather.
Nesma:	Where did he go?
Teacher:	As a young man, he went to Europe, France and Switzerland mainly. In fact, his first book was about his travels in France. He and his family loved sailing and they wanted to sail from America, where they were living, to the South Pacific. The family chose to build a house in Samoa and the Stevenson family lived there until he died in 1894. Now for this week's lesson I want you to choose a story or poem by Stevenson and bring it to class to discuss. Then

Sara's paragraph about Bed in Summer:

My favourite poem is Bed in Summer because it describes how I felt when I was young. In the summer I had to go to bed when it was light and I hated it. Like the author I

wanted to be outside playing and I didn't think it was fair that everyone else was outside having fun. It's good length for a



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poem, only three verses and I like the fact that the words rhyme. I don't like poems which don't rhyme. The first two lines rhyme, 'night' and 'light' and then the next two lines rhyme, 'way' and 'day'. This makes it easy to say and easy to remember. Robert Louis Stevenson was ill when he was a child and stayed in bed a lot. That's why I think he wrote this poem.

تدريبات على الكلمات

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the Two (2) correct answers out of the Five (5) options given:

1.We must	all sectors of p	production.			
a- improve	-		d-limit	e-high	
2.ln my	, poets should v	write about everyo	day life.		
a- mind	b-brain	C-view	d- opinion	e-belief	
3- I don't thir	nk the referee of th	nat match was	enough.		
a-fair	b - just	c- practical	d-honest	e-strong	
4- He still fee	elsand I'll	take him to the do	octor.		
a- well	-		d- vacant	e-deadly	
	ı do me a?				
				e-servant	
	ans are well		_		
_	b-known	C- famed	d- fame	e- faming	
	a form of				
			d- biography	e- farming	
	ym of the word ex				
			d- moving e		
			he synonyms of the d- length		•••••
			y workers. The syn		1 "
	re		y workers. The syn	onymis of the word	1
			d- enhance	e- decline	
			ld was born. The a		
word "joy"	2 2			intonyino or tho	
• •	b- sorrow	c- charm	d- sadness	e- declined	
1- choose	the correct an	swer from a,b,	c or d		
11. Children l	ove ir	the sand on the	beach.		
	b. knockin			d. digging	
			to eat		
	b. hay	_ ,	its	d. pizza	
3. we spent m	uch time in the st	reet as he	the door and lost	the keys.	
	b. locked			d. leaked	7-3
4. Some subn	າarines look for ຣເ	ınkenat the	bottom of the sea.		(40)
	b) measures			d) pressures	100
	_		n his vegetable		14
a – blog	b – spot	c – blo	ck	d – plot	277

.row is a line of plants that have small fruits.

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b – currant	c – carrot	d – curl
nall stones , used to ma	ake a surface for pat	hs , roads , etc.
b – Gravel	c – Bravery	d – Rock
st known for his	like kidnapped	and treasure island.
b – poetry	c – plays	d – novels
someone who writes p	oems	
b – poet	c – novelist	d – playwright
		d-way
me a favour and te	II Ali about the probl	em?
very angry that I didn'	t put my clothes	.when I took them off.
b-away	c-down	d-out
inst thefor a	thletes to take drugs	5.
b-rules	c-rolls	d-roads
h - hulh	c – alasses	d – wire
aiting in at	o book their tickets.	
b – row	c – blow	d – queue
		d-poem
a long time to an	swer the guestions.	
b – auite	c – quiet	d – quick
we have to write the f	irstof the	e poem.
b – poetry	c – verse	d – chapter
		_
		d – unfair
b – literary	c – literature	d – illiteracy
		d) novel
		.,
		d – dig
		a ang
	1 *11	1
de the pupils	homework aga	nin.
		- did
		d – lawyer
rich man was	for money	a lawyer
stole c – hijacl	ked	d – kidnapped
		• •
-	_	
		d – hardly
		_
	=	u.
	u – as	
	rness	d – clearly
		d – tribe
/ hegan to who	n I changed to a loss	e etroeeful inh
	ii i ciialiucu lu a 1653	ว อน ซออเนเ เบม
	b - Gravel st known for his b - poetry someone who writes p b - poet ome, Heba met her frie b-streetme a favour and te b) give very angry that I didn' b-away inst the	b – poet c – novelist me, Heba met her friends yesterday. b-street c-awayme a favour and tell Ali about the proble b) give c) take very angry that I didn't put my clothes b-away c-down met the

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33-I've read one of her books, but I can't remember the	
a – dress b – address c – headline d – title	
34-Aa long written story in which the characters and events are usually imaginary	,
a – hay b – verse c – line d – novel	,
35 The novel which was published last year was a	
a) successful b) successfully c) success d) succeed	
36-Mr Ali is knownhis hard work and mental and physical stamina.	
a) for b) by c) with d) of 37- Every parentto see their children successful in their lives.	
a) locks b) wishes c) becomes d) supposes 38.Our sons are very differenteach other. They are different characters.	
40.I found these CDs verywhen I was learning English.	
a) helpful b) cooperative c) particular d) hopeful	
41.My wife was very angry when she heardmy decision to work abroad.	
a) from b) about c) of d) that	
42.Coffee is probably the most popular drink in the world. The synonym of the word	
"popular" is a) fruitful b) remote c) favoured d) safe	
43.Hehis entire savings on the project but he thinks it is hard to make profit.	
a) adventured b) earned c) gained d) owed	
44. People withskin are more likely to get a sunburn.	
a) dark b) black c) fine d) fair	
45. They came tothe driveway today to make it available for walking.	
a) discover b) gravel c) ease d) prove	
46. I don't go to movies or watch much television, so my knowledge ofculture is somewhat limited.	
a) similar b) infamous c) popular d) unknown 47. Language is a/anfor communicating.	
a) tool b) equipment c) instrument d) machine	
48.The police asked her to the two men who stole her bag.	
a) scribe b) ascribe c) prescribe d) describe	
49 We want to do thingsas we don't want to do the same things.	
a) differently b) different c) difference d) differences 50 The movie deals withsubjects. It isn't allowed for children to watch it.	
a) grown-up b) infant c) aged d) retired 51. The footballer had toafter his injury in his right leg in the match.	
a) hope b) crawl c) run d) hop	
52.Was there anything inthat you wanted to talk about?	
a) particular b) public c) special d) private	
53.I like reading astory every week. I like love stories.	
a) sad b) horrible c) funny d) romantic	
54. It's normal for people to ignore eachin an elevator.	
a) another b) other c) others d) other's	
55.Doctors always advise people that good diet keeps you	
a) health b) healthy c) wealth d) wealthy	
56is long grass that has been cut and dried, often used as food for cattle.	
a) Case b) Plot c) Gravel d) Hay	-
57.You can'tthe word "bring" and "bite".	8
a) rhythm b)harm c) verse d) rhyme	W.
58.We studied much of Ahmed Shawky's classicalwhen we were at school.	5
a) prose b)game c) movie d) poetry	7
59.It's supposed to rain tomorrow. In that we won t go.	

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alcucases blassa alladuantura dikay
a)success b)case c) adventure d)key 60.Ais a person who sails in a ship and attacks other ships in order to steal from them.
a) parrot b) thief c) robber d) pirate
61.Economicshould get more attention in our country.
a) discussions b) choices c) forms d) issues
62.My husband always buys red roses for me on my birthday. How!
a) romantic b) horrible c) funny d) comic
63. Before you resign, you shouldthe effect it will have on your family.
a) choose b) consider c) discuss d) do
64.I always ask my children to put their clothesto keep their room tidy.
a) on b) off c) away d) out
65. As a young man he went off to Africa, looking for
a) adventure b) adventurous c) adventurer d) adventured
66. I bought some new shoes which are very similara pair I had before.
a) for b) at c) to d) of 67. A lot of Naguib Mahfouz's novels were madefilms.
_
a) to b) up c) into d) by 68.In a park, we walk along paths which are covered with
a. gravel b. gravelled c. gravelling d. gravels
69.He went to theto visit his dear father.
70.Most of today's songs have a very fast a. words b. verse c. rhyme d.ryhthm
71a hungry family can be very expensive. a. Failing b. Feeding c. Falling d.Feeling
a. Failing b. Feeding c. Falling d.Feeling 72 Someattacked the ship to steal things from it.
a. pirates b. pilots c. parents d.pioneers 73 She alwaysin front of the mirror.
a. dresses b. wears c. puts on d.takes
·
74.The accused man has the right to have atrial
a) repeated b) broken c) clear d.fair
75.The club arranges social and culturalfor its members.
a) activities b) subjects c) toys d.briefs
76. Hassan gave the police theof his car.
a) solution b) conclusion c)description d.situation
77.Although heto lie in bed, his doctor advised him not to leave it.
a) hopped b) described c) narrated d) hated
78. Families,those with young children, benefit from the health programme.
a) differently b) especially c) excitingly d) fairly
79. The accident left her with threebones in her leg.
a) brief b) repeated c) broken d) exciting
80.Theseshould be available to all pupils to learn them, not just some of them.
a) objects b) subjects c) toys d) activities





l_انعال يأتي بعدها . to + inf

agree يوافق need يوافق need



CB-3					Capping
choose	يختار	refuse	يرفض	wish	يتمنى
decide	يقرر	offer	يعرض	arrange	يرتب
expect	يتوقع	plan	يخطط	threaten	يهدد
hope	يأمل	promise	يعد	intend	ينوى
learn	يتعلم	afford	يتحمل نفقات	disagree	يرفض

Ex: Everyone agreed to meet at the airport.

Ali has decided to study science at university.

I expect to finish my homework later this evening.

They hope to get a job they enjoy doing.

2_ افعال يأتي بعدها فعل مضاف له ing

keep	يحافظ	finish	ينهي	imagine	يتخيل
avoid	يتجنب	practise	يمارس	consider	يعتبر
dislike	يكره	suggest	يقترح	understand	يفهم
enjoy	يستمتع	deny	ينكر	miss	يفقد
admit	يعترف ب	spend	يقضى	prevent	يمنع
mind	يمانع	recommend	يوصى	fancy	يتخيل

Ex: He admitted borrowing my pen without asking me.

he enjoys playing with her grandchildren..

He dislikes sleeping during the day.

3_ أفعال يأتي بعدها .to + inf أو فعل مضاف له ing بدون اختلاف في المعني

Begin = start	يبدا	continue	يستمر
like /love X hate	یعب X یکره	prefer	يفضل

Ex: my brother began to work / working as a teacher 5 years ago.

We like to watch / watching tennis.

I hate to get /getting water in my eyes.

إذا استخدمنا would قبل الأفعال (like /love/prefer) فانه يأتي بعدها .to + inf

Ex: I'd like to finish my work early today.

I'd prefer to drink coffee.

I'd love to go for a swim this evening.

4 - -أفعال يأتي بعدها (to+ inf)أو (v.+ing) مع وجود إختلاف في المعني

هذه الأفعال إذا جاء بعدها (Gerund)تدل على أن الحدث قد انتهى أما إذا جاء بعدها (to +inf.) فتدل على أن الحدث لم يتم بعد

remember + (to + inf.)	يتذكر أن يفعل شيئاً ما ثم يفعله			
remember + (v. + ing)	يتذكر أنه قد فعل شيئاً ما في الماضي			
Ex- When I was young, I remember visiting my grandmother every week I love my grandmother. I remember to visit her every week.				
stop + (to + inf.)	يتوقف لغرض (لكي يفعل شيء ما)			
stop + (v. + ing)	يتوقف عن فعل شيء لفترة قصيرة أو بصفة دائمة			
Ex- He stopped to listen to music = He stopped what he was doing to listen to music. He stopped listening to music. = He didn't listen to music any more.				
forget + (to + inf.)	ينسى أن يفعل شيء ما (أي لم يفعل الشيء)			

(4)	G X 35
forget + (v. + ing)	ينسى أنه فعل شيءٍ ما (أي أنه فعل الشيء)
He forgot to lock the door =	.He didn't lock it.
He <u>forgot locking</u> the door. = He	locked it but couldn't remember.
try + (to + inf.)	يُحاول (يبذل مجهود لكي يفعل شيء ما) لا يصل او يفشل
4	يُجرب شيءِ ما , وسيري ما سوف يحدث
try + (v. + ing)	
I <u>tried to buy</u> some medicine, but the chemist I had a headache, so I <u>tried taking</u> some medicine.	was closed.
I <u>tried to buy</u> some medicine, but the chemist	was closed.
I <u>tried to buy</u> some medicine, but the chemist I had a headache, so I <u>tried taking</u> some medi	was closed. cine.

5 - استخدام v + ing في هذه التعبيرات

take to	يعتاد علي	object to	يعارض
be used to	معتاد	look forward to	يتطلع إلي
be accustomed to	معتاد	due to	بسبب
get used to	يعتاد علي	in addition to	بالإضافة إلى
owing to	بسبب	thanks to	بفضل

Ex: He is used to getting up early.

→ He took to watching TV at night...

→I look forward to / am used to spending the holidays in Sharm.

6- استخدام فعل مضاف له ing بعد هذه التعبيرات

be busy	مشغول	Be worth	يستحق
have difficulty (in)	يجد صعوبة في	How /what about	ماذا عن
It's no good = It's no use	لا فائدة من	It's a waste of time	مضيعة للوقت
Can't stand /can't bear	لا يحتمل	Feel like	يود/ يريد
Can't help/can't stop	لا اقاوم (احب)	It's fun	منالمتع

- →It's no good / no use wasting time.
- →I feel like / can't help eating sweets
- → How about looking at that festival for our project?.

1. I expect	my driving test v	vhen I take it next year.	
•	b- to pass	c- passing ´	d- to passing
2. Ì really	to very loud musi-	c in public places.	-
a) disagree	b) argue	c) can't stand	d) object
3. My friend sugges	sted for a	a picnic in the park.	
a) go	b) to go	c) going	d) goes
4. We're planning	to Europe	e for our holiday next year.	, •
a) flying	b) to fly	c) fly	d) to flying
5-Thousands of pe	ople enjoy	at the sculptures	
a) looking	b) look	c) to look	d) looks
6- I remember	a TV pro	gramme about this topic	•
a) watch	b) to watch	c) watching	d) watches
7-I really want	one of t	these festivals	
	a- pass 2. I really	a- pass b- to pass 2. I really to very loud musi a) disagree b) argue 3. My friend suggested for a a) go b) to go 4. We're planning to Europe a) flying b) to fly 5-Thousands of people enjoy a) looking b) look 6- I remember a TV pro a) watch b) to watch	a- pass b- to pass c- passing 2. I really to very loud music in public places. a) disagree b) argue c) can't stand 3. My friend suggested for a picnic in the park. a) go b) to go c) going 4. We're planning to Europe for our holiday next year. a) flying b) to fly c) fly 5-Thousands of people enjoy at the sculptures a) looking b) look c) to look 6- I remember

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¥3.2		135
a) seeing b) see c) 8-1'll suggestto Sham El Nessim fe	sees d) to see	
a) going b) to go c) 9- When the children stopped, every	goes d) go	3/1
a- to sing b-sing c-	to singing d-singing	g
a-visit b-would visit c-	to visit d-visiting	g
10-They expect thousands of people Sa a-visit b-would visit c- 11-my teacher promisedme. a-visit b-would visit	c-to visit d-visiting	
12- My parents suggested to the thea a) going b) to go 13- I really want to Hong Kong for the Ch	ue.	
a) go b) to go	c) going d) to go	
14-I've arrangedto the theatre with my f a) go b) to go 15-I'm looking forwardto a good uni a) go b) to go 16-he admittedthat mistake.	amily. c) going d) to g	going
a) go b) to go 16-he admittedthat mistake.	c) going d) to g	going
a-making b-make	c-made d-to m	ake
a-making b-make 17-I stoppeda newspaper. I stopped in a-buying b-to buy 18- It's no good	c-be bought d-buy	1
a ate b to eating c eat	ing d eat	
19- I can't help when I speak with my little a to laugh b laugh c to I		
a to laugh b laugh c to l 20-l am used tothe holidays in sl a-spend b-spent	c-enandina d-en	ande
21-I regretto the cinema. it was not a very a-to go b-to be gone 22- How aboutat that festival for	/ good film. c-gone d-goin	ıg
22- How aboutat that festival for a-look b-to look	our project? c-looking d-looked	
23-If I were you, I'd avoidinto the city	during the festival. c-travels d-travellir	าต
a-travel b-to travel 24-Their teacher is used to student a-helps b-helping	s with their homework c-help d-be he	· ·
25-On my first day at school, I remember	into the classroom and seeing	g my teacher.
26-If you can't remember an English word, try	it up in the dictionary	
27-I tried some medicine, but the	chemist was closed	
a- to buy b- buying 28- I had a headache , so I triedsome a- to take b- taking c- to	medicine. talking d- takes	
29- He found the film quite frightening, so he sto a to watch b watched c watch	pped it.	
30 We don't have any bread because Ali forgot a buying b to buy	some from the baker's.	
31 It was strange in England because we were no	ot used topeople cars on th	ne left.
a drive b drove c t 32- Shaimaa stoppedchildren's books	s when she went to secondary s	school.
a reading b to read c rea 33- Do you remember at that hote	el? It was very comfortable. taying d stay	*K
a staying b to stay c to st 34- Maya admitteda mistake and sai	d, "Sorry."	
a making b to make c ma 35-1 regret that book. It's not very goo	ake d with makin od. uy d to buying	19
36 On my way to school, my father stopped	a newspaper.	- 3
a to buy b buying c b	ouy d bought	

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37 Karim admitted the plate and said he was sorry.	
37 Karim admitted the plate and said he was sorry. a breaking b to break c to breaking d break	C
38- I regret that we can't go to the science museum next week. There a	are no more tickets
a saying b said c to say d have said 39I regret	t
39I regret my lessons. I got really bad marks.	
a) to neglecting b) to neglect c) neglecting d) ne	glects
40.1 regret that you have falled your exams.	
a) to telling b) to tell c) telling d) told 41. I'm sorry. I forgot the light off before going to bed.	
a. had turned b. to turn c. turning d. to be tu	rned
a. had turned b. to turn c. turning d. to be tu 42- I triedmy computer. But I couldn't a-fixing b-fixed c-to fix d-to fi 43.Suddenly everyone stopped There was silence.	
a-fixing b-fixed c-to fix d-to fi	xing
43.Suddenly everyone stopped There was silence.	· ·
a) talk b) talking c) to talk d) talked 44.I triedhim, but he had already left. a) stopping b) stopped c) stop d) to stop	
44.I tried him, but he had already left.	
a) stopping b) stopped c) stop d) to stop) . (
45-I regret you that Nabil will not be joining the team. I know you wan	itea nim with us.
a) telling b) to tell c) have told d) am tell 46-I forgot	lling
a) phoned h) to phone c) to phoning d)	nhone
47.I am looking forwarda well known club when I grow up.	prioric
a) to join b) for joining c) to have joined d) t	o ioinina
48 I was always encouraged well before exams	
a) revise b) to revise c) revising d) to 49- Although my question was easy, he refused it. a) answering b) for answering c) to answer d) answer	revisina
49- Although my guestion was easy, he refused it.	TOVISHING
a) answering b) for answering c) to answer d) answer	er
50-The naught boy promised the school principlewell in class.2018	
a. behaving b. to behave c. behave d. to be behave	d
51-Dalia always remembersa comic for her niece when she visits her siste	r.
a buying b to buy c buy d to buying	
52 My cousin spends a lot of time photos on the internet.	
a buying b to buy c buy d to buying 52 My cousin spends a lot of timephotos on the internet. A post B posted C posting D posts 53 I really regret	
a buying b to buy c buy d to buying	i e
54. My friend suggeststhe midyear holiday in Luxor.	•
a. will spend b.to spend c.spending d.spend	
55. Wemixing with bad friends because of their terrible behaviour.	
a. prefer b.wouldn't like to c. fail d. avoid	
56. Would you likethe summer holiday with us in Port Said?	
a. to spending b. spend c.spending d.to spend	
57. Would you mindme your camera?	
a. lend b.lending c.to lend d.in lending	
58. The old man threatenedour parents if we don't stop making noise.	
a. inform b.to informing c. to inform d.would inform	
59.Many people in our town objectedthe new bridge.	
a) to build b) to building c) build dl building	
60.I can't standfor a long time as my back hurts me.	
a) sitting b) to sitting c) to sit d)sit	227411
7, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7,	36 K

©Translation

(A) Translate into Arabic:

1- poetry is known to be the language of feelings. it addresses our emotions and takes us to worlds of beauty and affection



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(A)	
2- Science fiction is usually a serious another world	attempt to write about how life will be like in the future or in
the advancement of their country	tive role in all aspects of life and contribute greatly to
4 Wedding ceremonies are importa from one country to another.	ant occasions in every country. Wedding traditions differ
5- Science has rendered valuable serv after his the space conquest	rices to humanity. Man has been able to reach the moon
6- Festivals create an atmosphere of embrace one another in a bond of lo	f friendship as they teach us to forget our enmity and ve.
(B) Translate only into English:	1_ إن قراءة الأدب العالمي تجعل القارئ ملمًا بثقافات عديدة تفيده في الحياة
الأكسجين	2 من الصعب التنفس على ارتضاع كبيـر من سطح البحـر بسبب انخفـاض كميـة ا
ها أكثر أمنا وأكثر راحة	3 يستخدم الكثير من الناس بطاقات الائتمان لشراء السلع والخدمات لأن
ئي الدول النامية.	4_ يعتقد بعض العلماء أن الطعام المعدل وراثيا هو الحل الوحيد لمشكلة نقص الغذاء ف
والعيشة	5_ ينبغيَ على المصريين شراء المنتجات المحلّية الصنع لكى نقلل الواردات ونرفع مستوى
	6 <u>ـ توسع قصص الخيال العلمي المدارك كما أنها تجدد المعلومات وتثرى المعرفة.</u>

a) work

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Mini Test

1 Most of Na	auih Mahfauz'e na	vels have beenin	to films
	_		
a) made	b) done	c)had	d.looked
2. He kept the	e gravel walk: in t	his sentence, walk " re	efers to
a) a path	b) a trip	c} a movent	d)a journey
		different forms of w	
a) literature	b) illiteracy	c) literary	d) literacy
4. It is polite	to say"please"whe	n youa request.	
a) give	b) take	c) do	d)make
5. I was,	a great favour whe	en she gave me the mo	ney I needed.
a) done	b) stayed	c dug	d)made
6. Many wild	animals can't adap	ot toin the zoo.	
a) lives	b) live	c) living	d)lived
7. I regret	this old car as it	breaks down a lot.	
a) to buy	b) buy	c) to buying	buying
8. My classm	ate was sorry beca	ause he forgotback	the pen he borrowed.
a) bringing	b) to be bringing	c) to bring	d) being brought
9. The headm	naster doesn't allov	wto school late.	
a) to come	b) coming	c. came	d) with coming
10.Civil engir	neers get used to	in the sun.	

c works

2 Read the following passage, then answer the guestions:

b) working

When you cut your skin, you bleed. Everyone knows that. If a person loses a great deal of blood, he will become ill and may die. At one time people drank blood to make them strong. When doctors understood how blood went around inside the body, they tried ways of giving blood to people who needed it. They used a rubber tube to take blood from healthy people and give it to people who needed it. This is called blood transfusion. The blood went through a rubber tube from the arm of the healthy person into the arm of the sick person. But there were two problems. First it did not always work. Sometimes people died. Later, doctors found the reason for this. We do not all have the same kind of blood. There was another problem. To give blood of the right kind, the doctors had to find a person of the right blood group. Often, they could not find a person in time. If they had a way to keep the blood until someone needed it, they could always have the right kind of blood. In the end, they found a way of keeping blood for a very long time. Now people can give or donate blood every three months, if they want to. The blood is put in bottles and then kept until someone needs it.

d) worked

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1.You when you cut your skin. a) sleep b) bleed c) lead d) breathe 3. Now doctors can keep blood for
- a) 15 minutes b) 20 minutes c) a long time d) a short time
- 4. People don't usually have blood group. a) the same b) different c) alike d) similar
- 5.To give something useful to someone means to
- a) bleed b) transform c) need d) donate
- 5. What is meant by blood transfusion?
- a) giving blood b) getting blood c) shedding blood d) both a and b
- blood varies b) blood is poisoned
- c) blood pressure decreases d) blood is sugary



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Choose the TWO correct answers out of the FIVE options given:

1.	1. The antonyms of the wo	rd " strange "	are		
a)	a) ordinary b) unpop	ular c) sa	afe d) fan	niliar e)unus	sual
2.	2. The synonyms of the wo	rd "especially	/" are		
	a) generally b) intere			l) amazingly	e)mainly
	Choose the correct answ				
	2.My grandfather's garag	e is full of	which he use	s to fix cars.	
	a) barrows b) gra				
	3. There was a power faile				
	a) wax b) su	nlight c)	candlelight	d) highligh	t
	4. Theis a black, re	d or white frui	t or the plants t	that produce it.	
			c)barrow		
	5. Hismistakes make	າ me angry. He	never seems t	to learn from the	m.
	a) enjoyable b) po	pular c)	repeated	d) pleasant	t
	6.This book is a thrilling. a) adventure b) cer	story.			
	a) adventure b) cer	ntury c) puncture	d) creature	•
	7.Technology has .,,	our life easier	and more com	nfortable.	
	a) enjoyed b) mad			d) done	
	8The dried grass used to	feed cattle is.			
			c) high		
	9. The manager wanted r		•		•
	a) give b) come				
	10. I regretto help he				
	a) to promise b) prom			ng d) promis	se
	11.StopYou are giv	ing me a head	ache.		
	a) to shout b) shout				
	12. Most parents rememl				
	a) to take b) take				g
	13.I think it's no good				
	a) staying b) to sta				
	14. Weto take a bre				
	a) denied b) avoid	iea c) i	magined	d) refused	

2.Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

The police find most criminals because somebody tells them who the criminals are. They find other criminals by using science and computers. When there is a bank robbery, the police first look through their computers for the names of bank robbers they know. Then, they go and talk to any of these robbers who are not in Jall.

They ask **them** where they were at the time of the robbery. If any of these people cannot give a good answer, the police often use science to find out if one of them is the robber. Many criminals leave something of themselves at the place of the crime, like dirt or animal hair. If they leave behind some of their blood or a hair or a piece of skin, it will have their DNA inside it.

Everyone's DNA is different in the same way that their fingerprints are different. Therefore, if a criminal cuts himself/herself during a robbery or

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leaves a hair, or even a small piece of skin, scientists can find out what his/ her DNA is. The police can then ask the person they think is the robber to give them one of his/her hairs or some blood and see if it has the same DNA. Many criminals are in jail today because of this kind of evidence

A) Choose the correct ar	swer from a, b, c or d	d:	
1.To find criminals, the p	olice use		
a) computers b) scien	nce c) detectives	d) a, b and c	
2.In case of robbery, the	e police firstly suspec	ct the robbersjail.	
a) outside b) insid	e c) under	d) beside	
		ers for the of robbers.	
a) faces b) names			
4.Everyone's DNA is		,	
a) the same b) similar		ne d) copied	
5.The underlined word	•	, .	
a) the robbers b) the po	lice c) the detective	ves d) the fingerprints	
6.Criminals usually leave	e behind.	, 5 1	
	c) hair	d) evidence	
7.The police find most c			
a) somebody tells them			
b) all police officers and			
c) all criminals are stupic		· monogatoro	
d) police officers aren't t		d notice details	
8.The underlined word "			
a) cleanliness	b) purenes		
c) any substance that ma		33	
d) any substance that ma			
9.The word "evidence" i			
a) proof b) disprove c) c	•		
10.The word "jail" here o			
a) prison b) paradise			
4. Translate the following in		and the former of the bound of a manual former and	
		nem in forced labour is a moral issue and	
a crime against humanity	so all societies sho	ould cooperate to uproot it.	
5. Translate the following in	to English.		
، الوسائل المثلى لتصوير هذه	ت المجتمع وذلك لانه احدى	يمكن للادب ان يلعب دور حيويا في حل الكثير من مشكلان	
	•••	المشكلات والبحث عن حلول لها	
		اعتداد المنظم	
C Write an econy of about ON	LUINDDED AND EIETV	((450) words on the following:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Y (150) words on the following:	
A novel you have read a	nd enjoyed		
#W-23			
)(<u>63)</u>		<u> </u>	1
25"			-
***************************************			1
			5
			400
			9
LA STATE OF THE ST			

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Choose the	TWO correct	answers ou	it of the FI	VE option	s given:	
1.the doctor	asked me to	monitor my g	randfather	because of	of his illness.	The

- 2.They're lucky that nothing was stolen. The antonyms of the word "lucky" are.......
 d) unfortunate e) unspecific c) unfaithful b)unsuccessful a) unwilling

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- 3. Her sincere impression.....us that she was telling the truth.
- a) denied b) realised c) recognised d) persuaded
- 4 The wind is getting stronger. I think there.....a sandstorm.
- a) is being b) will be c) is going to be d) going
- 5.often makes people unreasonable and nervous.
- a) The fear b) Fear c) A fear d) Fears
- 6. The accident was a direct of the driver's carelessness.
- a-result b- cause c-reason d- purpose
- 7. Students need to realize that there is abetween education and their future.

d) collection

- a) communication b) contact c) connection 8. In some places, wood to heat people's homes.
- a) are burnt b) burns c) burnt d) is burnt
- 9. The severe drought has......crops throughout the area.
- a) interpreted b) developed c) died d) endangered
- 10. In the film, there is a....on a ship and the captain has to hide.
- a. crutch b. pirates c. harbour d. mutiny
- 11. We must buy some milk. We hardly have.....left.
- a- many b- any c- some d- much
- 12.We all should defend the victims of......in our schools.
- a) rucksack b) bullying c) gravel d) conservationists
- 13. Many people in our town objected..... the new bridge.
- a) to build b) to building c) building d) built
- 14.Bacteria from the canal......the disease since last week.
 - a) has caused b) have caused c) was caused d) caused

2) Read the following passage, then answer the questions:-

People think that children should play sports. Playing sports is fun. However, it can have negative effects on children. It may produce aggressive behavior in some children. According to research, 40 million kids play sports in the US. Of these, 18 million say they have been yelled at or called names while playing sports. This leaves many children with a bad impression of sports. They think sports are just aggressive. Many researchers believe that parents and coaches are the main cause of too much aggression in children's sports. They believe children copy aggressive adult behavior. Parents and coaches are powerful teachers because children usually look up to them. Often these adults themselves behave aggressively, sending children the message that winning is everything. At children's sporting events, parents may yell insults at other players or cheer when their child behaves aggressively.

As well, children may be taught that hurting other players is acceptable. In addition, the media makes violence seem exciting. Children watch adult sports games and see violent behavior replayed over and over on television.

As a society, we really need to face up to this problem and do something about it.

Parents and coaches should act as better examples for children. They also need to teach children better values. They should teach children to enjoy themselves whether they win or not. If we make some basic changes, children might learn to enjoy

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sports again.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1. What is the main idea of the passage?
 - a) Children often become like their parents.
 - b) Children need to play sports in school.
 - c) Playing sports may have negative results.
 - d) Some sports can cause health problems.
- 2. Which is described as the main cause of more aggressive playing?
 - b) Naughty children c) New rules in sports a) Adults
- d) Other players

- **3**. What does the writer suggest?
 - a) Violent sports should not be shown on TV.
- b) Children should not play sports.
- c) Coaches study child psychology.
 - d) Adults should be good examples for children.
- 4. According to the article, the underlined expression "called names" means
 - a) their names are said in a loud voice.
- b) their names are whispered to others.
- c) to be described using bad words.
- d) to be excluded from the team list.
- 5. The word "aggressive" in bold means
 - a) hostile b) shy c) studious d) cooperative
- 6. The antonym for the phrasal verb "look up to" in bold is
 - a) disdain b) contempt c) honour d) scorn
- 7. The best title for the passage is "....."
- a) The importance of sports b) The other side of sports
- c) Sports are fun d) The advantages of sports
- 8. The pronoun "they" in bold refers to
 - a) parents b) children c) both a and b d) children

. Translate the following into Arabic.	
od shortage is one of the most serious problems threatening the world and caus	
many countries. All people should work hard to find solutions for this serious pro	obiem
	•••••
. Translate the following into English.	
ة المصرية متمثلة في وزارة الصحة الاهتمام بتطوير المؤسسات الطبية لكي تتمكن من مواجهة اي خطر في	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	لستقبل
5. Write an essay of about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY (150) words on the following:	
- Keeping the environment clean is the responsibility of everyone.	



a) pirate

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d) magistrate



Choose the TWO	parract answers	out of the FIVE	ontions given	
1.the doctor asked				Tho
synonyms of" mor			Lause of this illitess	. THE
a. observe b.s			d collect	o watch
2.They're lucky tha				
d) unfortunate				ui a) unwiiing
Choose the corr				
			sked for a large rar	nsom.
	idnap c) hijack d			_
			tory. They were ve	
a) forced	b) dared	c) mad	de	d) caused species of animals.
				species of animals.
	b) dangerously			
				ect our monuments
	wdedness c) sus			
			harities for the sa	ke of people in need.
,	ploit c) waste	•		
J	ple will live in			
A the	Ва	C	an Di	no article
9- English , an int	ternational langua	ge,	by millions of pe	ople worldwide.
	b) is speaking		d) is spoken	
10 He has just de	ecided that he	this club.		
a) is joining	b) will join	c) is going	to join	d) would join
11. Aithough i am	i trying to make a	alet, i can't neip	cnocola	ate.
a) eating	b) to eat	c) to	eating	d) eat
12- Nesma	late when	she was young.	She is no longer n	ow.
a) usually slee	ps b) is used to	sleeping		
	p d) was usuall			
			d as I	.my leg
	n b) had broken			
14.the	decided that the	e man was inno	cent and set him fro	ee

2) Read the following passage, then answer the questions :-

Before my uncle became a tour guide, he had been a sales assistant at a shop in London. That is where he learned to speak a good English. He had also worked as a flight attendant. He said that it was very tiring. So he took a course to become a tour guide.

c) lawyer

However, he thinks that his job is changing. He already has to write a blog about what he does everyday. He thinks that in the future, all tourists will have **digital** devices that can tell **them** about the places they visit. He thinks that they won't need tour guides, he would apply to work for the company that made digital devices for tourists.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:-

b) sailor

1- In the future, who or what will help tourists to know about the places they are visiting?

			amed Fa	V V Z/1	W.
(0)					32 (5
到了 多了。	a) tour guides	b) Flight attenda	nto		
100	,	es d) Nothing w			1
	2- Why is the uncl				
	a) Because he c	annot do the job	well		
		hinks that he will			
	,	akes him miserab			
	3- How will digital	devices very tirir	_	2	
		e them some mo		•	
		ke them enjoy div			
	-	o them bring thei	_		
		them about the p			
	5- The best title fo			"	
		makes us happy	ofwork		
	c) Technology f	affects the world	OI WOIK		
	,	makes things go	fast		
	6- The synonym fo				
		ustomer c) stew			
	7- The antonym fo				
			nical d) electronic		
		word "them" in t es c) devices d		refers to	••
	a) jobs b) place	es c/uevices u) tourists		
. Transl	ate the following in	nto Arabic.			
llegal im	ımigration is a very	dangerous thing		he death of youth a	nd the
lestructi	on of their dreams	and their familie	s' hopes in them		
•••••					
. Transi	ate the following in		جب أن تكون أبضًا طر	ظيفة مجرد مصدر للمال. ي	عف أن تكون الوخ
	المهرا محديد مو		,		بسی بن مستون بسود بر علی وظیف ة فی ه
				بردن مستمع بد	
	to an ossay of about	ONE HUNDRED A	ND FIFTY (150) wor	ds on the following:	
5. Wri	le all essay of about	advantages of me	odern technology		
5. Wri	dvantages and disa				
5. Wri	dvantages and dis				
5. Wri	dvantages and dis				